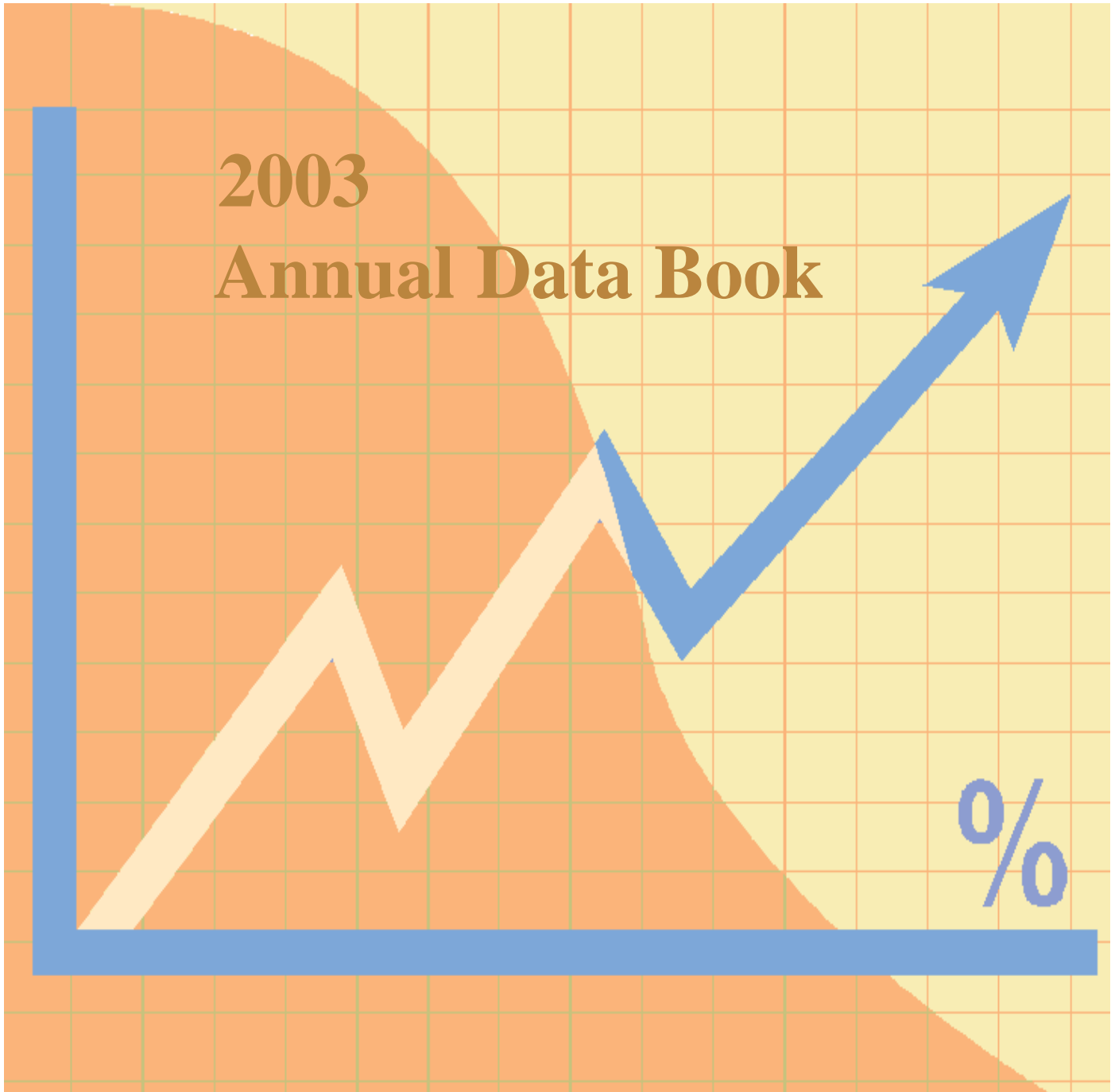


Andrew J. Spano, Westchester County Executive
County Board of Legislators



DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
Joshua Lipsman, M.D., M.P.H., Commissioner

**COUNTY OF WESTCHESTER
ANDREW J. SPANO
COUNTY EXECUTIVE**

**DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
ANNUAL DATA BOOK
2003**

**JOSHUA LIPSMAN, M.D., M.P.H.
COMMISSIONER OF HEALTH
WESTCHESTER COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
145 HUGUENOT STREET – 8TH FLOOR
NEW ROCHELLE, NY 10801**

**For questions, please contact the Department's Planning and Evaluation Unit:
Phone: (914) 813-5100**

Westchester County Department of Health

Mission Statement

The mission of the Westchester County Department of Health is to promote health, prevent disease and prolong meaningful life for Westchester residents.

The Commissioner of Health is vested with all of the powers and duties necessary under the mandates of the New York State Public Health Law to

- monitor and control the spread of communicable disease,
- monitor and regulate air and water quality,
- enforce the state and local sanitary code,
- promote and ensure local public health activities and
- assure the availability of community health services.

Foreword

The Annual Data Book 2003 contains community demographic and health data that are valuable for describing the health and well being of Westchester County residents. In addition, it includes information on services delivered by the Department of Health. The data book contains four major sections. The first section provides summary profiles for the county and each of the six health planning regions, along with narrative highlights. The second section describes the general demographic and health status of the county in details with illustrative figures and maps. The third section contains the detailed statistic tables used in the databook. The last section provide information on data sources, definitions, data analysis methods, disease codes, and other information on Westchester County hospitals, nursing homes, and Health Department district offices and personnel.

The following are the principal areas contained in the data book:

For 2002,

- Births and Pregnancies, including the numbers of births, birth rates, and demographic characteristics of mothers.
- Deaths, including the numbers of deaths, death rates, leading causes of death and demographic characteristics.
- Hospitalizations, including number of hospital discharges, average length of stay, type of services received, primary diagnosis for hospitalization, and demographic characteristics of patients.

For 2003,

- Demographics, including population figures and social economic characteristics.
- Communicable Diseases, including the number of communicable diseases reported to the Westchester County Department of Health.
- Community Health Program, including information on the Lead Poisoning Prevention Program and the activities of the Department of Health's community clinics.
- Environmental Health Program, including information on inspections conducted.
- Services for Children with Special Needs.
- Child Health Plus Enrollment.

Westchester County Municipalities

Health Planning Region and Municipality ¹	Code ²
Northwest	
Cortlandt Town	T
Buchanan Village	V
Croton-on-Hudson Village	V
Cortlandt Unincorporated	TOV
Mount Pleasant Town	T
Briarcliff Manor Village (Mount Pleasant Part) ²	V
Pleasantville Village	V
Sleepy Hollow Village	V
Mount Pleasant Unincorporated	TOV
Ossining Town	T
Briarcliff Manor Village (Ossining Part) ²	V
Ossining Village	V
Ossining Unincorporated	TOV
Peekskill	C
Northeast	
Bedford Town	T
Lewisboro Town	T
Mount Kisco Town/Village	T/V
New Castle Town	T
North Castle Town	T
North Salem Town	T
Pound Ridge Town	T
Somers Town	T
Yorktown Town	T
West Central	
Greenburgh Town	T
Ardsley Village	V
Dobbs Ferry Village	V
Elmsford Village	V
Hastings-on-Hudson Village	V
Irvington Village	V
Tarrytown Village	V
Greenburgh Unincorporated	TOV
Scarsdale Town/Village	T/V
White Plains	C

Health Planning Region and Municipality¹	Code²
East Central	
Harrison Town/Village	T/V
Mamaroneck Town	T
Larchmont Village	V
Mamaroneck Village (Mamaroneck Part) ³	V
Mamaroneck Unincorporated	TOV
Rye City	C
Rye Town	T
Mamaroneck Village (Rye Part) ³	V
Port Chester Village	V
Rye Brook Village	V
Southwest	
Yonkers	C
Southeast	
Eastchester Town	T
Bronxville Village	V
Tuckahoe Village	V
Eastchester Unincorporated	TOV
Mount Vernon	C
New Rochelle	C
Pelham Town	T
Pelham Village	V
Pelham Manor Village	V

¹ For regional planning purposes, municipalities are grouped into six geographic health planning regions.

² A town may or may not include incorporated villages located within the town boundary. When it does not include any incorporated villages within the town boundary, the statistics refer to the town as a whole (T). When it does include incorporated villages within its boundary, the statistics refer to the unincorporated area within the town boundary (TOV). The entities of Harrison, Mount Kisco, and Scarsdale are both towns and villages (V/T). The land in two towns, Pelham and Rye, has all been incorporated into separated villages. Therefore, no data are reported for these two towns.

³ The Village of Briarcliff Manor and the Village of Mamaroneck are split between two towns. Briarcliff Manor is within the Town of Ossining (92% of its surface area and 91% of its population) and the Town of Mount Pleasant (8% of its surface area and 9% of its population). The Village of Mamaroneck is within the Town of Mamaroneck (66% of its surface area and 60% of its population) and the Town of Rye (35% of its surface area and 40% of its population).

MUNICIPALITIES AND HEALTH PLANNING REGIONS WESTCHESTER COUNTY

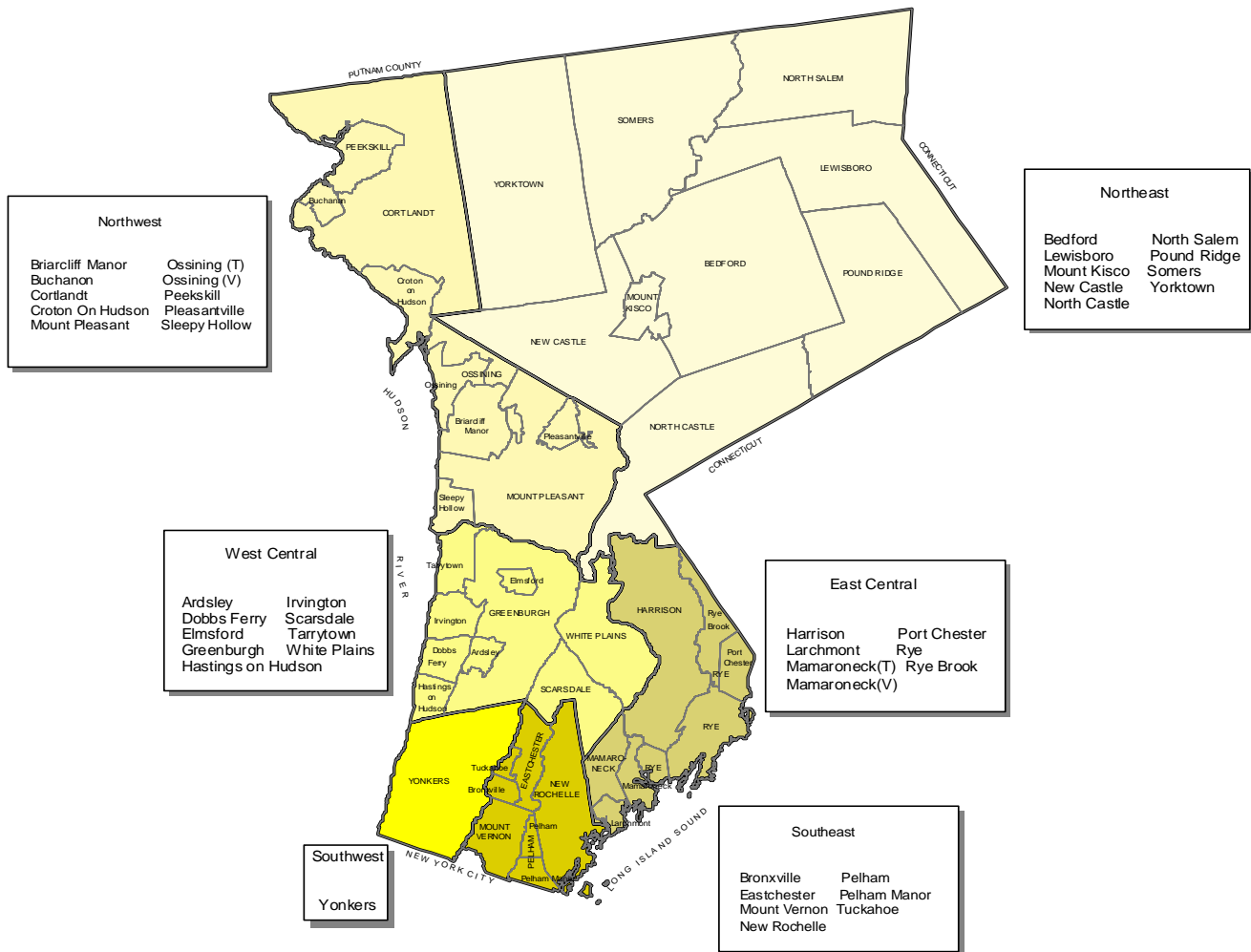


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**Westchester County and
Health Planning Region (HPR) Profiles**

Introduction

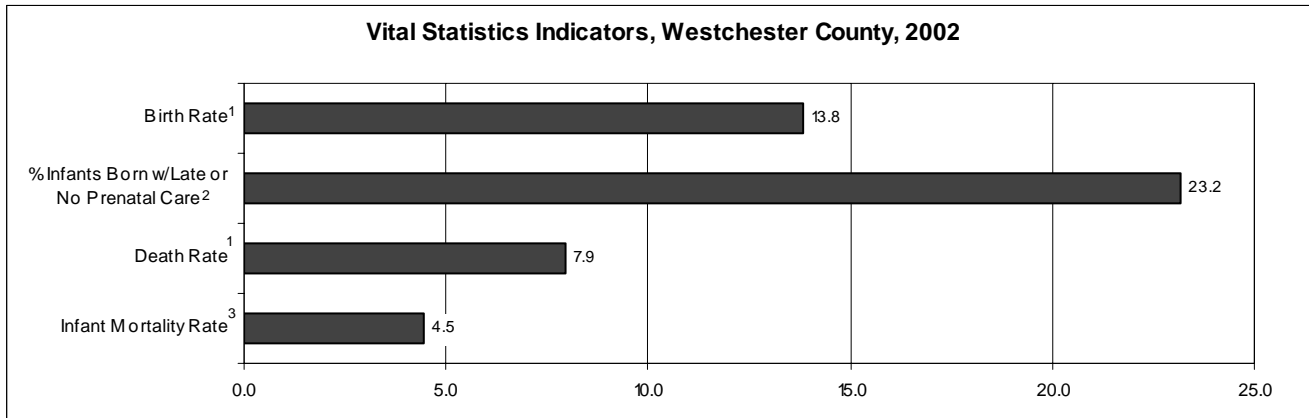
The profile of Westchester County offers a summary of the county's basic vital statistics in 2002 and presents the rates of selected reportable diseases that have the highest number of reported cases in the county in 2003.

Following the County profile is a profile for each of the six Health Planning Regions (HPRs). Each HPR profile includes the same indicators contained in the County profile. The HPR profile compares each HPR indicator with the countywide figure. The data are all presented as a ratio (HPR indicator value/county indicator value). A ratio greater than 1.00 means that the specific indicator is above the overall county figure and a ratio less than 1.00 means that the specific indicator is below the overall county figure. These differences may or may not be significantly different. Significance tests were performed for all the indicators presented in the profiles. Only statistically significant differences, defined as a p-value less than .05 ($p < 0.05$) are highlighted as bulleted points in the narrative section of the profile unless noted otherwise.

Westchester County

2002 Vital Statistics

- A total of 12,763 infants were born to Westchester County residents in 2002. The birth rate in the year 2002 was 13.8 per 1,000 persons.
- About a quarter of the infants were born to women who delayed or sought no prenatal care.
- The death rate was 7.9 per 1,000 persons.
- The infant mortality rate was 4.5 per 1,000 live births.



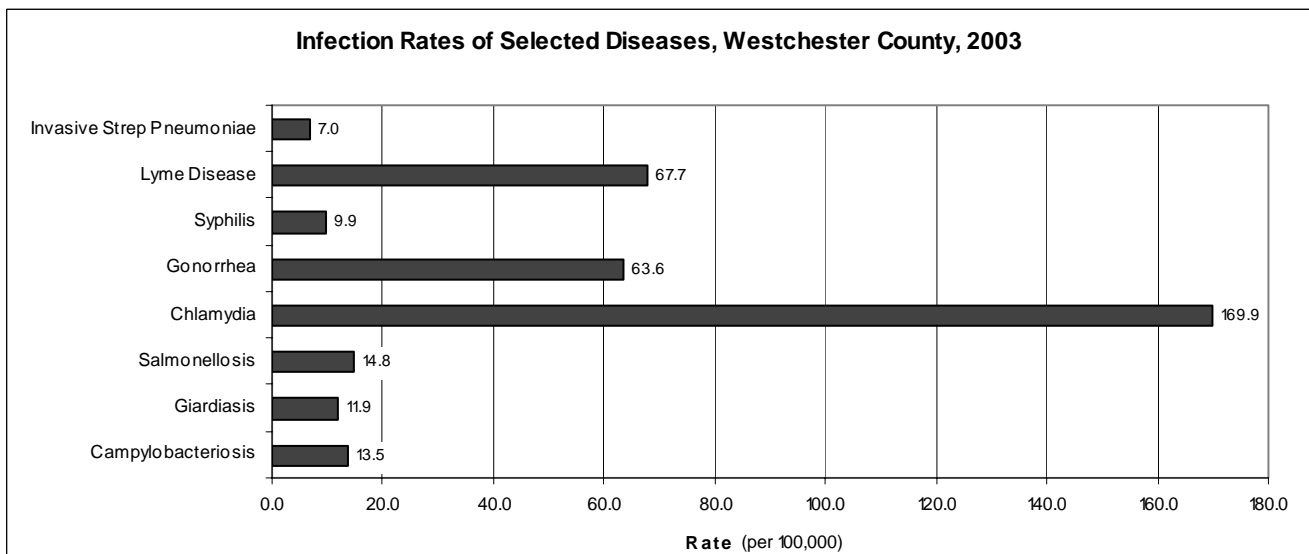
¹Per 1,000 population

²Late prenatal care is defined as starting the prenatal care during the 2nd or 3rd trimester.

³Per 1,000 live births

2003 Selected Reportable Diseases

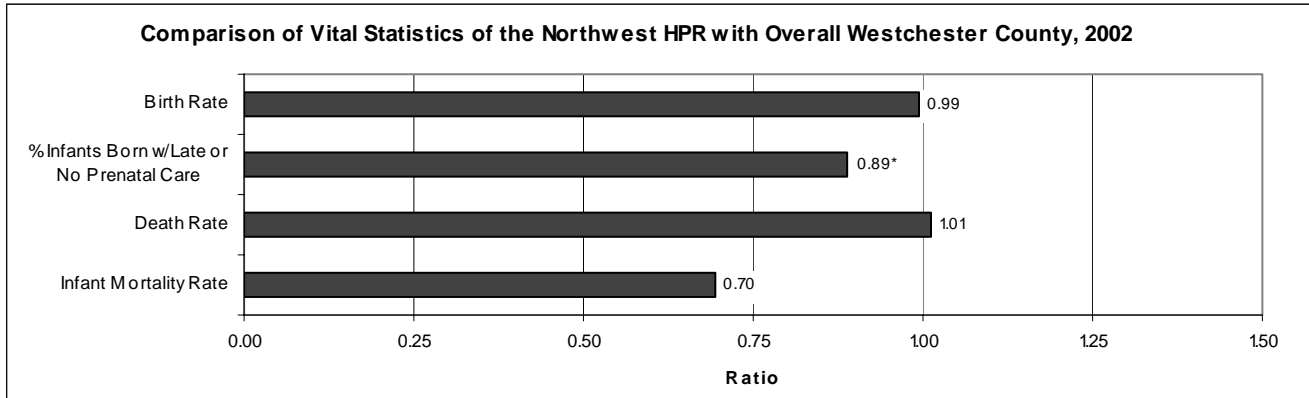
- For sexually transmitted diseases, the infection rates for Syphilis, Gonorrhea, and Chlamydia among Westchester County residents were 9.9, 63.6, and 169.9 per 100,000 persons.
- For vector-borne diseases, the infection rate of Lyme disease was 67.7 per 100,000 persons and there were no reported cases of Ehrlichiosis in 2003.
- For enteric infections, the rates of Campylobacteriosis, Giardiasis, and Salmonellosis were 13.5, 11.9, and 14.8 per 100,000 persons, respectively.



Northwest Health Planning Region

2002 Vital Statistics

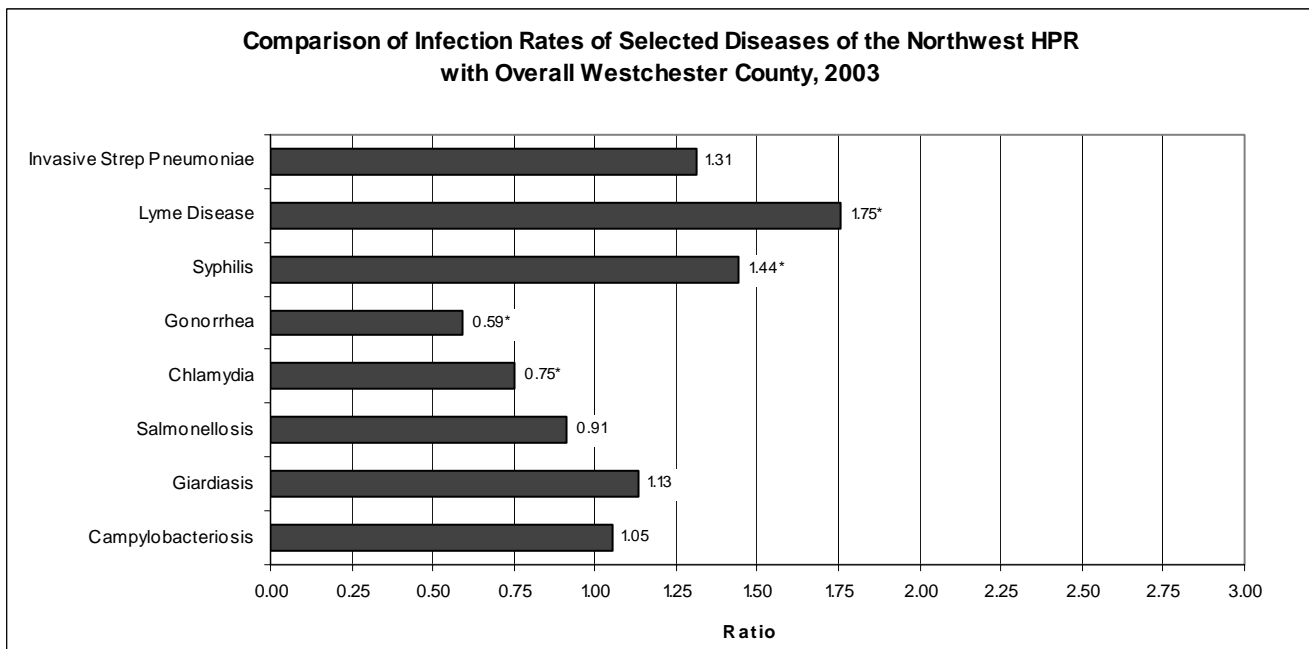
- The percentage of infants born to women who delayed or sought no prenatal care was lower than the overall county percentage (20.6% vs. 23.2%).
- The infant mortality rate was 30% lower than that of the overall county rate (3.1 vs. 4.5 per 1,000 births). However, the difference is not statistically significant.



