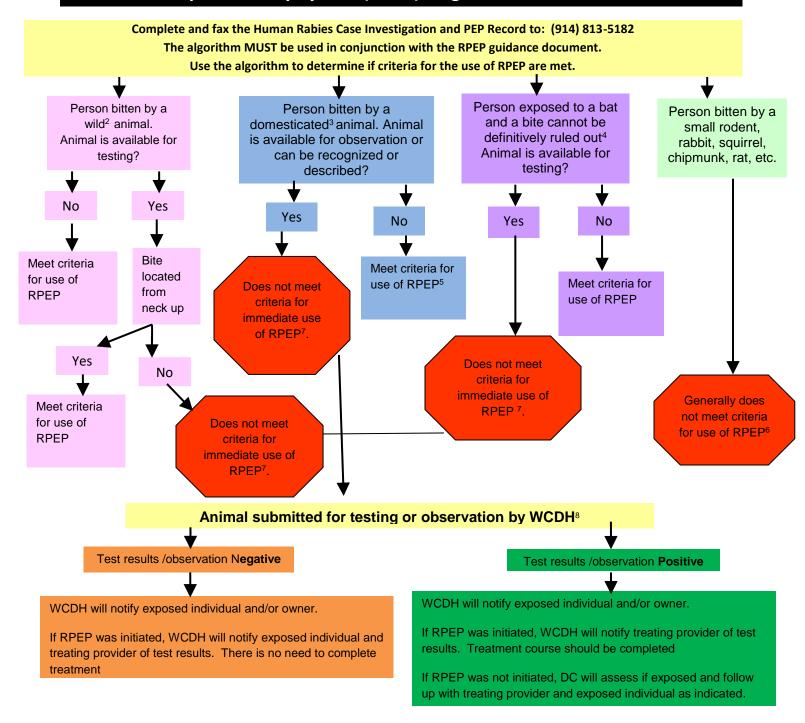
## Rabies Post Exposure Prophylaxis (RPEP) Algorithm (Modified)



## **Footnotes**

- 1. Refer to hospital pharmacist, package insert, or CDC website for dosing instructions.
- 2. Wild animals with the highest rabies incidence include raccoons, bats, skunks and foxes.
- 3. Domesticated animals: dogs, cats, ferrets, horses, donkeys, mules, cattle, sheep, goats and pigs.
- 4. This includes situations where a bat is found **in the same room** as a sleeping person, unattended child, intoxicated or mentally compromised person.
- **5.** General recommendation is to locate the animal for observation on the 10<sup>th</sup> day. If the exposed individual indicates that they would not be able to recognize the animal, RPEP can be used.
- 6. For unusual circumstances, contact the WCDH.
- 7. Immediate use of RPEP is not indicated. The decision to use RPEP is deferred pending the outcome of observation/testing.
- 8. See Rabies PEP Guidance for Medical Providers

\*See NYSDOH Rabies PEP Guidance and this algorithm posted on the WCDH website under After Hours for additional information.