*p<0.05

2003 Selected Reportable Diseases

- The infection rate of Invasive Strep Pneumoniae was 31% higher than the overall county rate, but the difference was not statistically significant.
- The infection rate of Lyme disease was 75% higher than that of the overall county (118.7 vs. 67.7 per 100,000).
- The infection rates of Gonorrhea and Chlamydia were lower than the overall county rates (37.7 vs. 63.6 per 100,000 and 128.0 vs. 169.9 per 100,000, respectively). In contrast, the infection rate of Syphilis was 44% higher than the overall county rate.

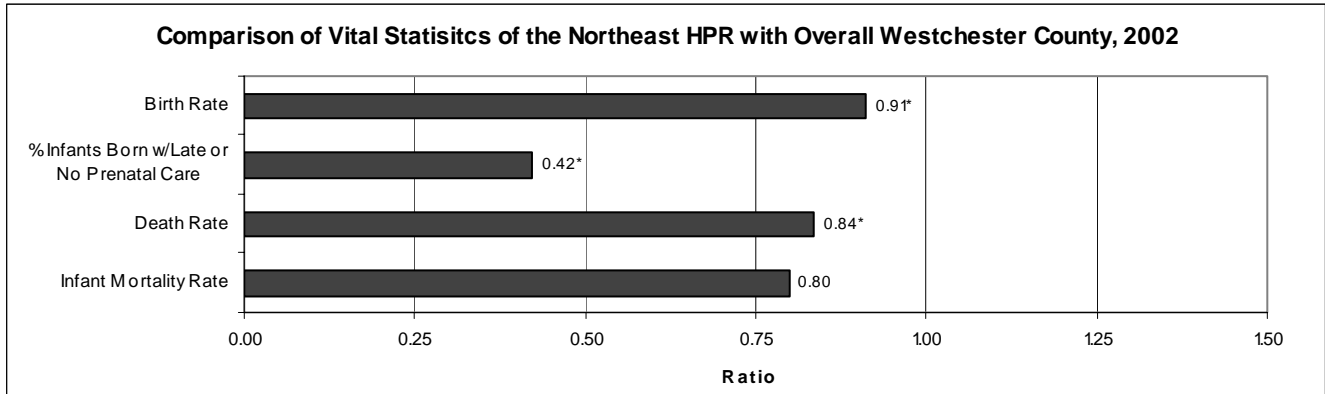


*p<0.05

Northeast Health Planning Region

2002 Vital Statistics

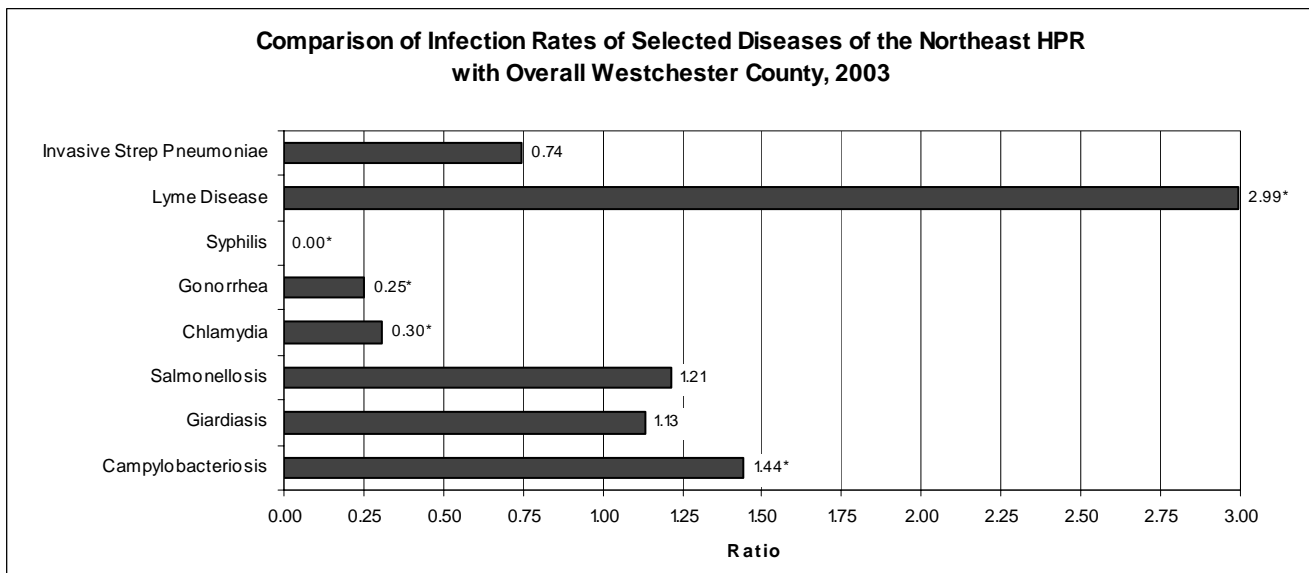
- The birth rate (12.6 per 1,000) was lower than the county average (13.8 per 1,000).
- The percentage of infants born to women who delayed or sought no prenatal care was less than the countywide figure (9.8% vs. 23.2%).
- The death rate (6.6 per 1,000) was 16% lower than the overall county (7.9 per 1,000).



*p<0.05

2003 Selected Reportable Diseases

- The infection rate of Invasive Strep Pneumoniae was 26% lower than the countywide figure, but the difference is not statistically significant.
- The infection rate Lyme disease was higher in the Northeast HPR than the overall county rate (202.5 vs. 67.7 per 100,000).
- There were no reported cases of Syphilis. The infection rates of Gonorrhea and Chlamydia were lower than the overall county rates (15.7 vs. 63.6 per 100,000 and 51.7 vs. 169.9 per 100,000, respectively).
- The infection rate of Salmonellosis was 21% higher than the overall county rate but the difference is not statistically significant. The infection rate of Campylobacteriosis (19.5 per 100,000) was 44% higher than the countywide figure (13.5 per 100,000).

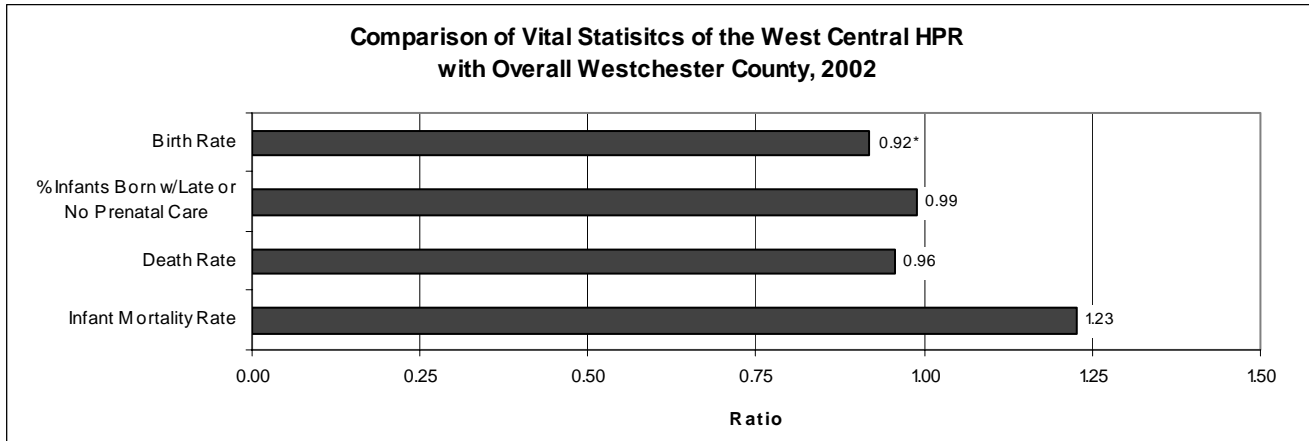


*p<0.05

West Central Health Planning Region

2002 Vital Statistics

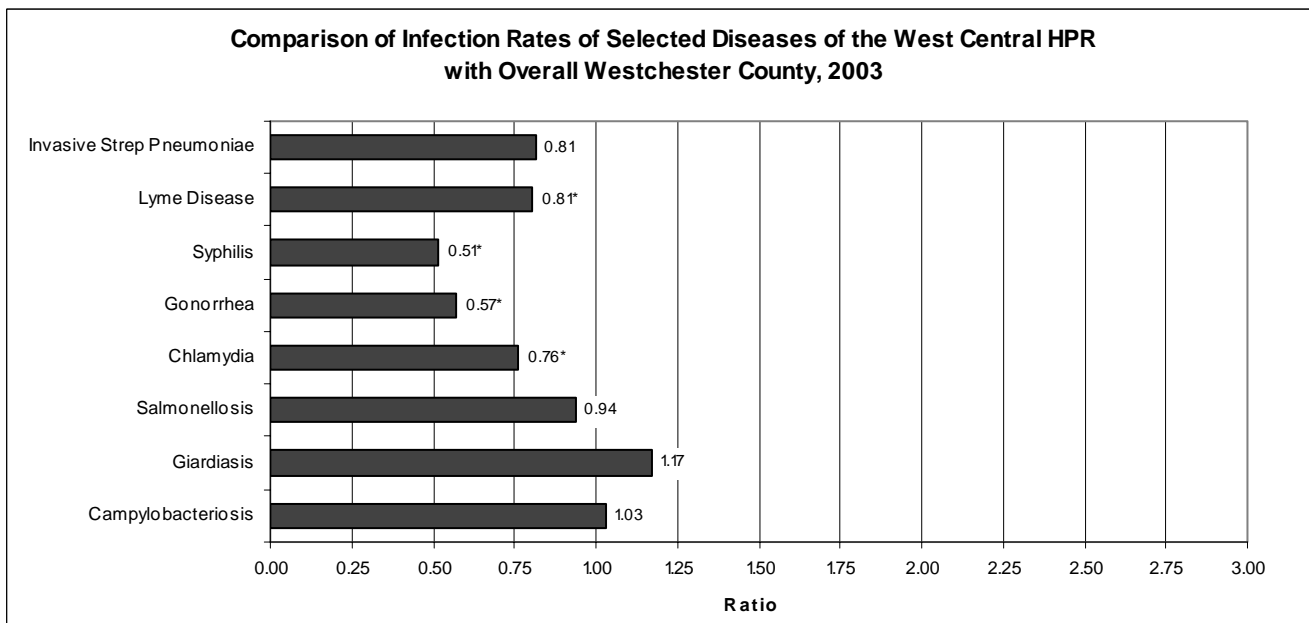
- The birth rate was lower than the overall county rate (12.7 vs. 13.8 per 1,000).
- The infant mortality rate was 23% higher than the overall county rate (5.5 vs. 4.5 per 1,000 live births), but the difference is not statistically significant.



*p<0.05

2003 Selected Reportable Diseases

- The infection rate of Lyme Disease (54.5 per 100,000) was lower than the countywide figure (67.7 per 100,000).
- The infection rates of Syphilis, Gonorrhea, and Chlamydia were lower than the overall county rates (5.1 vs. 9.9 per 100,000, 36.2 vs. 63.6 per 100,000, and 129.4 vs. 169.9 per 100,000, respectively).

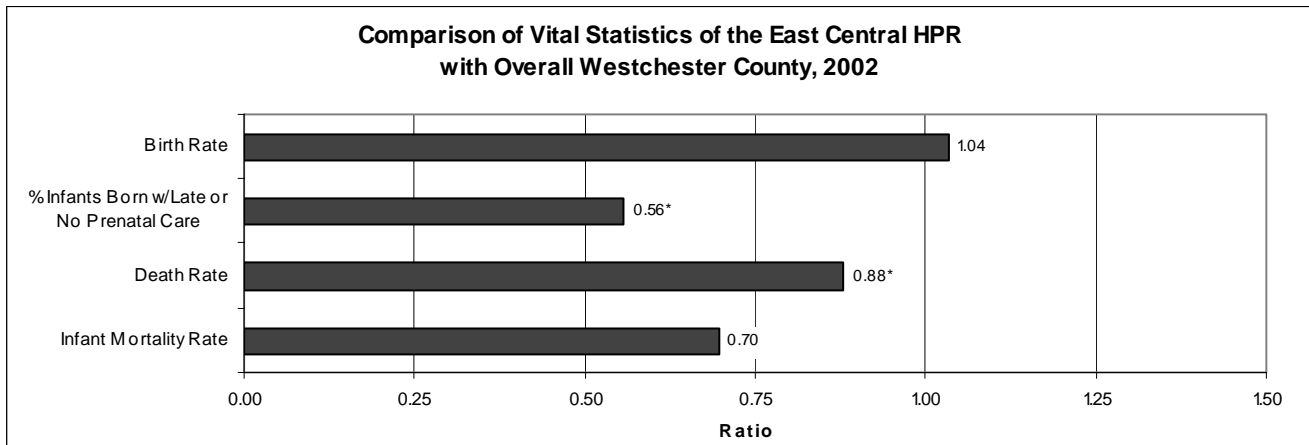


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East Central Health Planning Region

2002 Vital Statistics

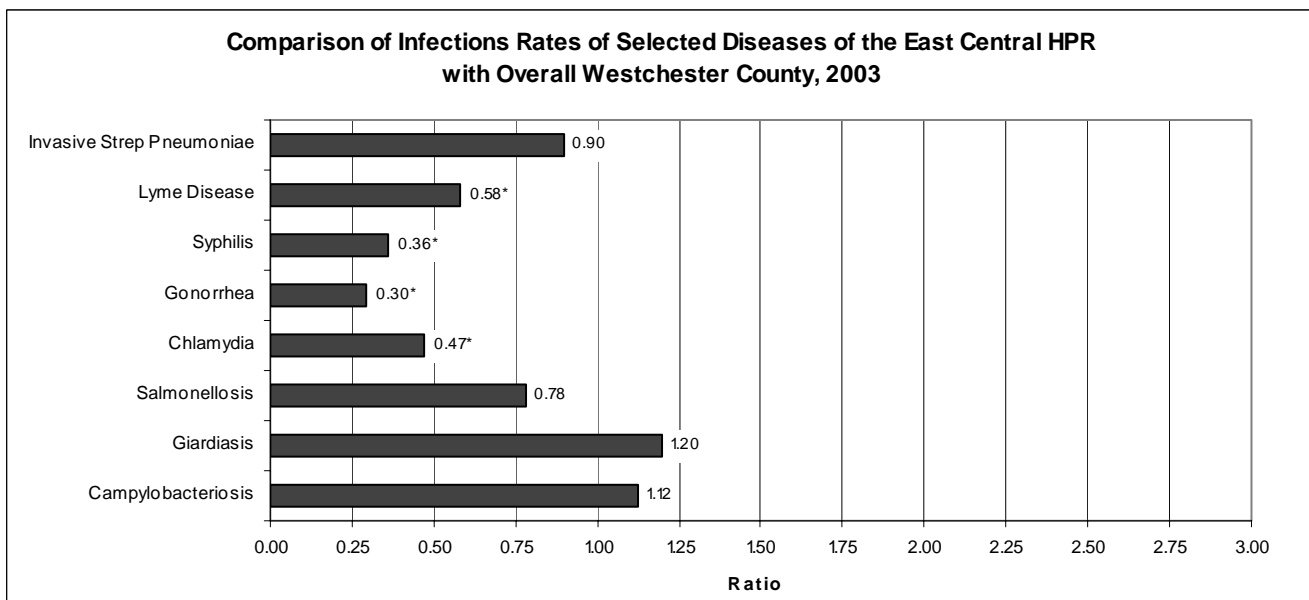
- The percentage of infants born to women who delayed or sought no prenatal care was lower than the overall county average (12.9% vs. 23.2%).
- The death rate was lower than the overall county rate (7.0 vs. 7.9 per 1,000).
- The infant mortality rate was 30% lower than the overall county rate, but not statistically significant.



*p<0.05

2003 Selected Reportable Diseases

- The infection rate of Lyme disease was 42% lower than the overall county rate (39.3 vs. 67.7 per 100,000).
- The infection rates of Syphilis, Gonorrhea, and Chlamydia were lower than the overall county rates (3.6 vs. 9.9 per 100,000, 18.8 vs. 63.6 per 100,000 and 79.5 vs. 169.9 per 100,000, respectively).
- The infection rate of Salmonellosis was 22% lower and the infection rate of Giardiasis was 20% higher than the overall county rate, although not statistically significant.

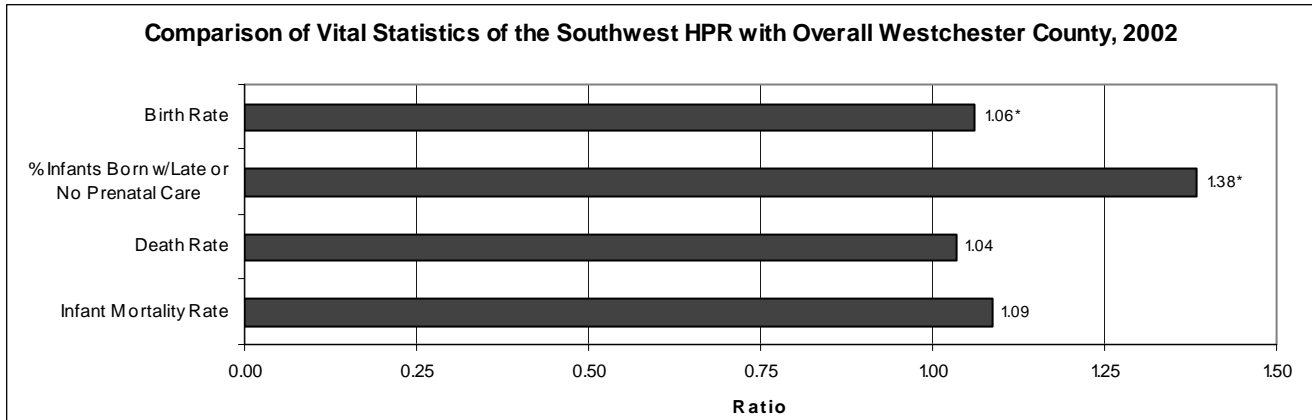


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Southwest Health Planning Region

2002 Vital Statistics

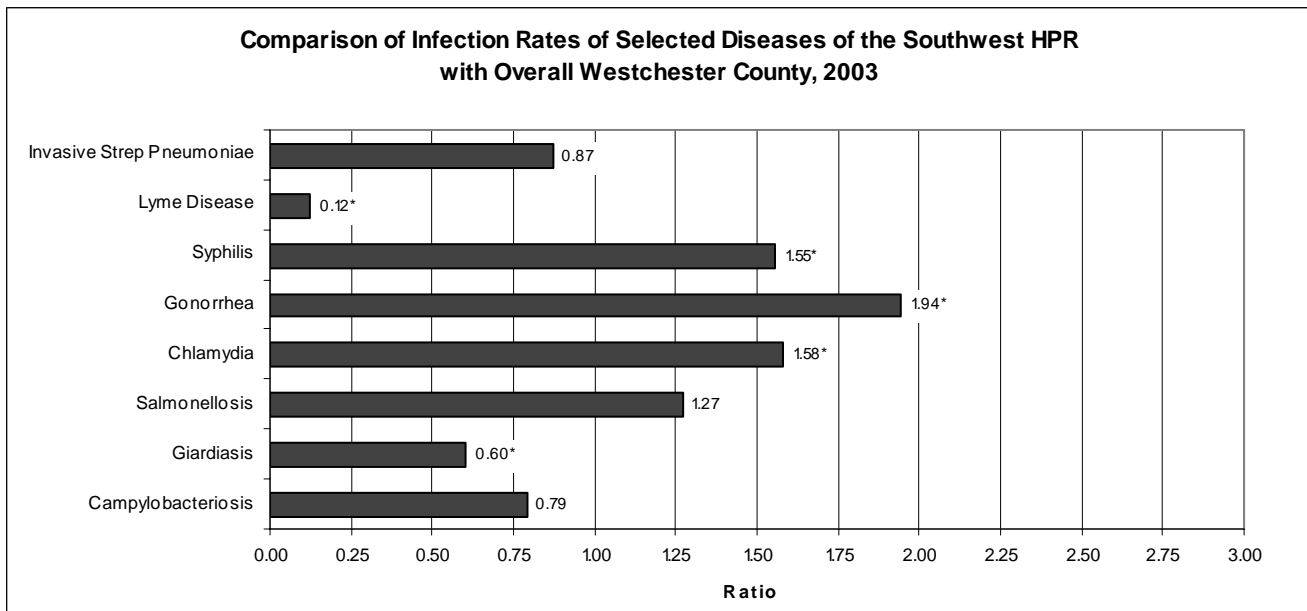
- The birth rate (14.7 per 1,000) was higher than the overall county rate (13.8 per 1,000).
- The percentage of infants born to women who delayed or sought no prenatal care was higher than in the county as a whole (32.1% vs. 23.2%).



*p<0.05

2003 Selected Reportable Diseases

- The infection rate of Lyme Disease was 88% lower than the overall county rate.
- The infection rates of Syphilis, Gonorrhea, and Chlamydia were higher than the overall county rates (15.3 vs. 9.9 per 100,000, 123.4 vs. 63.6 per 100,000 and 268.2 vs. 169.9 per 100,000, respectively).
- The infection rate of Salmonellosis was 27% higher and the infection rate for Campylobacteriosis was 21% lower than the overall county rate, but neither difference is statistically significant. The infection rate of Giardiasis was 40% lower than the overall county rate (7.1 vs. 11.9 per 100,000).

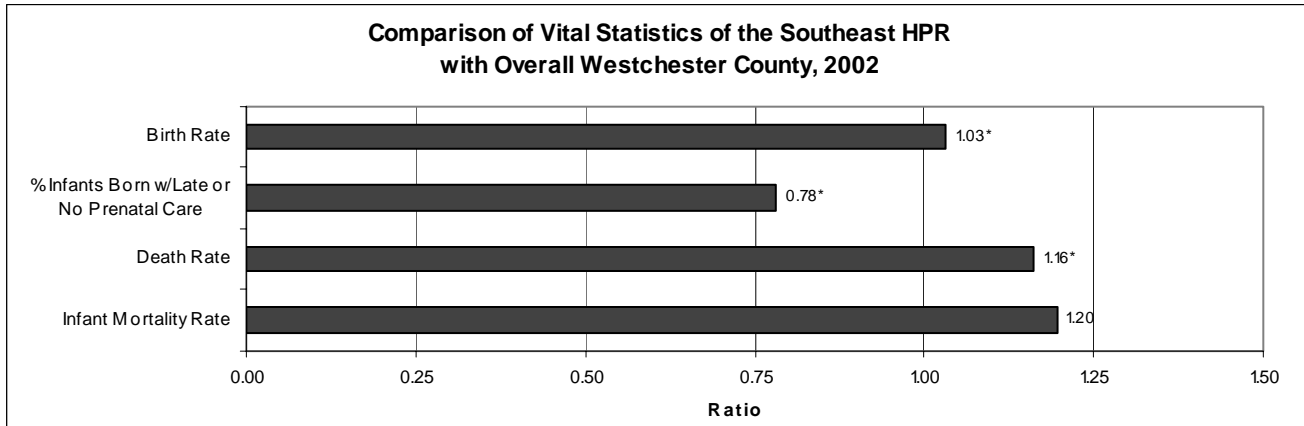


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Southeast Health Planning Region

2002 Vital Statistics

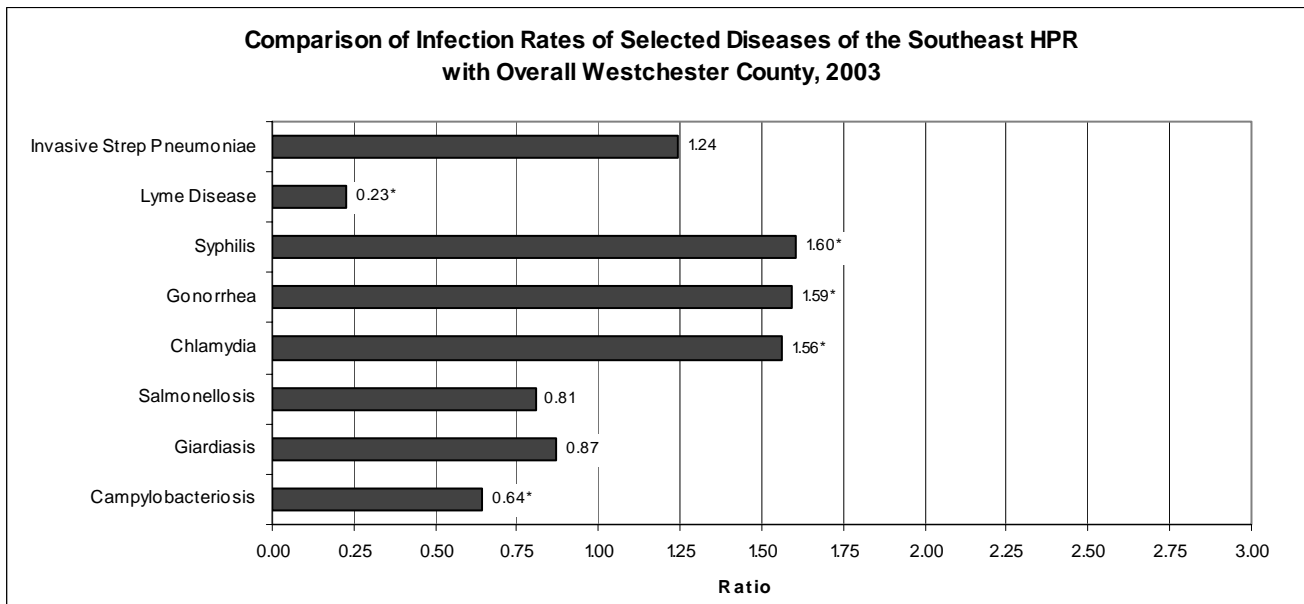
- The birth rate (14.3 per 1,000) and death rate (9.2 per 1,000) were higher than the overall county rates.
- The percentage of infants born to women who delayed or sought no prenatal care was lower than that of the overall county (18.1% vs. 23.2%).
- The infant mortality rate was 20% higher than that of the overall county, but not statistically significant.



*p<0.05

2003 Selected Reportable Diseases

- Although the infection rate of Invasive Strep Pneumoniae was 24% higher than the overall county rate, the difference is not statistically significant.
- The infection rate of Lyme disease was 77% lower than the overall county rate (15.2 vs. 67.7 per 100,000).
- The infection rates of all sexually transmitted diseases were about 56%-60% higher than the overall county rates.
- The infection rate of Campylobacteriosis was 36% lower than the overall county rate.



*p<0.05

**Westchester County Demographic and
Health Status Profiles**

Introduction

The Westchester County Demographic Profile offers a summary of the county's basic demographics in 2003 (2002 for income statistics) and presents the population distribution by age, sex, race/ethnicity, education, family structure, and poverty status.

Following the demographic profile is a profile for the county's health status. The health status profile presents information for the county's vital statistics, including births, pregnancies, and deaths, as well as morbidity statistics, including hospitalization discharges by various diseases and the reported cases and rates of communicable diseases in Westchester County.

Significance tests were performed for all the indicators discussed in the profiles. Only statistically significant differences, defined as a p-value less than .05 ($p < 0.05$) are highlighted in the profiles unless noted otherwise.

Demographics in 2003

Age, Sex, and Race Distribution

- According to the 2003 American Community Survey, an estimate of 915,810 people, excluding people living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters, lived in Westchester County in 2003. Among them, 6.7% were under five years of age. Twenty percent were from 5 to 19 years of age and 13.2% were ages 65 years and older. The median age was 38.5 years.
- The number of males was 439,755 (48%) and the number of females was 476,055 (52%).
- About 71% of the population was white. 14.4% of the population was black. Overall, Hispanics represented 18% of the population.

Educational Attainment

- The majority (87.8%) of Westchester County residents, ages 25 years and older, had received at least a high school education; half (50.2%) of which at least an associates degree.
- Almost a quarter (22.9%) had a graduate or professional degree.

Labor Force Participation and Unemployment Rate

- The overall unemployment rate was 6.3% in 2003 among those 16 years of age and over, who were in the civilian labor force.

Immigration and Language Spoken at Home

- Among all Westchester County residents, nearly one in four persons were born in a foreign country, of which 56.6% were non-citizens.
- For the population 5 years and older, the percentage of people who only spoke a language other than English at home was 30.2%. The number of people who spoke Spanish at home was 16%.

Household Structure

- Among the 336,037 households in Westchester County, about 70% were family households, defined as those with two or more related people living together. About half (47.3%) of the family households had related children under age 18.
- Of all the family households with related children under age 18, over a fifth were single-parent families, 18.5% were single-mother families and 3.5% were single-father families.

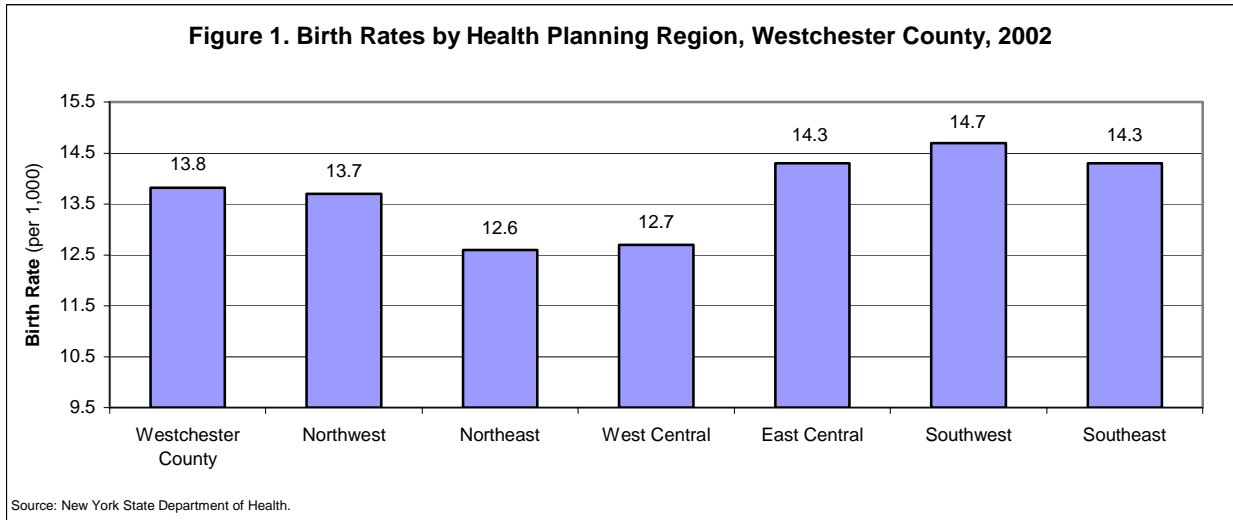
Household Income and Poverty Level

- About half (46%) of Westchester County households in 2002 had a total annual income of \$75,000 and above. Over a third of the households had an annual income over \$100,000.
- The number of households receiving public assistance income was less than two percent. The number of households with social security income was 27.6% and 18.1% of the households had retirement income.
- The median household income was \$66,560 in 2002.
- The poverty rate was 8.1% in 2002.

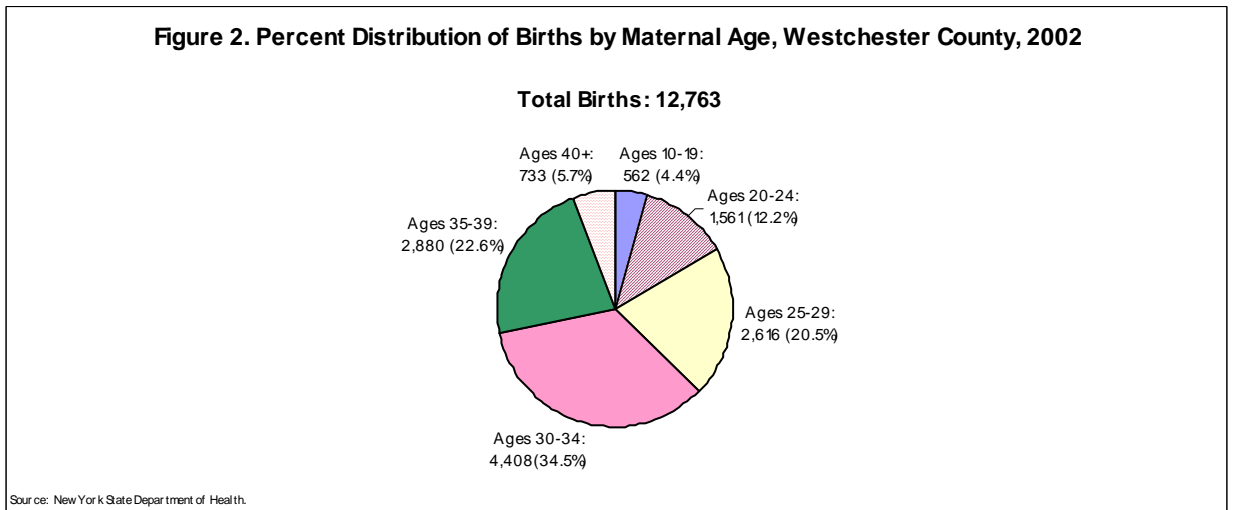
Births and Pregnancies

Births/Birth Rates

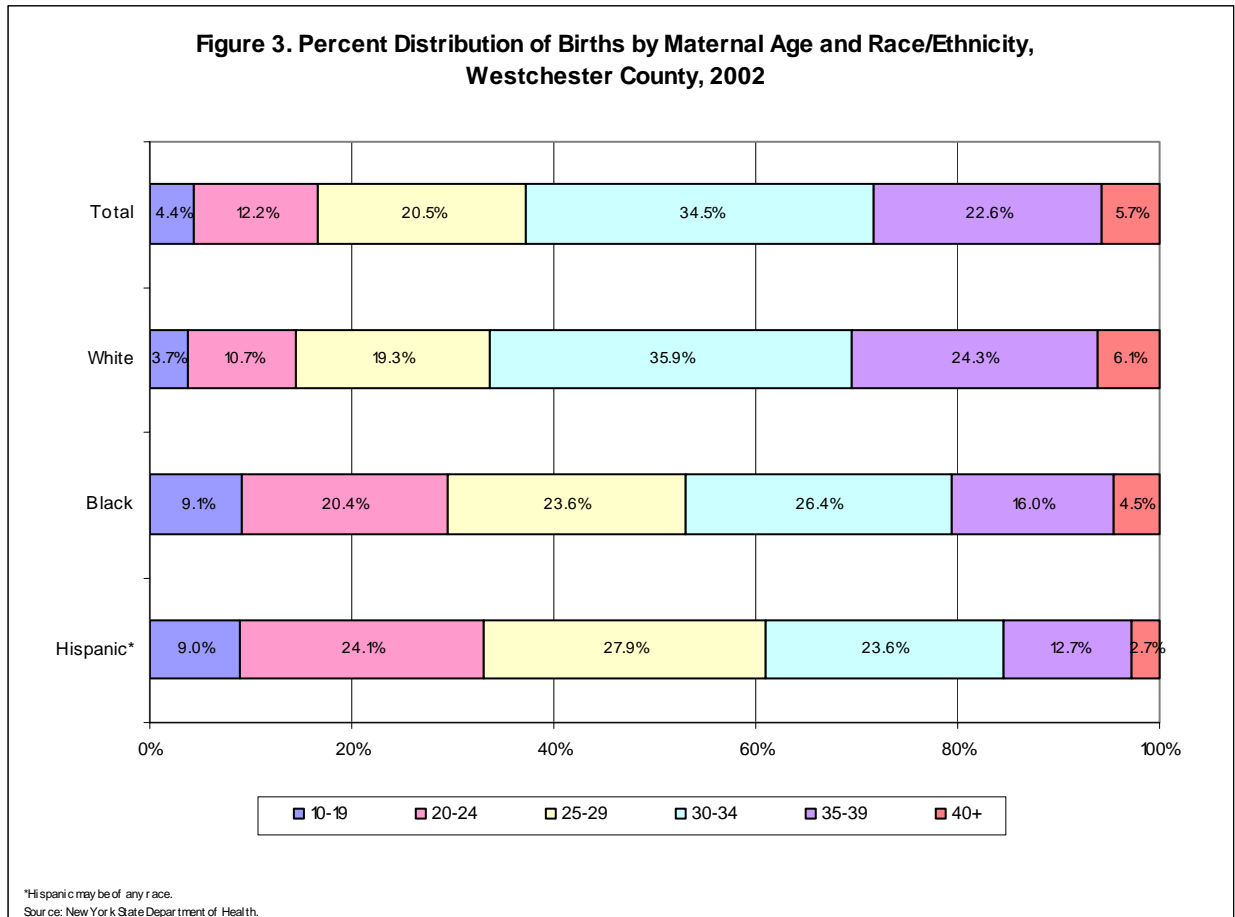
- A total of 12,763 infants were born to Westchester County residents in 2002, with a birth rate of 13.8 live births per 1,000 people. The Northeast HPR had the lowest birth rate, 12.6 live births per 1,000 people. The birth rate was the highest in the Southwest HPR, with 14.7 live births per 1,000 population (Figure 1).



- The average maternal age at birth for Westchester County was 30.8 years. Mothers in the Southwest HPR were younger than the county average by about two years, while mothers in the Northeast HPR were older than the county average by about two years.
- Over half of the children born in 2002 were born to women between the ages of 25 and 34. About 4% of children were born to mothers under 20 years of age in 2002 (Figure 2).



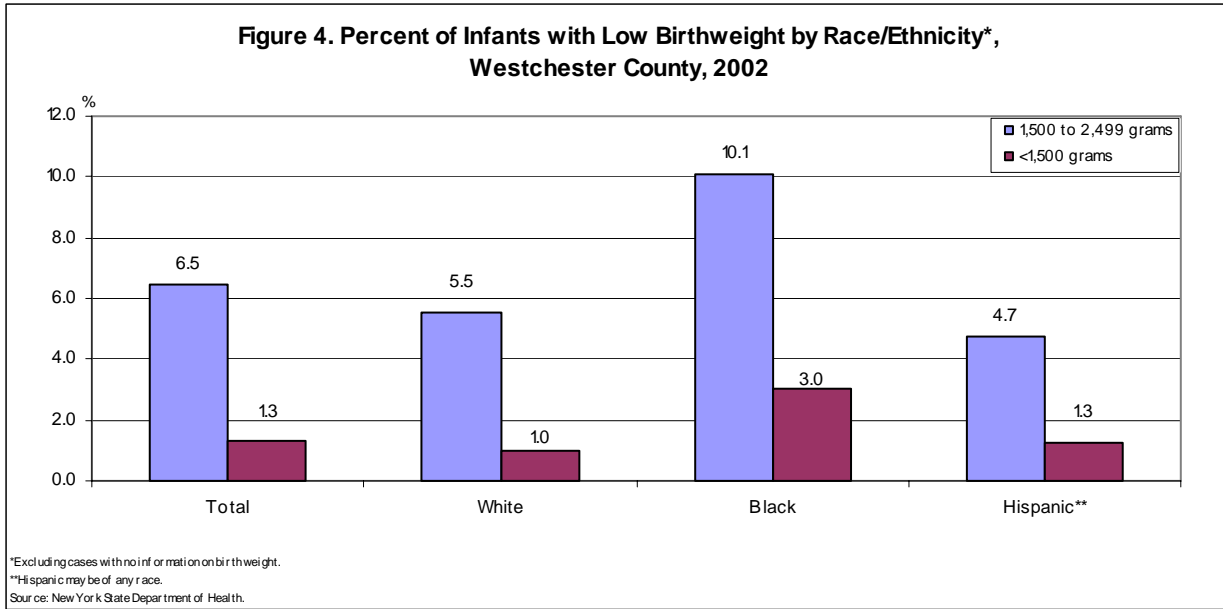
- Among children born to white women in 2002, 10.7% was born to women aged 20-24; about one-fifth was born to women aged 25-29; more than one-third was born to women aged 30-34; nearly one quarter was born to women aged 35-39; and 6.1% was born to women aged 40 or more. Less than 4.0% was born to women under the age of 20 (Figure 3).



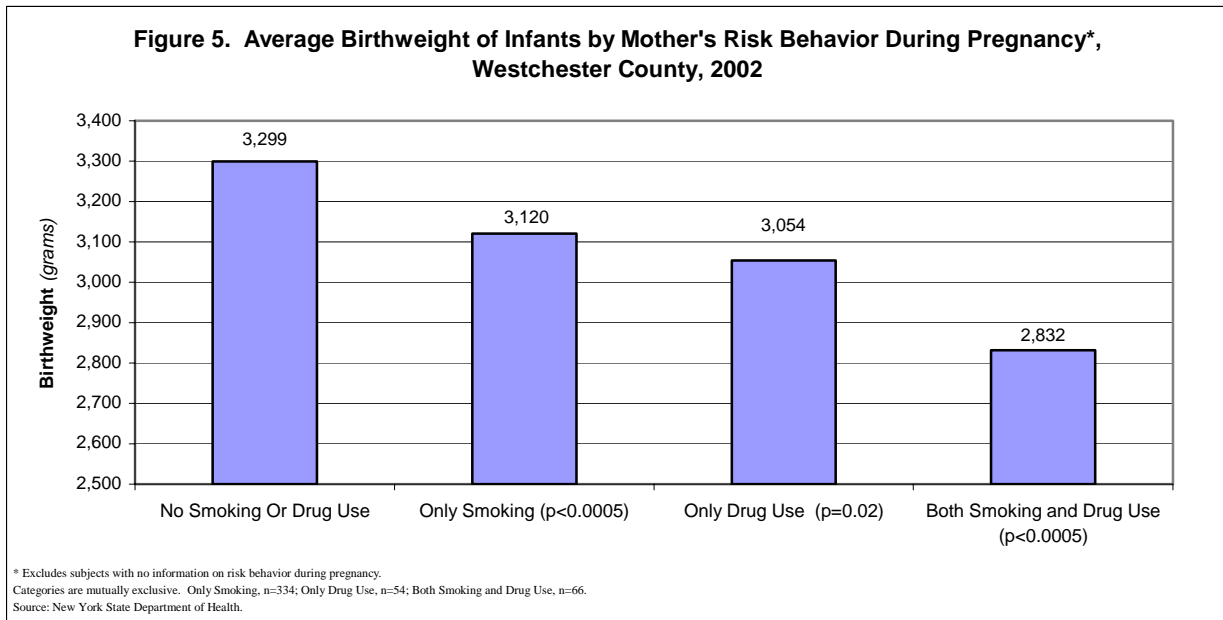
- The average maternal age among black mothers is younger than that of white mothers. Among children born to black women in 2002, 20.4% was born to women aged 20-24; 23.6% was born to women aged 25-29; 26.4% was born to women aged 30-34; and 16.0% was born to children aged 35-39. Less than 5.0% was born to mothers over the age of 40; 9.1% of children was born to mothers younger than 20 (Figure 3).
- Hispanic women, on average, have children at a younger age than white women. Among children born to Hispanic women in 2002, over half was born to women aged 20-29; 23.6% was born to mothers aged 30-34; and 12.7% were born to women aged 35-39. Hispanic women had the lowest percentage of children born to women over age 40, at 2.7%; 9.0% of children was born to mothers younger than 20 (Figure 3).

Birthweight

- Among infants born in 2002, 6.5% was born with a birthweight between 1,500 to 2,499 grams, and 1.3% was born with a birthweight of below 1,500 grams (very low birthweight) (Figure 4).

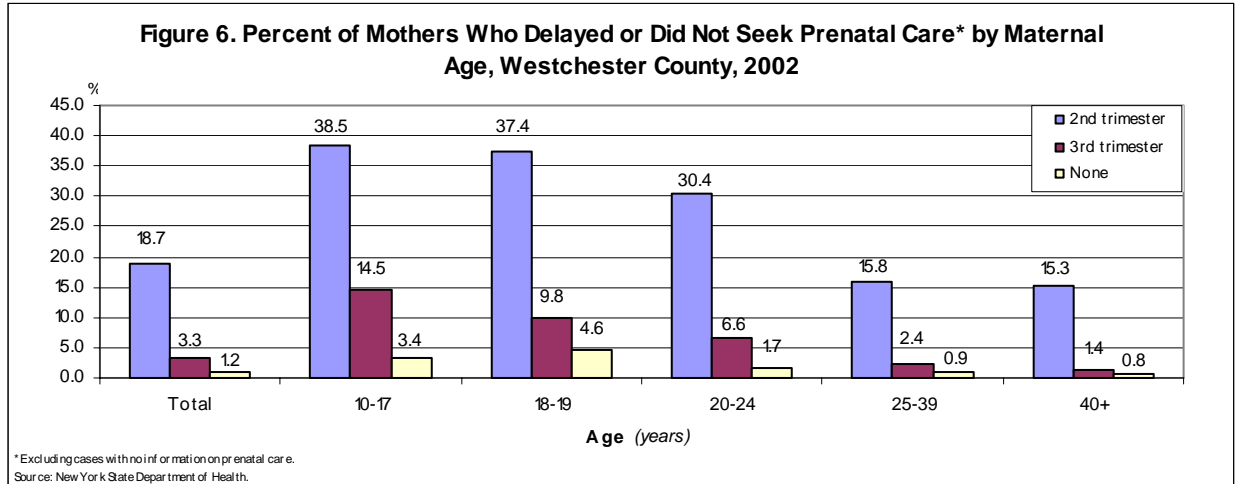


- The proportion of infants born with low birthweight (<2,500 grams) varied by race (Figure 4). Blacks had the highest proportion of low birthweight babies (13.1%). Whites and Hispanics had similar proportions of infants with low birthweight (6.5% and 6.0%, respectively).
- Infant birthweight was associated with mother’s behavior during pregnancy (Figure 5). The average birthweight for children born to women who did not smoke nor use illicit drugs during pregnancy was 3,299 grams. Among infants born to mothers who smoked during pregnancy, the average birthweight dropped to 3,120 grams. Among infants born to mothers reported using cocaine, crack, marijuana, heroin, methadone, amphetamines, or unprescribed sedatives, the average birthweight was 3,054 grams. Among infants born to mothers who smoked or used any of the illicit drugs stated previously, the average birthweight was 2,832 grams.

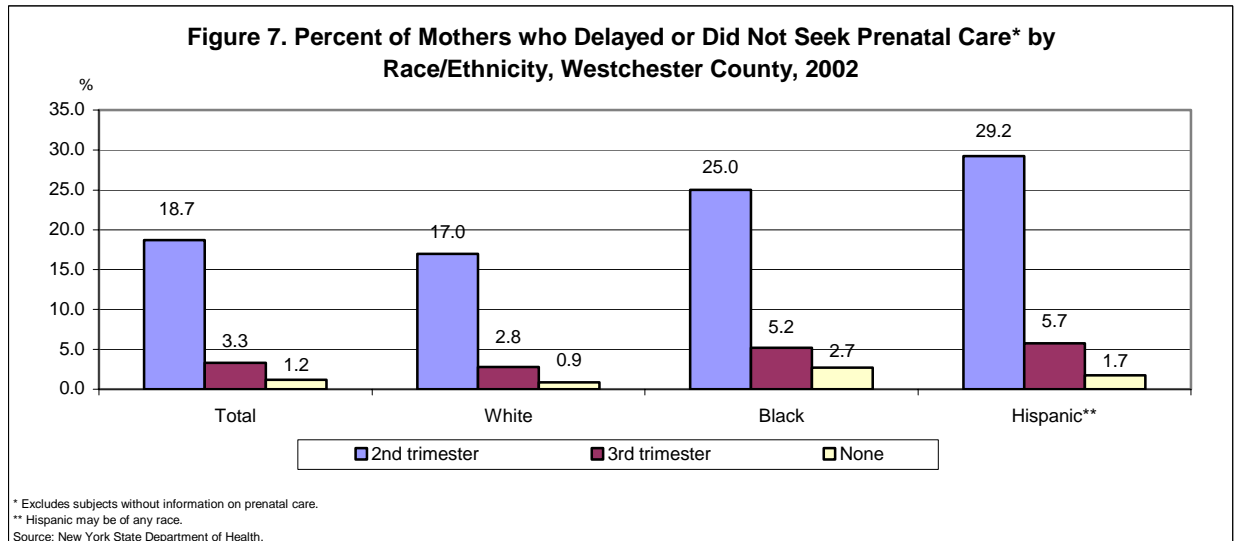


Prenatal Care

- Among infants born in 2002, about one quarter (23.2%) was born to women who delayed or sought no prenatal care. About 18.7% was born to women who did not seek prenatal care until their second trimester, 3.3% was born to women who did not seek prenatal care until their third trimester, and 1.2% was born to women who never sought prenatal care (Figure 6).



- Young women were more likely to delay or seek no prenatal care. Among infants born to women of ages 10-17 and 18-19 years, about half were born to mothers who did not seek prenatal care until their second or third trimester, and about 4.0% was born to mothers who never sought prenatal care (Figure 6). The percentage of infants born to mothers of older ages (ages 25-39 and 40+ years) who did not seek or delayed prenatal care decreased to less than 20%.
- Women of Hispanic ethnicity were more likely to delay or seek no prenatal care compared to white women (Figure 7). Among infants born to Hispanic mothers, 29.2% did not have prenatal care until the second trimester, 5.7% did not seek care until the third trimester, and 1.7% did not seek any prenatal care.

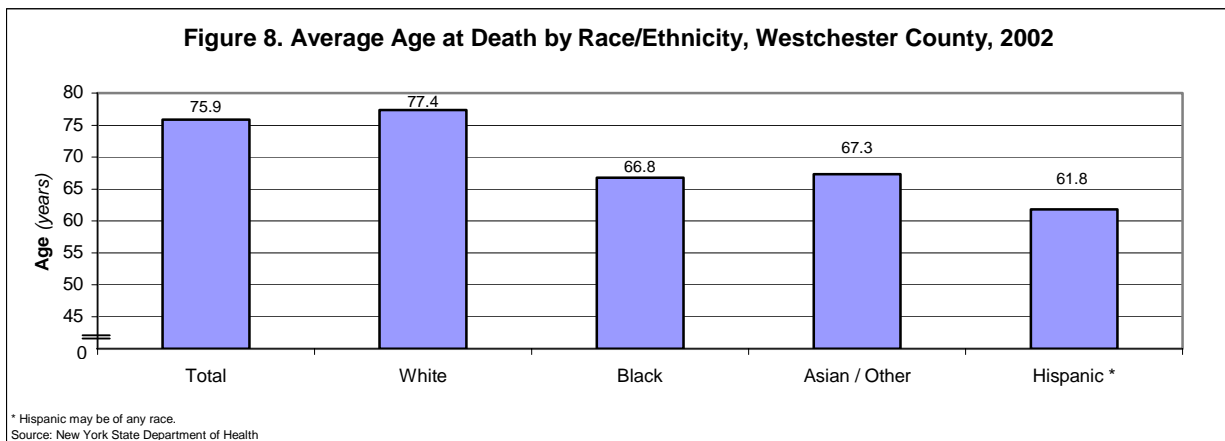


- Black women were also more likely to delay or seek no prenatal care compared to white women (Figure 7). Over 30.0% of infants born to black women had delayed prenatal care; about 2.7% did not receive any prenatal care.

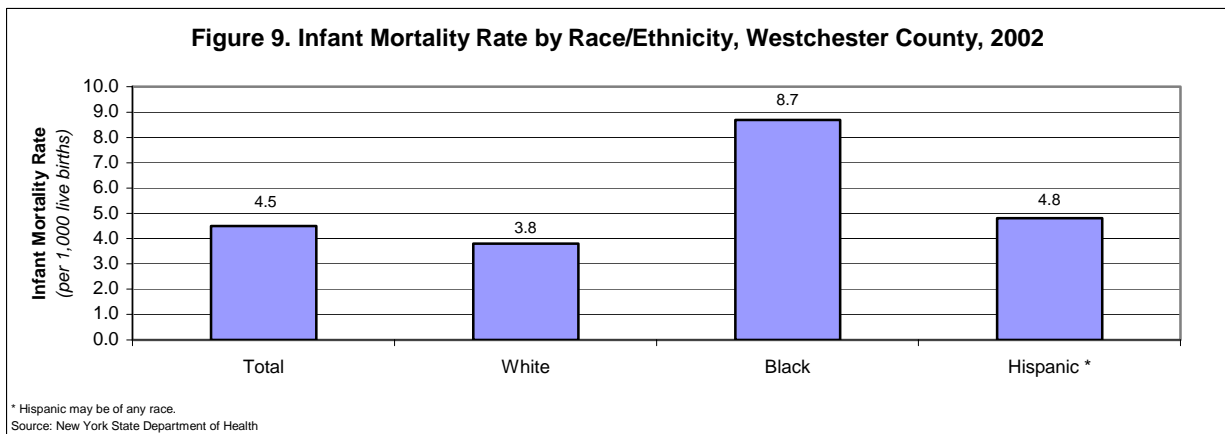
Deaths

Deaths/Death Rates

- A total of 7,331 Westchester County residents died in 2002. The death rate for Westchester County was 7.9 per 1,000 people. The Southeast HPR had the highest death rate, 9.2 deaths per 1,000 people. The death rate was lowest in the Northeast HPR, with 6.6 deaths per 1,000 population.
- The average age of death for Westchester County was 75.9 years. The average age at death for females was higher than for males (79.0 years versus 72.2 years).
- The average age of death varied by race and ethnicity (Figure 8). Among whites, the average age of death was higher, at 77.4 years. The average age of death was lower for all other racial and ethnic categories. Among blacks, the average age of death was 66.8 years; and among Hispanics, 61.8 years.

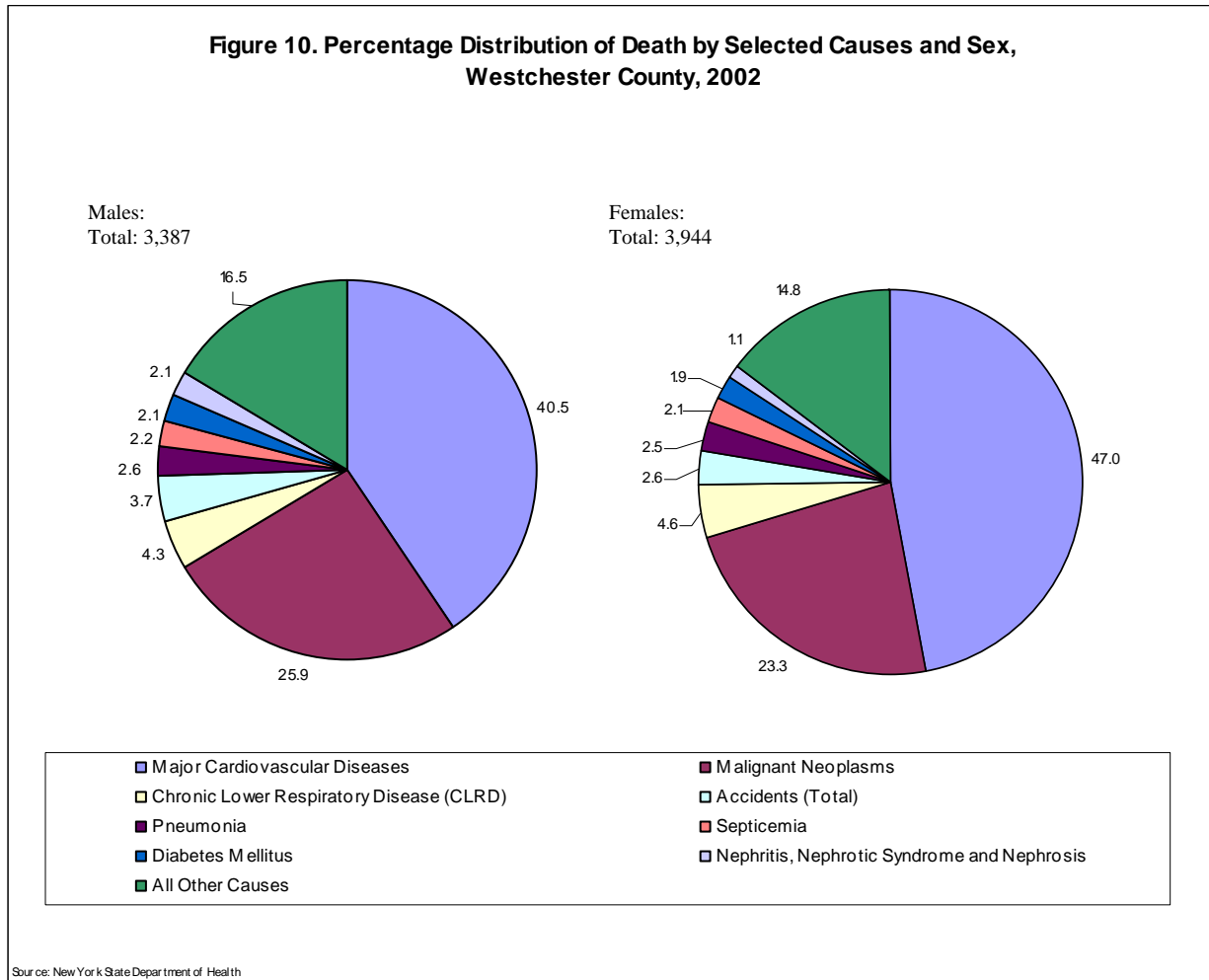


- The infant mortality rate for Westchester County was 4.5 per 1,000 live births. The infant mortality rate was the highest among blacks (8.7 per 1,000), almost double the county average (Figure 9).



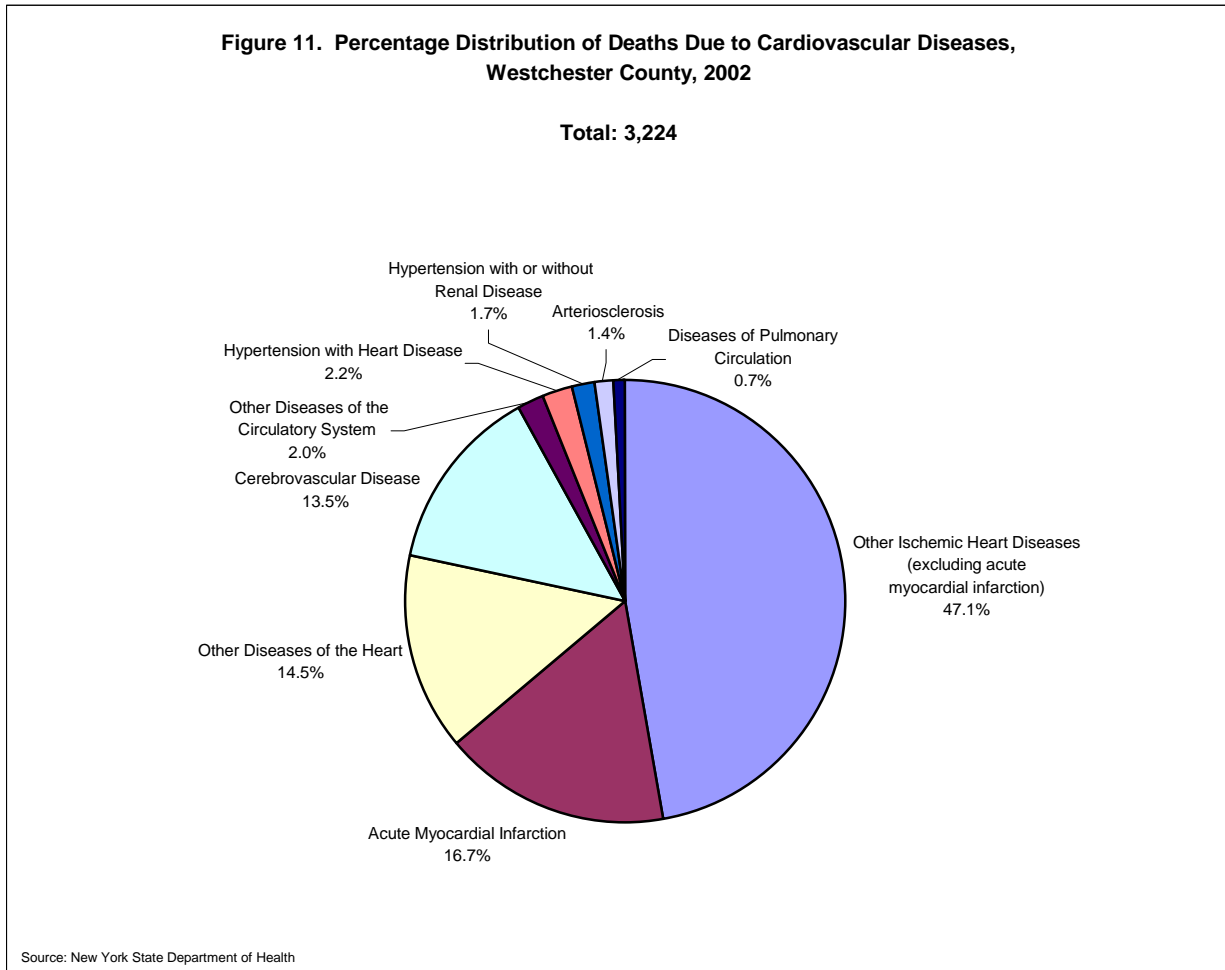
Major Causes of Deaths

- Major cardiovascular diseases were the leading causes of death in Westchester County in 2002, followed by malignant neoplasms, for both males and females (Figure 10). Together, these diseases were responsible for approximately 70% of all deaths.



- Conditions originating in the perinatal period accounted for the majority of the deaths among children under one year of age (52.6%), followed by congenital anomalies (21.1%).
- Among people under 30 years of age (excluding those under 1 year), the major cause of death was accidents (33.1%).
- Among people aged 30-49, the two major causes of death were malignant neoplasms (24.7%), followed by major cardiovascular diseases (18.8%). Malignant neoplasms were also the major cause of death among persons between 50 to 64 years of age (40.1%), followed by major cardiovascular diseases (29.5%). Major cardiovascular diseases were the leading cause of death for people aged 65 and over (49.2%), followed by malignant neoplasms (22.6%).

- A total of 3,224 individuals died due to major cardiovascular diseases in Westchester County in 2002, accounting for 44.0% of total deaths (Figure 11). Among people who died of major cardiovascular diseases, the majority (63.8%) were due to ischemic heart diseases, including acute myocardial infarction.

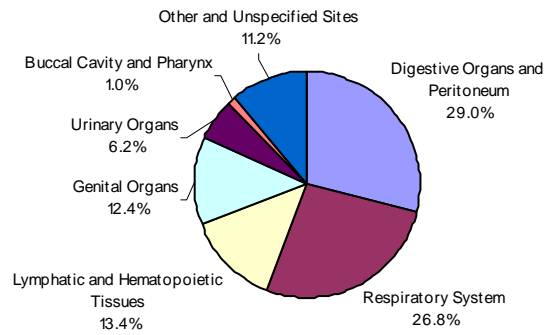


- Malignant neoplasms were the cause of death for 1,794 individuals in Westchester County in 2002, accounting for 24.5% of total deaths (Figure 12). There were slightly more female than males (918 vs. 876). Among females, over a quarter (26.7%) was due to malignant neoplasms located in the digestive organs and peritoneum. Nearly a quarter (22.2%) was due to malignant neoplasms of the respiratory system. Breast cancer was the third leading cause of death among female cancer victims. In 2002, 139 women died of breast cancer. Malignant neoplasms of the genital organs accounted for 11.0%, and lymphatic and hematopoietic systems accounted for 9.5%.
- Among males, nearly 30% of the cancer deaths were due to malignant neoplasms of the digestive organs and peritoneum (Figure 12). Over a quarter (26.8%) was due to malignant neoplasms of the respiratory system. Malignant neoplasms of the lymphatic and hematopoietic system accounted for 13.4% of cancer deaths and malignant neoplasms of the genital organs accounted for 12.4% of cancer deaths.

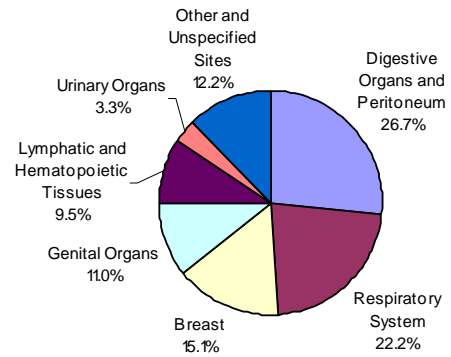
Figure 12. Percentage Distribution of Deaths Due to Malignant Neoplasms by Sex, Westchester County Residents, 2002

Total: 1,794

Males: 876



Females: 918

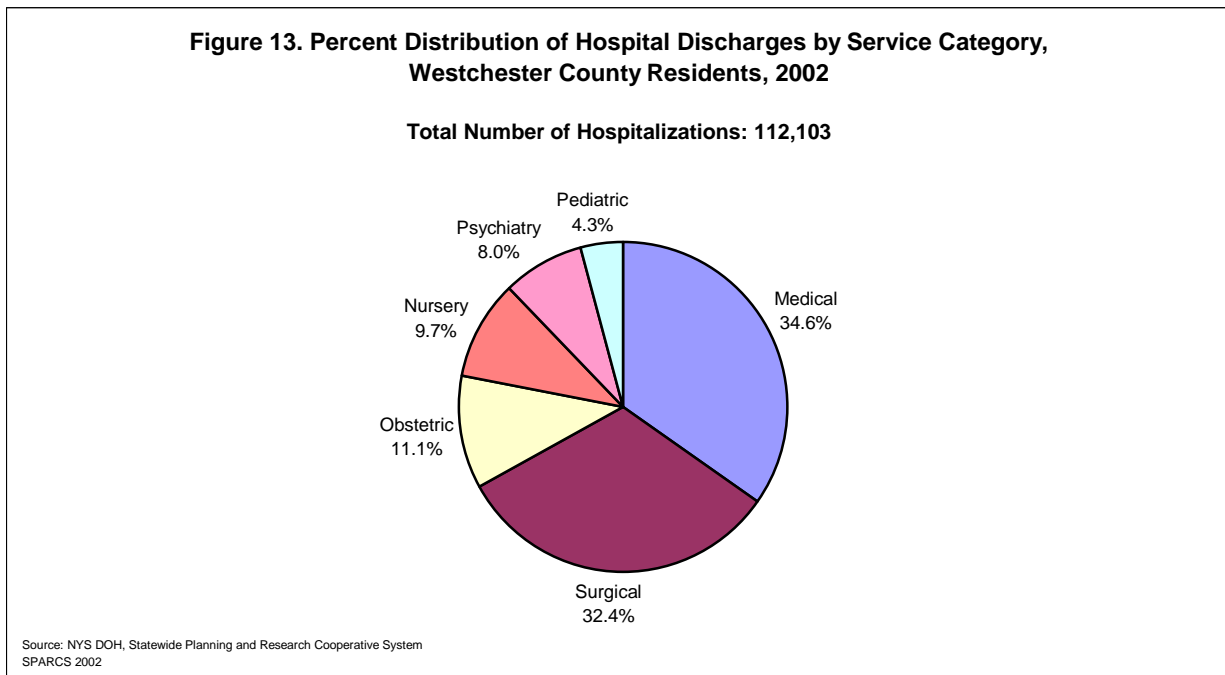


Source: New York State Department of Health

Morbidity: Hospitalizations

Total Hospital Discharges

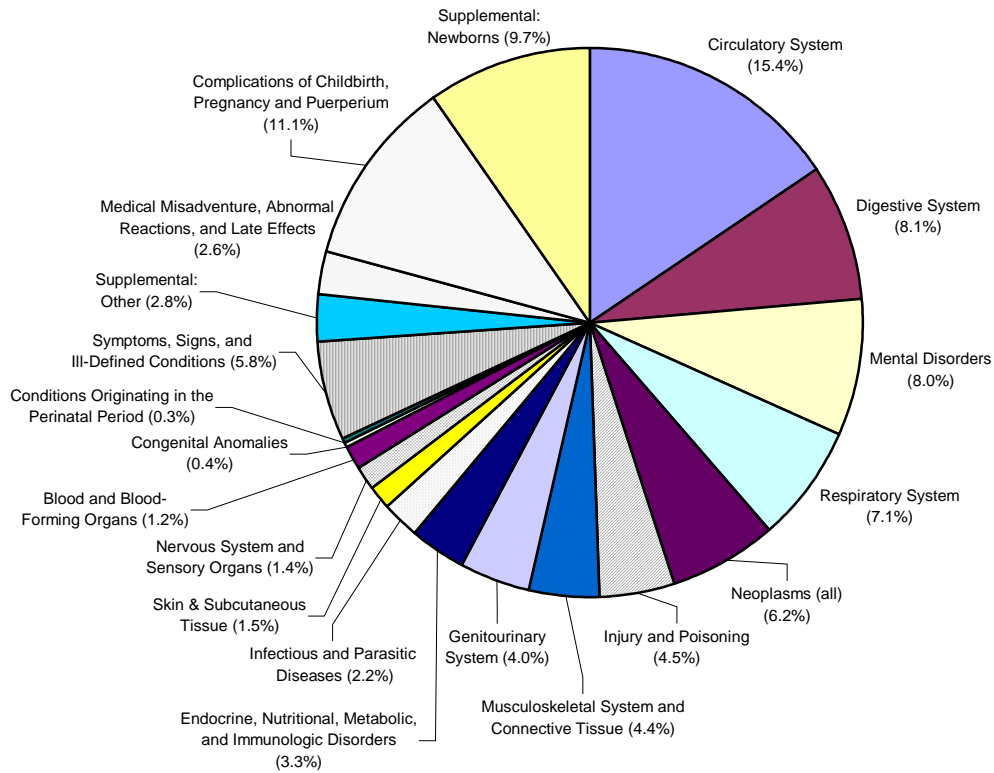
- During 2002, there were a total of 112,103 hospital discharges among Westchester County residents. Over half of the hospitalized cases were among people 50 years and over (53.4%). Over half were among females (57.8%).
- Over one-third of the hospital discharges occurred for medical services (34.6%). Another third was for surgical services (32.4%). Newborns accounted for 9.7% of all hospital discharges and 11.1% of hospital discharges were obstetric related (excluding induced abortions and complications from induced abortion). The remaining discharges were psychiatric (8.0%) and pediatric services (4.3%) (Figure 13).



- The majority of hospital discharges (83.2%) occurred within Westchester County hospitals. Westchester Medical Center accounted for the largest percent of cases (12.4%), followed by White Plains Hospital Center (10.7%), St. John's Riverside Hospital (9.2%), and Lawrence Hospital Center (7.6%).
- The top three hospitals for medical related hospitalizations were White Plains Hospital Center (11.1%), St. Johns Riverside Hospitals (10.6%), and Lawrence Hospital Center (9.4%). The top three hospitals for surgical related hospitalizations were Westchester Medical Center (15.6%), White Plains Hospital Center (9.8%), St. John's Riverside Hospital (7.3%). Over a third of the pediatric cases were hospitalized at Westchester Medical Center (34.6%). Westchester Medical Center was also one of the top three for psychiatric cases (17.9%), along with St. Vincent's Westchester (19.8%), and New York Presbyterian Hospital at Westchester Division (10.6%).

- Excluding newborns and obstetric related hospitalizations, the top three causes of hospitalization, as defined by the principal diagnosis¹, were diseases of the circulatory system (15.4%), diseases of the digestive system (8.1%), and mental disorders (8.0%). The next three major causes of hospitalizations were for diseases of the respiratory system (7.1%), neoplasms (6.2%), and injury and poisoning (4.5%) (Figure 14).

Figure 14. Number of Hospital Discharges by Principal Diagnosis, Westchester County Residents, 2002

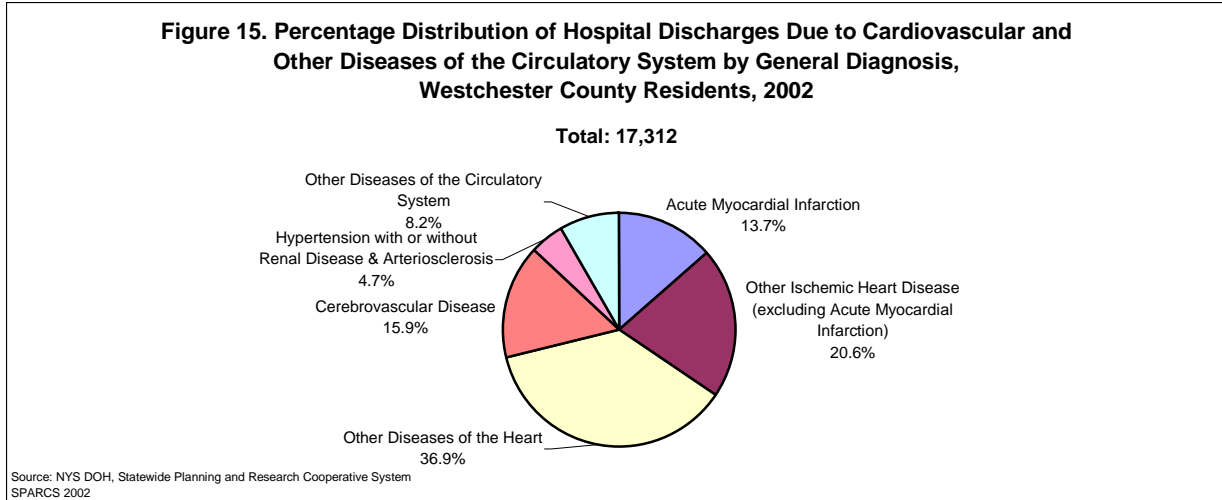


Source: NYS DOH, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System SPARCS 2002

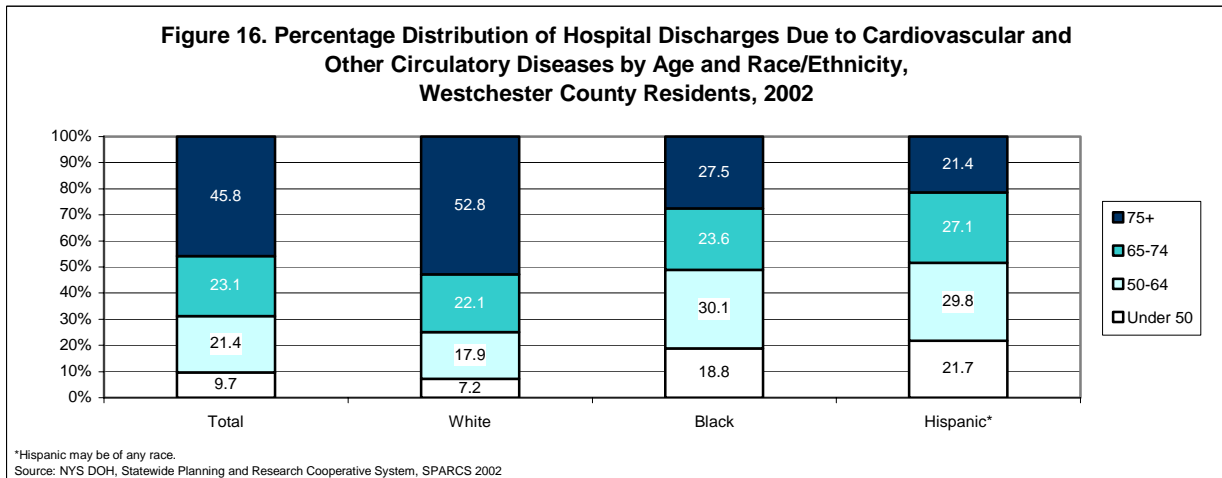
¹ The principal diagnosis is the condition chiefly responsible for causing the admission of the patient into the hospital for care. Because the principal diagnosis represents the reason for the patient's stay, it may not necessarily have been the diagnosis which represented the greatest length of stay, the greatest consumption of hospital resources, or the most life-threatening condition. Furthermore, the principal diagnosis reflects clinical findings discovered during the patient's stay, therefore, it may differ from the admitting diagnosis.

Hospital Discharges Due to Diseases of the Circulatory System

- A total of 17,312 cases were hospitalized due to cardiovascular and other diseases of the circulatory system. Among these cases, over one-third was due to ischemic heart diseases (ICD9 codes 410-414), including 13.7% of acute myocardial infarction and 20.6% of other ischemic heart diseases. Cerebrovascular disease accounted for 15.9%, and almost one-third was due to other diseases of the heart (Figure 15).



- The number of hospital discharges due to diseases of the circulatory system generally increased by age. There were slightly more males than females hospitalized due to diseases of the circulatory system (52.5% vs. 47.5%).
- Among people hospitalized due to diseases of the circulatory system, 70.6% was among whites, 13.0% was among blacks, about 10% was among other races/ethnicities, and 6.2% of the discharges had incomplete information on race/ethnicity.
- Among whites hospitalized due to circulatory diseases, 7.2% was under the age of 50, 17.9% was between the ages of 50-64, 22.1% was between the ages of 65-74, and 52.8% was over the age of 75 (Figure 16).



- In comparison to whites, Hispanics had a higher proportion of patients under the age of 65 hospitalized due to circulatory diseases: 21.7% was under the age of 50, 29.8% was between the ages of 50-64, 27.1% was between the ages of 65-74 years, and 21.4% was over the age of 75.
- Similar to Hispanics, blacks had a higher proportion of younger patients hospitalized due to diseases of the circulatory system compared to whites. For example, 18.8% was under age 50, 30.1% was between age 50 and 64, 23.6% was between age 65 to 74, and 27.5% was over 75.

Hospital Discharges Due to Diseases of the Digestive System

- A total of 9,110 hospitalized cases were due to diseases of the digestive system.
- Over a quarter of the cases were due to diseases of intestines and peritoneum (26.8%). A large proportion was due to the diseases of esophagus, stomach, and duodenum (1,414 cases, or 15.5% of all).
- Among patients of young ages (age 1 to 34), the major causes were appendicitis and noninfectious enteritis and colitis. Among patients 35 and older, the major causes were diseases of the esophagus, stomach, and duodenum, other diseases of the intestines and peritoneum such as diverticula of intestine, and other diseases of the digestive system.
- There was a higher proportion of females than males hospitalized due to digestive system diseases (54.8% vs. 45.2%).

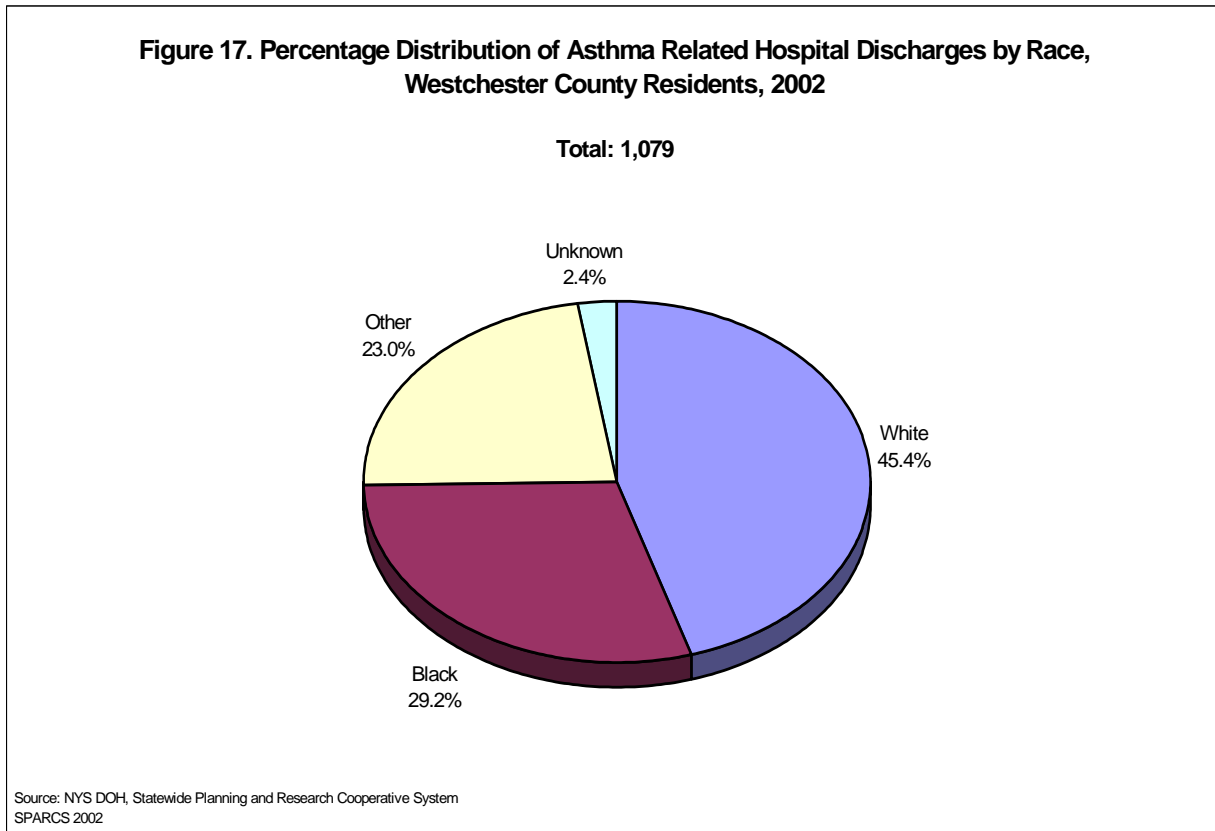
Hospital Discharges Due to Diseases of Mental Disorders

- A total of 8,936 hospitalized cases was due to mental disorders, which was the third most frequent cause of hospitalization for Westchester County residents during 2002, excluding newborns and obstetric cases.
- Among the cases hospitalized due to mental disorders, about two-thirds were due to psychoses (5,387 cases, 60.3%). Of all the psychosis-related hospitalizations, 339 were hospitalized due to alcoholic psychoses (3.8% of total mental disorders), 460 were hospitalized due to drug-induced psychoses (5.1% of total mental disorders), and 1,517 were hospitalized due to schizophrenia (17.0% of total mental disorders).
- About a quarter of the mental disorder cases were due to substance abuse (23.6%): 10% was due to alcohol dependence syndrome, 12.1% was due to drug dependence syndrome, and 1.5% was due to non-dependence drug abuse.
- Two-thirds of the mental disorder cases occurred among people aged 18 to 49 with a quarter of the cases (26.6%) among people aged 18 to 34, and a third of the cases (38.9%) among people aged 35 to 49.
- Among the cases with alcoholic psychoses, three-quarters were among males (74.6%), and for drug-induced psychoses, about two-thirds (64.8%) were among males. Male patients also accounted for the majority of the cases with alcohol dependence syndrome (71.7%), drug dependency syndrome (68.2%), and non-dependent drug abuse (69.9%).

- Blacks were over represented in mental disorder hospital discharges. While blacks represent only 14.2% of the total population, 28.7% of all mental disorder cases were among blacks. In addition, blacks accounted for 28.7% of the drug-induced psychoses cases, 33.7% of the schizophrenia cases, and 43.9% of the drug dependence syndrome cases.

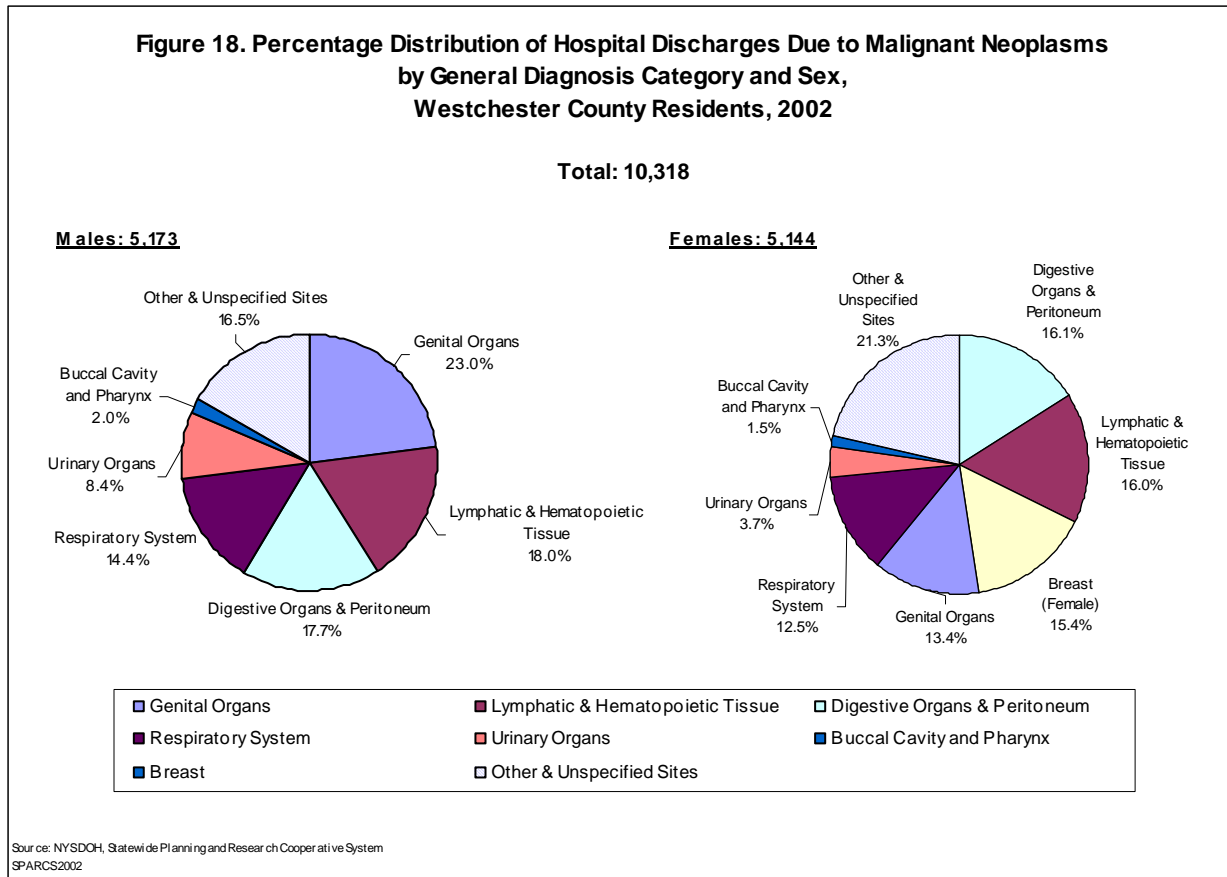
Hospital Discharges Due to Diseases of the Respiratory System

- There was a total of 7,987 hospital discharges due to diseases of the respiratory system, which was the fourth most frequent cause of hospitalization among Westchester County residents during 2002, excluding newborns and obstetric cases.
- Over one third of respiratory disease hospitalizations were due to pneumonia (2,921 cases, or 36.6%).
- Almost one third was due to chronic obstructive pulmonary diseases (COPD) (2,589 cases, or 32.4%). Among which, a total of 1,079 cases were due to asthma.
- Over a quarter (26.7%) of the asthma related hospital discharges occurred among children ages 12 years or younger.
- Although blacks comprise only 14.2% of Westchester County’s population, 29.2% of the hospitalized asthma cases were among black residents (Figure 17).



Hospital Discharges Due to Malignant Neoplasms

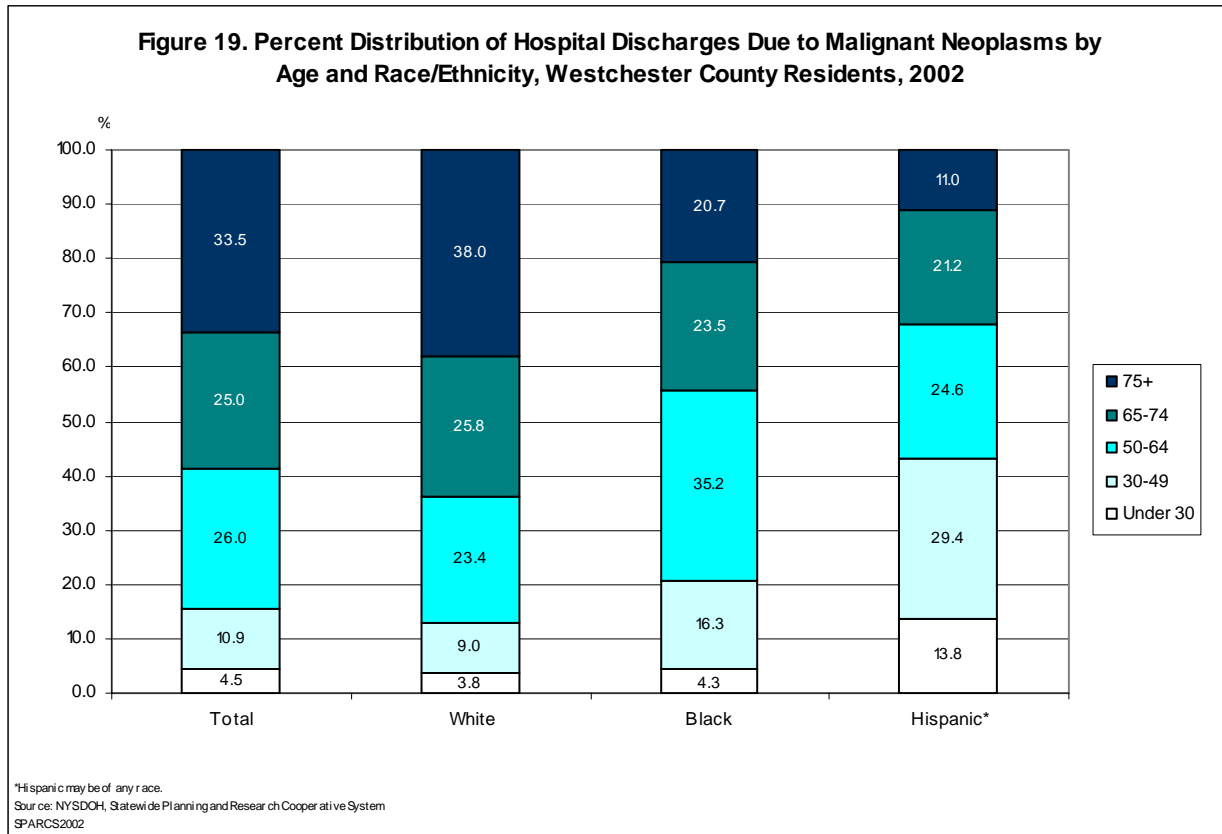
- During 2002, 6,953 cases were hospitalized with neoplasms as the principal diagnosis. An additional 6,711 cases were hospitalized with neoplasms identified as one of the major related diagnoses for a total of 13,664 cases, including benign neoplasms, carcinoma in situ, and neoplasms of uncertain behavior or unspecified nature².
- Three quarters of the neoplasm related hospitalizations were due to malignant neoplasms (a total of 10,318 cases). There were generally more male cases than female cases in all the malignant neoplasm hospitalizations, except breast cancer. Among females, 16.1% was due to cancer of the digestive organs and peritoneum. Another 16.0% were due to cancer of lymphatic and hematopoietic tissue. Slightly over 15% was due to breast cancer and 13.4% was due to cancer of the genital organs. Among males, nearly 23.0% was due to cancer of the genital organs, 18% was due to cancer of lymphatic and hematopoietic tissue, 17.7% was due to cancer of the digestive systems and peritoneum, and 14.4% was due to cancer of the respiratory system (Figure 18).



- There were more female cases (74.6%) than male cases in the hospitalizations for benign neoplasms and neoplasms of uncertain behavior or unspecified nature.

² Neoplasms related hospitalizations include cases with the principal diagnosis and/or 14 other diagnoses in the numeric ranges 140-239 or the V-class ranges V58.00-V58.10.

- The age distribution of hospital discharges due to malignant neoplasms varied across racial and ethnic categories. Among whites, less than 4% of the cases was under the age of 30, 9.0% was between the ages of 30-49, 23.4% was between the ages of 50-64, 25.8% between the ages of 65-74, and 38.0% was over 75 years of age (Figure 19).



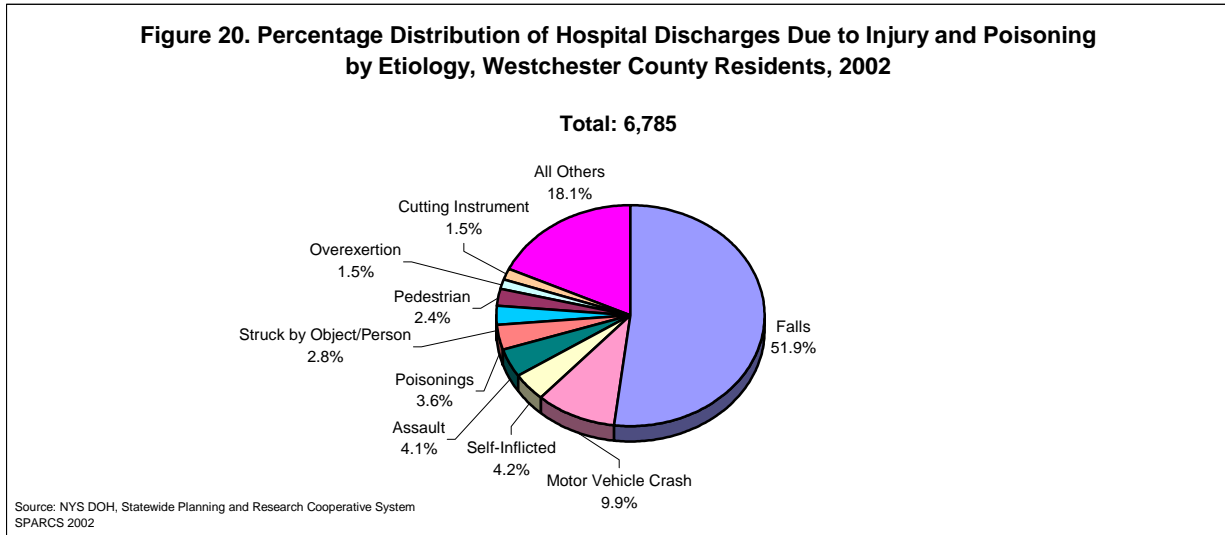
- Among blacks hospitalized due to malignant neoplasms, 16.3% was between the ages of 30-49, 35.2% was between the ages of 50-64, 23.5% was of 65-74, and 20.7% was over the age of 75.
- Among Hispanics, 13.8% of the hospitalized cases due to neoplasms was under 30 years of age, 29.4% was between the ages 30-49, another 24.6% was between the ages 50-64, 21.2% was of ages 65-74, and only 11.0% was over the age of 75.

Hospital Discharges Due to Injuries and Poisonings

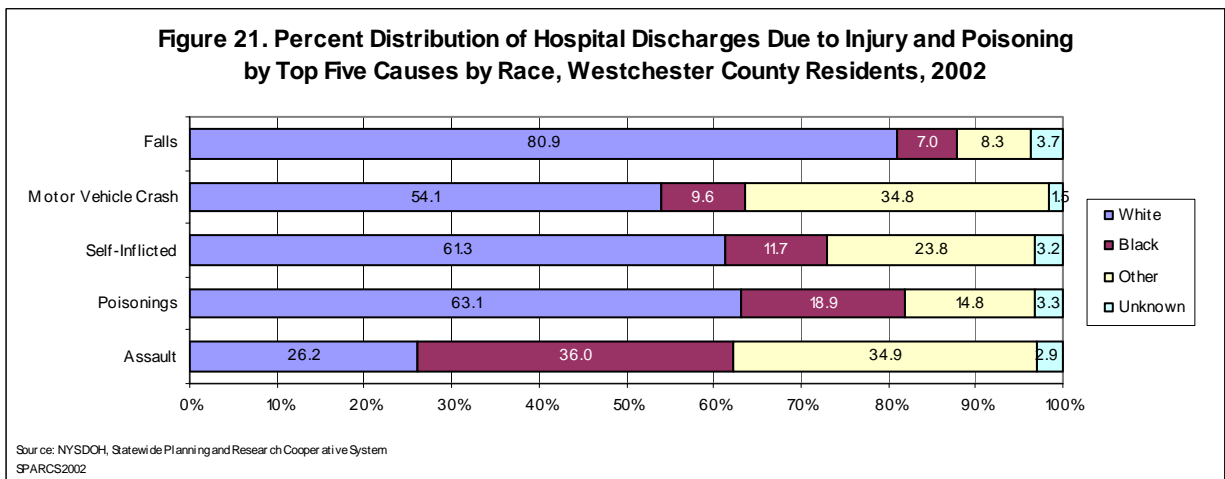
- During 2002, 5,015 cases were hospitalized due to injuries and poisonings as the principal diagnosis. An additional 1,770 cases were hospitalized with injury and poisoning identified as one of the related causes³. The total number of hospitalized cases due to injuries and poisonings reached 6,785 during 2002.

³ Including all the cases coded for external cause of an injury, poisoning, or adverse effect. The priorities for recording an external code (E-code) are: a) principal diagnosis of an injury or poisoning, b) 14 other diagnosis and admission diagnosis of an injury, poisoning, or adverse effect directly related to the principal diagnosis, and c) other diagnosis with an external cause. Only the first E-Code is recorded in this item.

- Over half of the hospitalized injuries and poisoning cases were due to falls (51.9%). About 10% of the hospitalized injuries was due to motor vehicle accidents. Other major hospitalized injuries included 282 self-inflicted injuries (4.2%), 275 injuries related to assault (4.1%), 244 accidental poisonings (3.6%), and 192 struck by object/person injuries (2.8%) (Figure 20).



- Of the hospital discharges due to falls, 72.7% occurred among persons 65 years of age and older. More females were hospitalized due to falls (2,235 cases, or 63.5% of all falls) than males (1,286 cases, or 36.5% of all falls).
- White residents accounted for 80.9% of the hospital discharges due to falls. Blacks accounted for 7.0% of the hospital discharges due to falls (Figure 21).



- Among all the hospitalized injuries due to motor vehicle accidents, over half occurred among those 18-49 years of age (55.3%). Almost two-thirds (62.0%) of the hospitalized cases due to motor vehicle accidents were among men.
- Over half of the hospital discharges due to motor vehicle accidents was among whites (54.1%) (Figure 21).

- There were more females than males among the self-inflicted injuries (63.8% vs. 36.2%). Whites accounted for over half of the hospital discharges due to self-inflicted injuries.
- The majority of hospitalized injuries due to assaults were among men (234 out of 275 cases).
- About a quarter (26.2%) of the injuries due to assaults occurred among whites while 36.0% occurred among blacks (Figure 21).

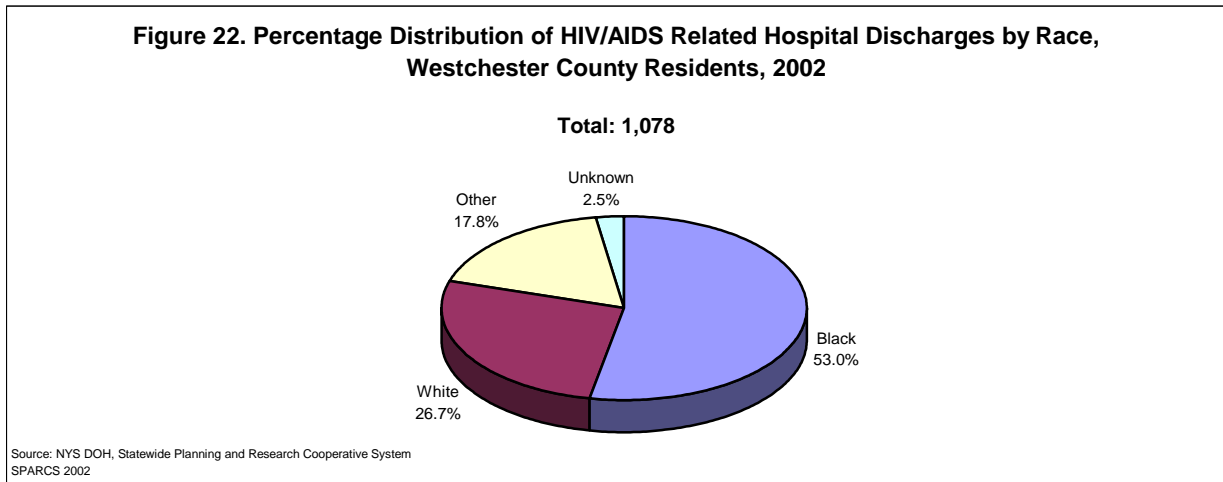
Other Hospitalized Cases

Diabetes:

- Diabetes was the principal diagnosis for a total of 1,378 hospital discharges in 2002.
- Among the diabetes cases, 55.1% was among whites and 31.1% among blacks, with blacks being disproportionately represented in hospital discharges among all diabetes discharges.
- Over fifteen thousand (15,697) cases had diabetes, identified by at least one of the 15 diagnoses⁴ for hospitalization.

HIV/AIDS:

- There were 1,078 hospital discharges related to HIV/AIDS⁵ in 2002 among Westchester County residents, of which 54.3% were among men.
- Over half (53.0%) of hospital discharges for HIV/AIDS was among black residents and 26.7% was among white residents (Figure 22).



⁴ Including the principal diagnosis and 14 other related diagnoses that coexisted at the time of admission, or developed subsequently, which affected the treatment received and/or length of stay. Diagnoses that related to an earlier episode which had no bearing on the current hospital stay were excluded. A patient may be included in more than one category.

⁵ Defined by considering principal diagnosis and all other relevant diagnoses. For details, please refer to Appendix 4.

Morbidity: Selected Diseases

Diseases Reported

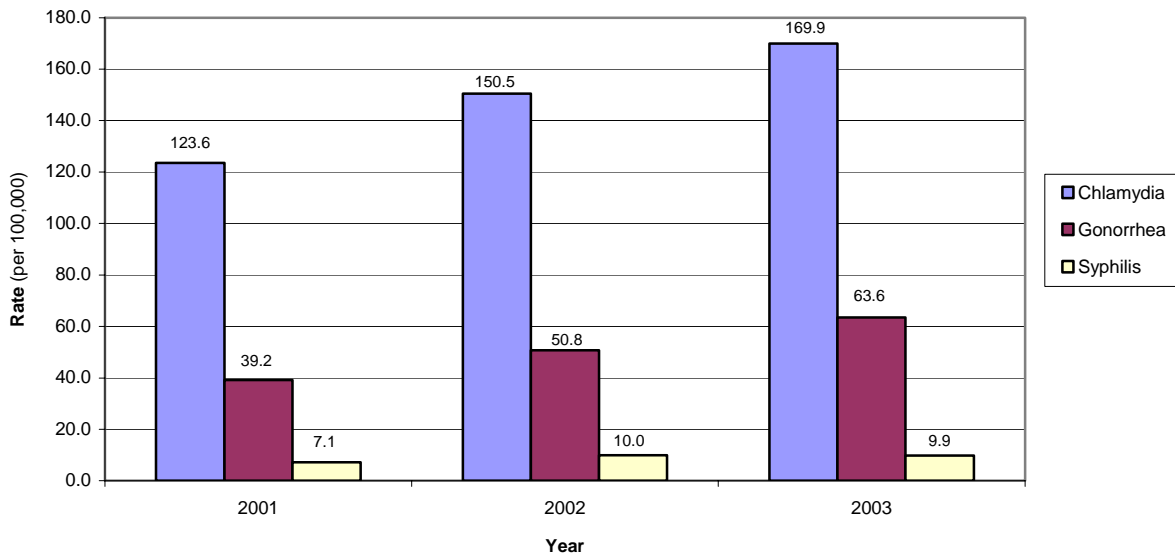
- In 2003, communicable diseases in 36 categories were reported among Westchester County residents.
- There were more cases of Chlamydia than any other disease category.
- The categories with the highest number of reported cases were:
 - Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STD)
 - Chlamydia (1,569 cases)
 - Gonorrhea (587 cases)
 - Vector-Borne
 - Lyme Disease (625 cases)
 - Enteric Infections
 - Salmonellosis (137 cases)
 - Campylobacteriosis (125 cases)
 - Giardiasis (110 cases)
 - CNS Diseases and Bacteremias
 - Meningitis (122 cases) consisting of:
 - Aseptic meningitis (39 cases)*
 - Meningococcal diseases (3 cases)*
 - Other Meningitis/Bacteremias (80 cases)*
 - Invasive Strep Pneumoniae (65 cases)
- There were 57 cases of Tuberculosis reported in 2003. Among these cases, about three-quarters were reported among the foreign-born population. Over half of all the Tuberculosis cases were Hispanic.

Sexually Transmitted Diseases

- Of the reportable diseases, Chlamydia⁶ was the most prevalent (169.9 cases per 100,000) in Westchester County. Gonorrhea was the second most prevalent STD in Westchester County (63.6 per 100,000), followed by Syphilis (9.9 per 100,000).
- In the past three years (2001-2003), the reported infection rate for Chlamydia has increased by 37% and by 62% for Gonorrhea. The reported infection rate for Syphilis increased by 41% from 2001 to 2002, but from 2002 to 2003 the rates were not significantly different (Figure 23).

⁶ Mandatory reporting of Chlamydia began in 1999.

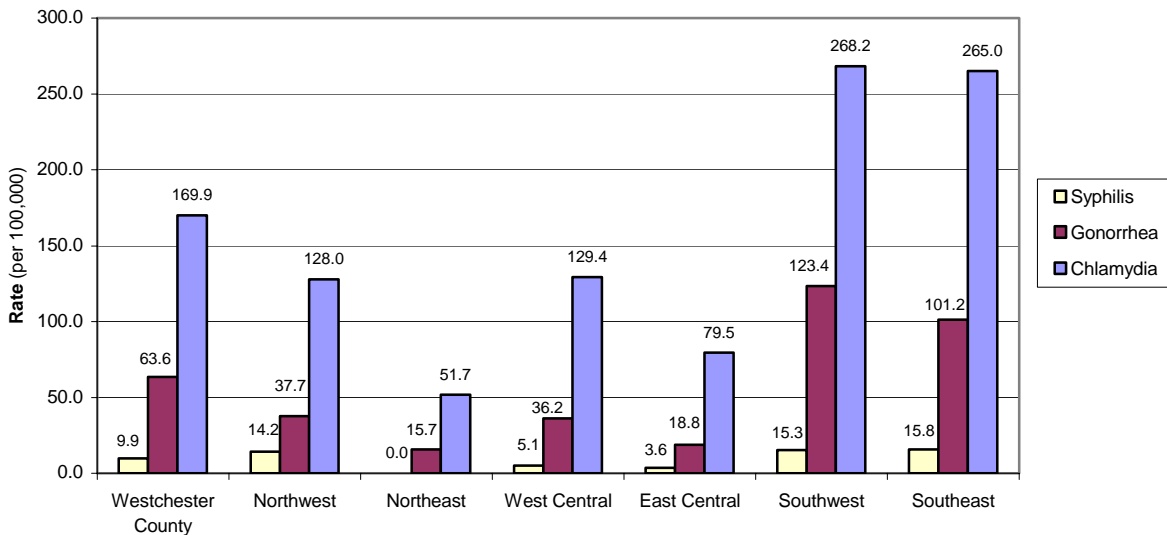
Figure 23. Infection Rates of Sexually Transmitted Diseases by Year, Westchester County, 2001-2003



Source: Westchester County Department of Health, Division of Disease Control.

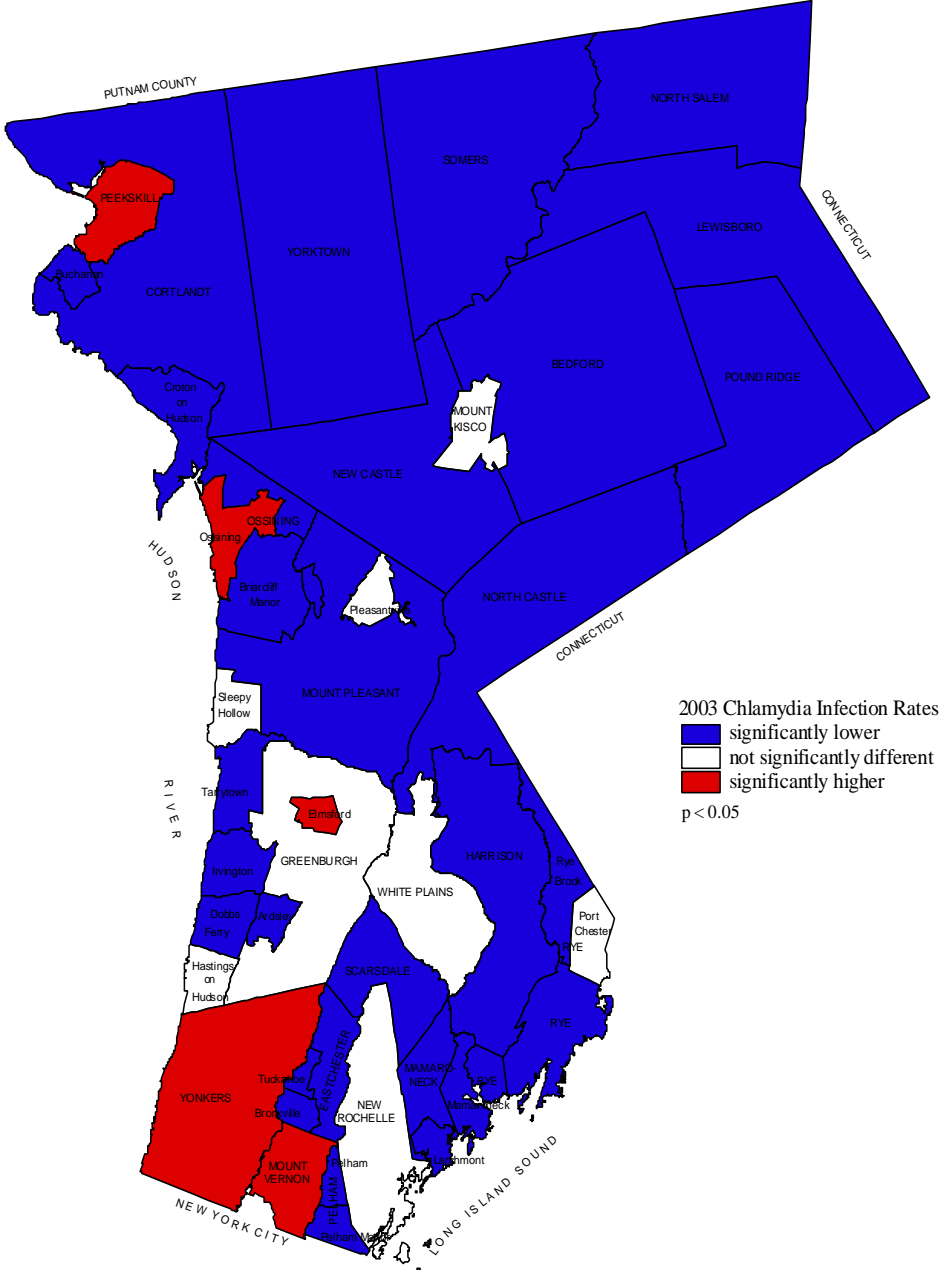
- The reported rate of Chlamydia infection was higher in the Southeast and Southwest HPRs (265.0 and 268.2 per 100,000, respectively) than in the overall county (Figure 24). A few municipalities presented significantly higher rates of Chlamydia infection than the county average. Such municipalities included: Mount Vernon, Elmsford, Yonkers, Peekskill, and Ossining (V) (Figure 25).

Figure 24. Reported Rates of Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STDs) by Health Planning Region, Westchester County, 2003



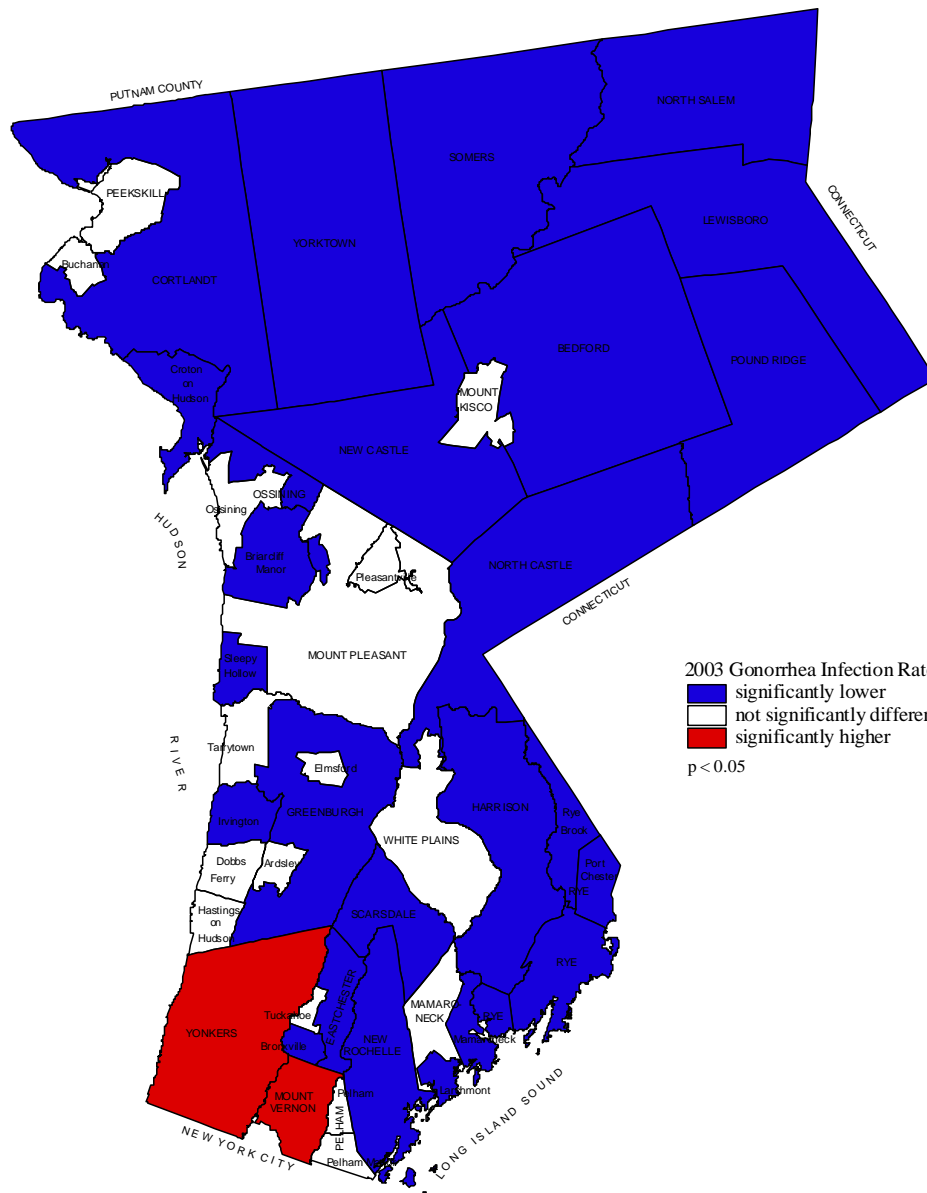
Source: Westchester County Department of Health, Division of Disease Control.

Figure 25. Comparison of Municipality Chlamydia Infection Rates with Westchester County Average, 2003

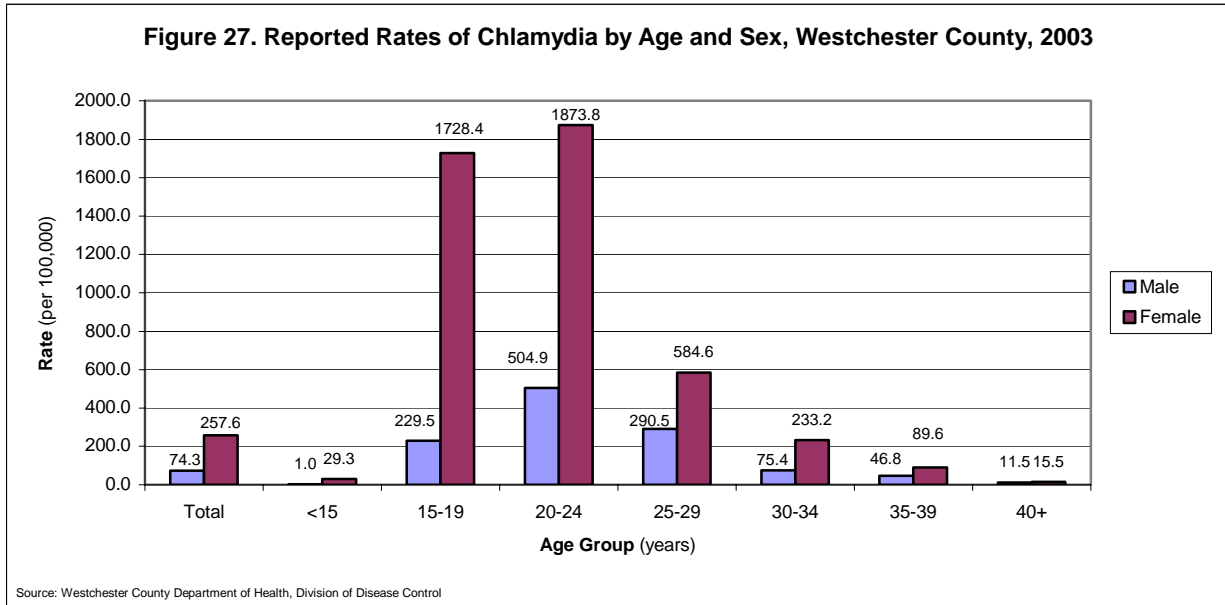


- The reported rate of Gonorrhea infection was higher in the Southeast and Southwest HPRs (101.2 and 123.4 per 100,000) than in the overall county (Figure 24). The municipalities with significantly higher rates of Gonorrhea infection included Mount Vernon and Yonkers (Figure 26).

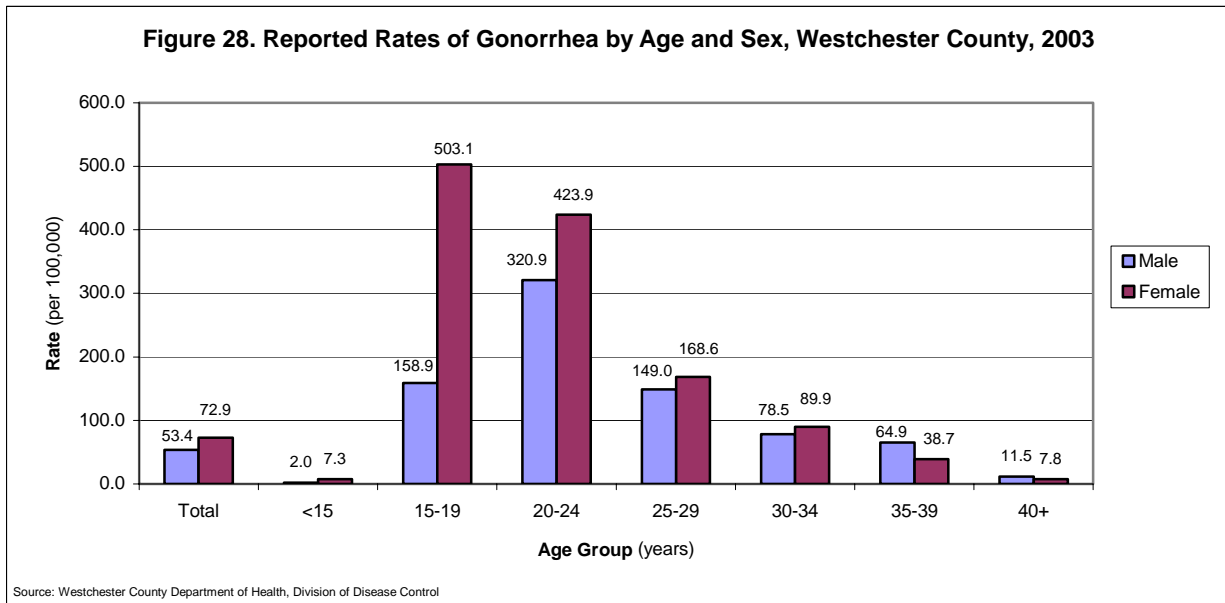
Figure 26. Comparison of Municipality Gonorrhea Infection Rates with Westchester County Average, 2003



- The reported rate of Chlamydia infection was the highest in the 20-24 age group (1192.5 per 100,000), followed by the age group 15-19 (947.3 per 100,000). Females had a higher infection rate than males in all age groups (Figure 27).

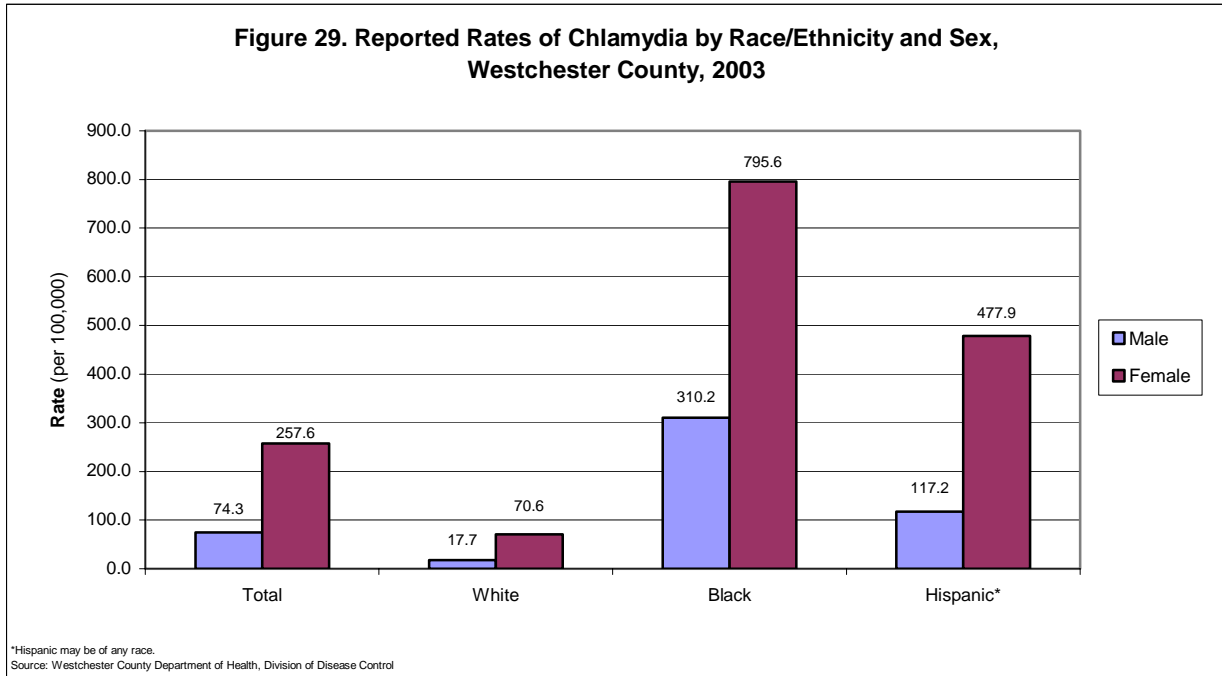


- The reported rate of Gonorrhea infection was the highest in the 20-24 age group (372.6 per 100,000), followed by the age group 15-19 (323.7 per 100,000). Males ages 20-24 years and females ages 15-19 years have the highest reported rate of infection (Figure 28).

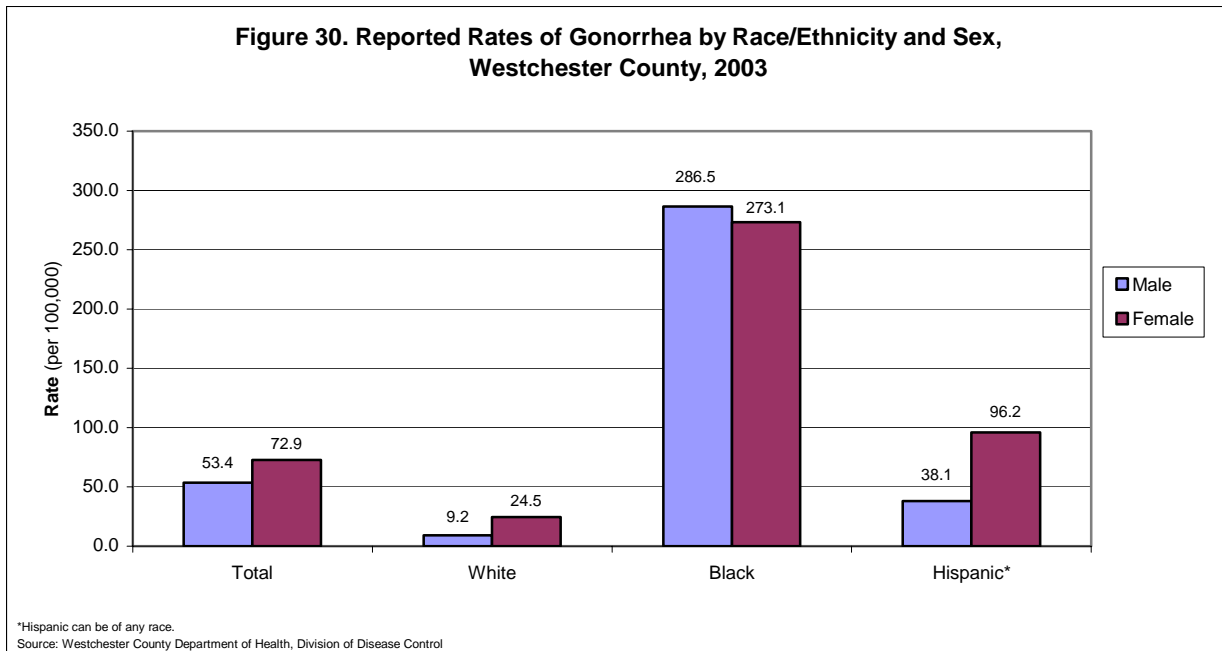


- Blacks are disproportionately represented among the reported cases of Chlamydia and Gonorrhea. Although blacks represent only 14.2% of Westchester County's population, 48.2% of the reported Chlamydia cases and 62.4% of the reported Gonorrhea cases were among blacks.

- The reported infection rates of Chlamydia were higher among white, black, and Hispanic females compared to males of the same race/ethnicity. Also, the Chlamydia infection rate for black women was 795.6 per 100,000 people compared with 70.6 for white women (Figure 29).



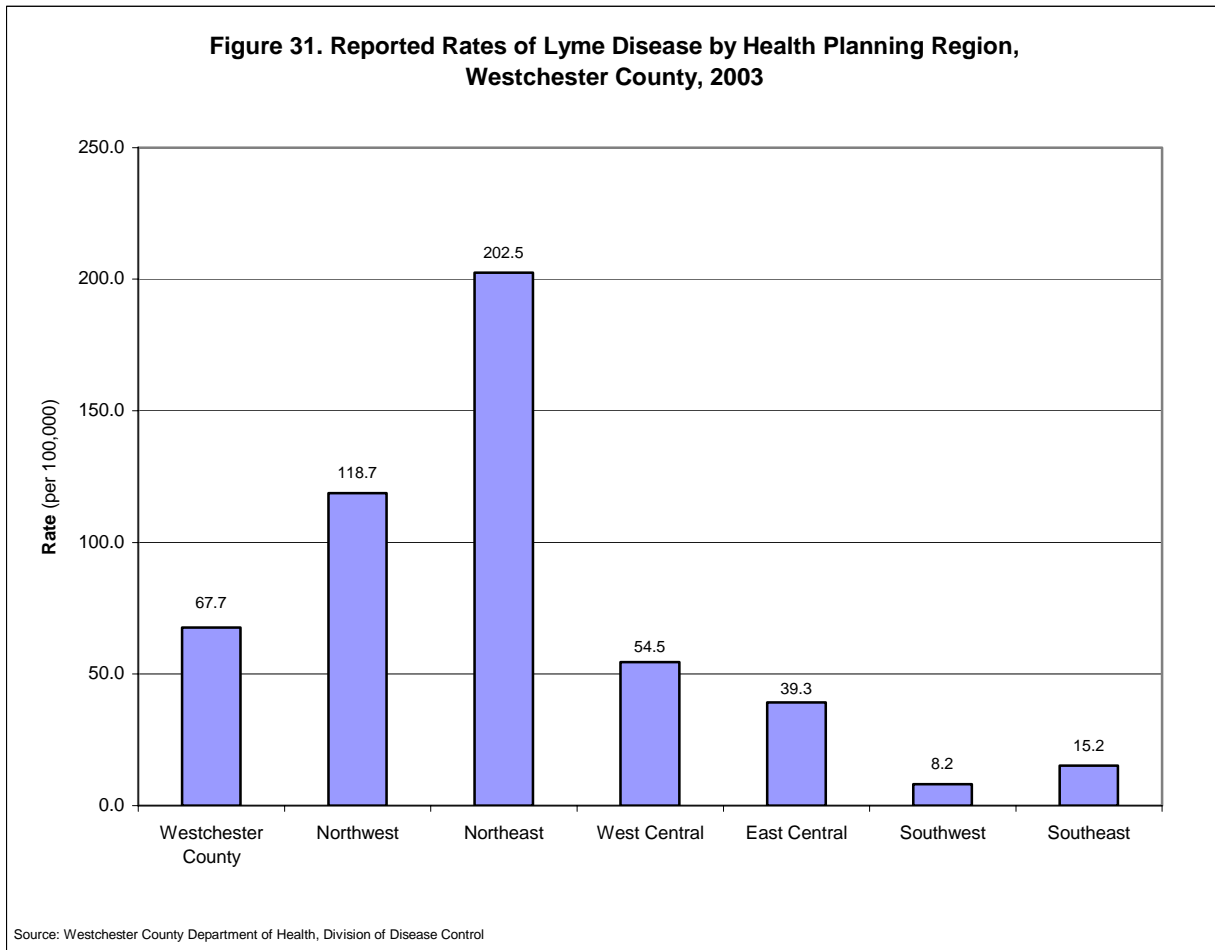
- The reported rate of Gonorrhea for blacks was 279.1 per 100,000, compared to less than 17.2 per 100,000 for whites. The reported rates of Gonorrhea infection were higher among white and Hispanic females compared to males of the same race/ethnicity (Figure 30).



- In the year 2003, 18 cases of Early Syphilis (primary, secondary, and early latent) were reported, 14 of which occurred in men who have sex with men (MSM). By comparison, only two out of the 12 early Syphilis cases reported in the year 2000 occurred among MSM.

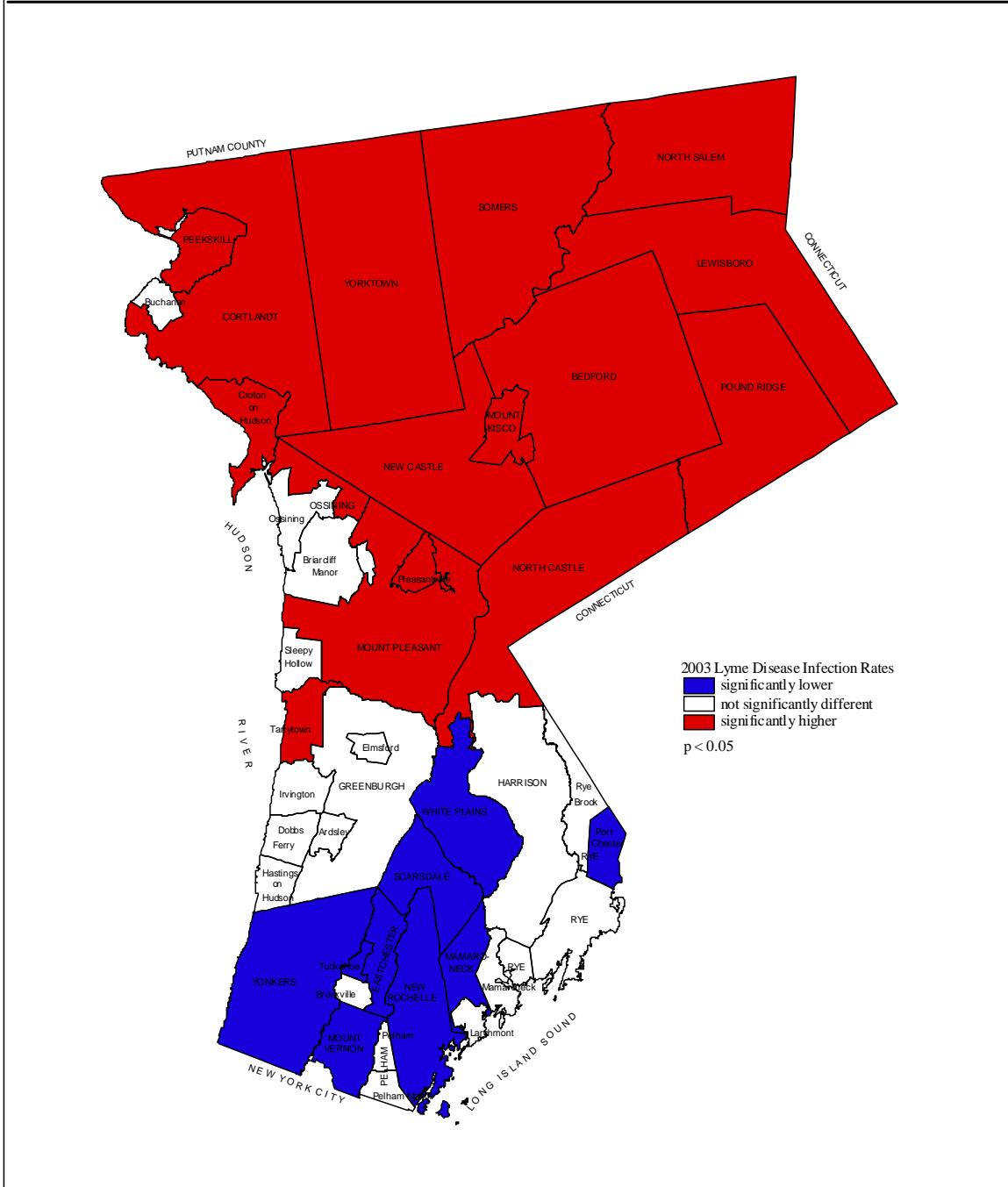
Tick-Borne Diseases

- Lyme Disease represented the majority of tick-borne disease cases in Westchester County (67.7 per 100,000) in 2003. Lyme Disease was more prevalent in the Northeast and Northwest HPRs (202.5 and 118.7 per 100,000, respectively) than in the overall county (Figure 31). As for Ehrlichiosis (another tick-borne disease), although there were 53 cases in 2002, in 2003 zero cases were reported.

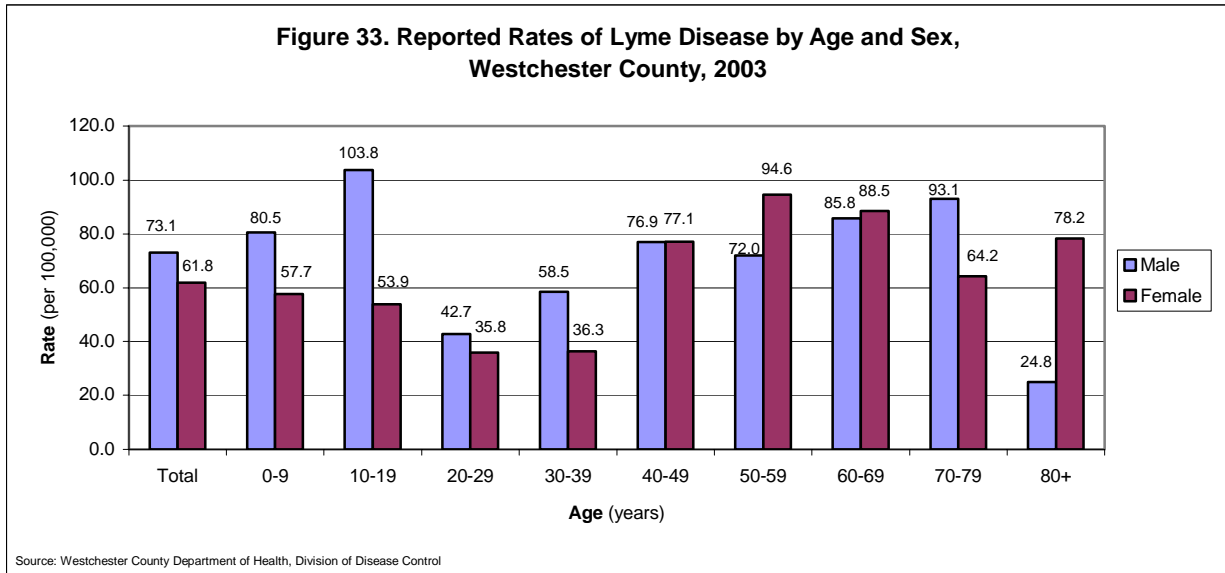


- While most of the Lyme Disease cases were located in the Northeast and Northwest HPRs, Tarrytown (153.3 per 100,000), located in the West Central HPR, also presented a higher rate of Lyme Disease infection than the county average (67.7 per 100,000) (Figure 32).

Figure 32. Comparison of Municipality Lyme Disease Infection Rates with Westchester County Average, 2003

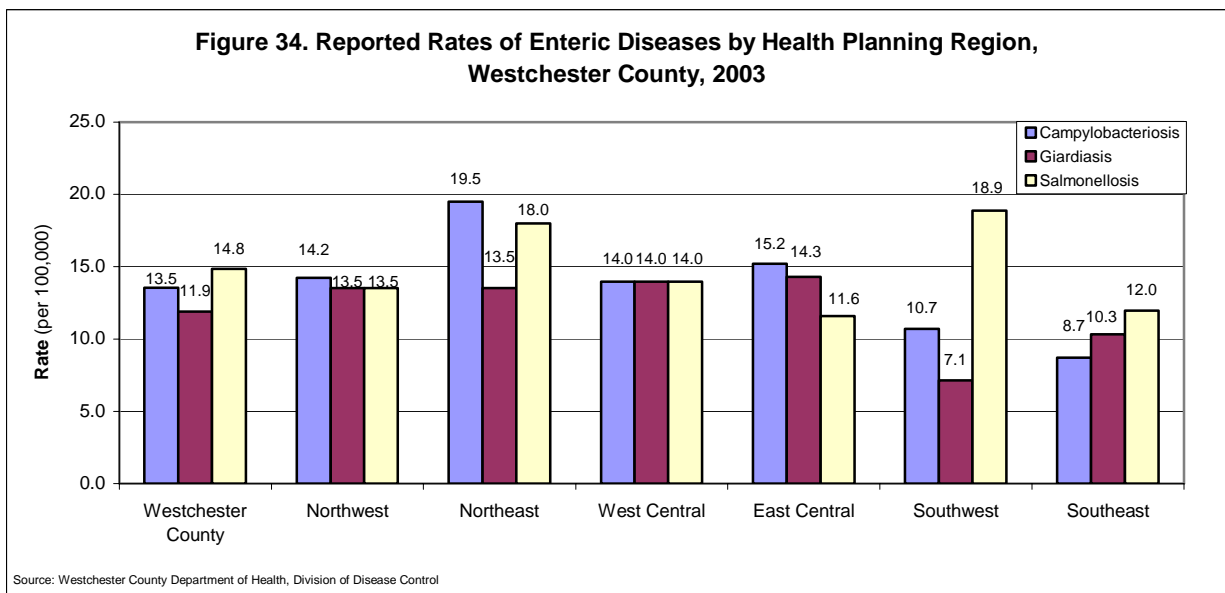


- The reported rate of Lyme Disease was highest in persons ages 10-19 for males and persons ages 50-59 for females (Figure 33).



Enteric Diseases

- The three most prevalent enteric diseases in Westchester County in 2003 were Campylobacteriosis, Giardiasis, and Salmonellosis. Of these three, Salmonellosis was the most prevalent (14.8 per 100,000), followed by Campylobacteriosis (13.5 per 100,000), and Giardiasis (11.9 per 100,000) (Figure 34).

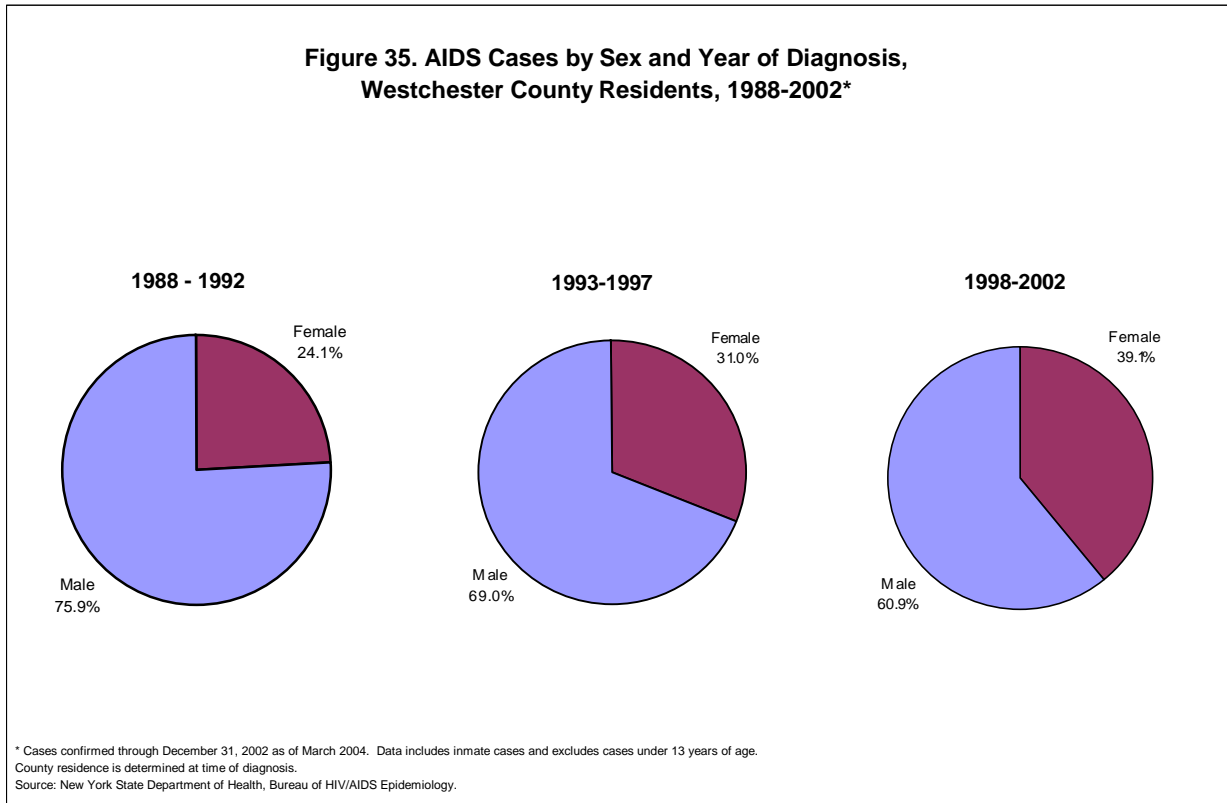


- Salmonellosis infection rates in all HPRs did not differ significantly from the rate for the overall county (14.8 per 100,000).

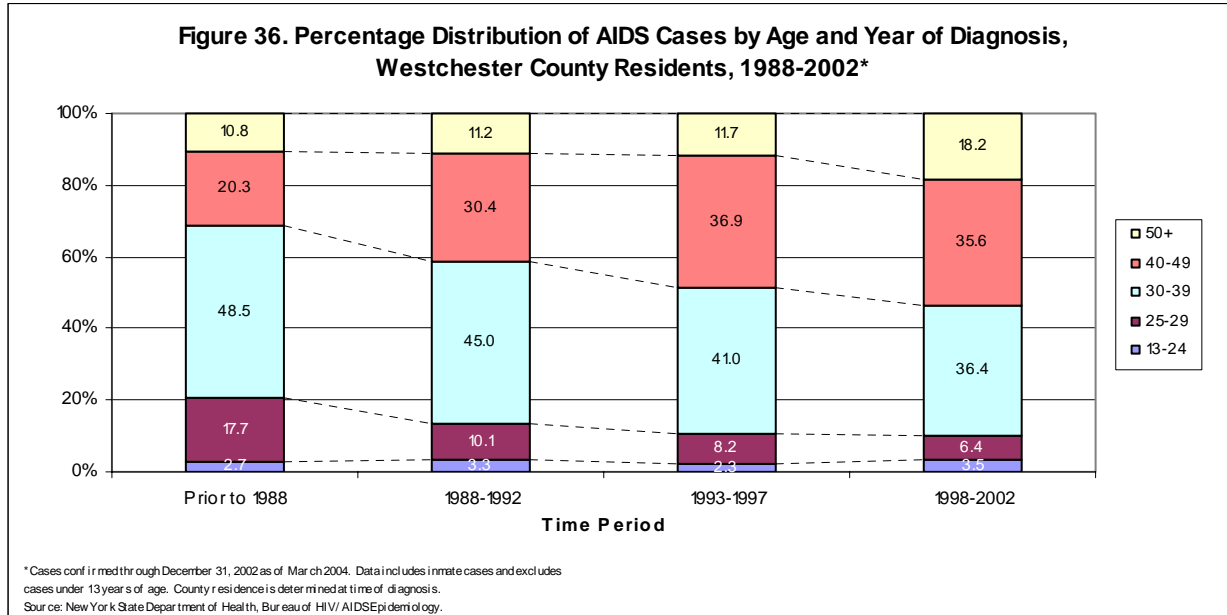
- The Campylobacteriosis infection rate was statistically higher in the Northeast HPR (19.5 per 100,000) and lower in the Southeast HPR (8.7 per 100,000) than the rate in the overall county (13.5 per 100,000).
- The reported rate of Giardiasis infection was less prevalent in the Southwest HPR (7.1 per 100,000) than in the overall county (11.9 per 100,000).

HIV/AIDS

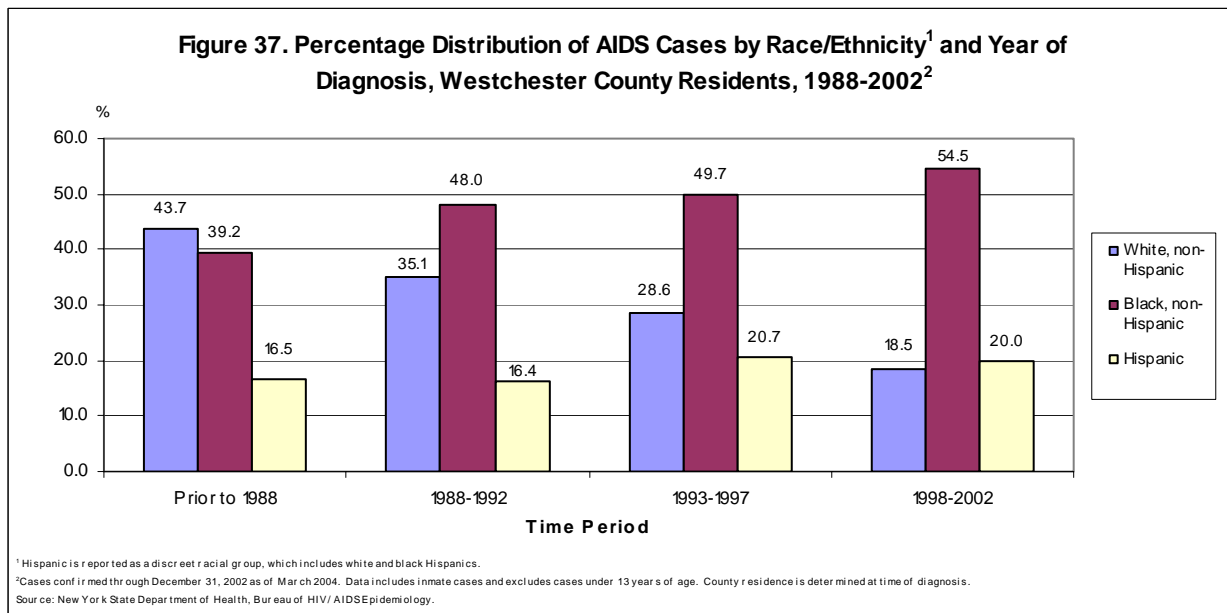
- HIV reporting became effective on June 2000. As of 2002, 737 persons living with HIV (not AIDS) were reported out of a total of 2,803 persons living with HIV/AIDS.
- AIDS continues to affect certain segments of the population disproportionately. As of December 31, 2002, a total of 5,471 cumulative HIV/AIDS cases were reported among Westchester County residents (13 years of age and older). Among them, 747 were HIV cases and 4,724 were AIDS cases.
- The proportion of female AIDS cases increased over time. Women accounted for 39.1% of all AIDS cases diagnosed from 1998-2002 compared to 24.1% among those diagnosed during 1988-1992 (Figure 35). Among cases diagnosed prior to 1988, 14.3% were female.



- Overall, the majority of all AIDS cases was among persons 30-49 years of age (42.0% was 30-39 years of age and 32.9% was 40-49 years of age). The proportion of AIDS cases 30-39 years of age had decreased from 45.0% in 1988-1992 to 36.4% in 1998-2002, while the proportion of AIDS cases 40-49 years of age had increased from 30.4% in 1988-1992 to 35.6% in 1998-2002 (Figure 36).

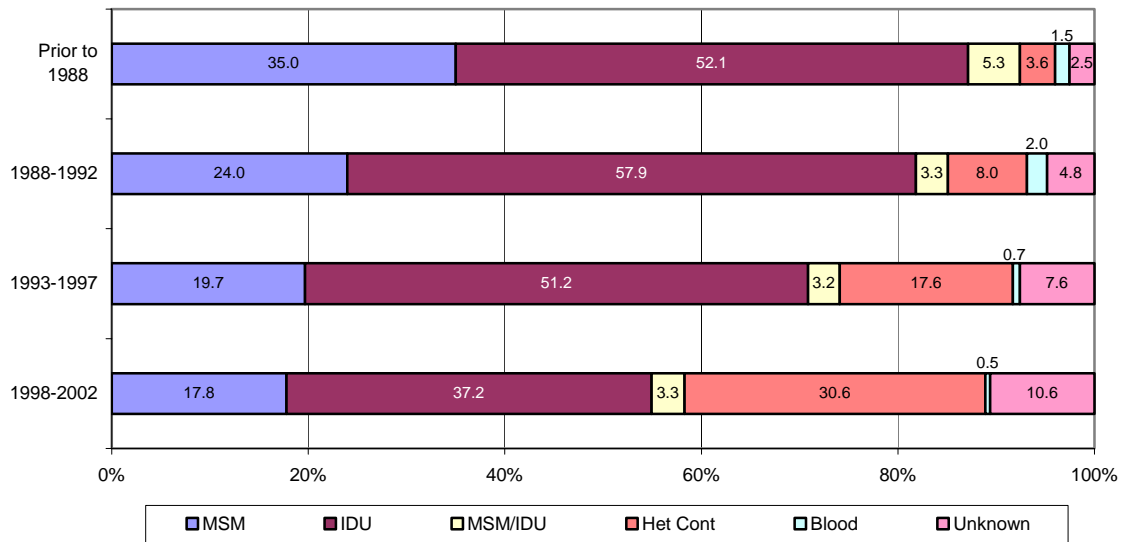


- The incidence of AIDS has continued to rise among black, non-Hispanics and remained level among Hispanics over the past 10 years. From 1998-2002, 54.5% of the reported AIDS cases were black non-Hispanic compared to 49.7% during 1993-1997 (Figure 37). Although black non-Hispanics represent 13.6% of Westchester County's population, 47.4% of the reported AIDS cases in 2002 were among black non-Hispanics.



- The mode of transmission for AIDS has shifted over the past 21 years. Prior to 1988, over a third (35%) of the AIDS cases were among men having sex with men (MSM). Over half (52.1%) was among intravenous drug users (IDU). The number of cases due to heterosexual contact was small. By 2002, of the AIDS cases diagnosed in that year, 17.5% was among MSM, 25.1% was among IDU, and over one-third (35.1%) was among people with heterosexual contact. For all the cases diagnosed during 1998-2002, 17.8% were MSM, a decrease from 35.0% prior to 1988; 37.2% were IDU, a decrease from 52.1% prior to 1988; and 30.6% of the cases were heterosexual, an increase from 3.6% prior to 1988 (Figure 38).

Figure 38. Percentage Distribution of AIDS Cases by Risk¹ and Year of Diagnosis, Westchester County Residents, 1988-2002²



¹ Definitions for risk: MSM - men having sex with men, IDU - intravenous drug use, Het Cont - heterosexual contact, and Blood - blood transfusion.

² Cases confirmed through December 31, 2002 as of March 2004. Data includes inmate cases and excludes cases under 13 years of age. County residence is determined at time of diagnosis.

Source: New York State Department of Health, Bureau of HIV/AIDS Epidemiology.

Tables

Table 1. Age, Sex, and Race/Ethnicity, Westchester County, 2000 and 2003

Demographics	Year 2000 Census ¹	2003 American Community Survey ²			
	Total	Total	%	90% Confidence Interval ³	
				Lower	Upper
Total	923,459	915,810	100.0	*****	*****
Under 5	64,242	61,479	6.7	*****	*****
5-9	67,993	72,508	7.9	67,031	77,985
10-14	63,757	57,932	6.3	52,624	63,240
15-19	54,363	53,080	5.8	49,599	56,561
20-24	46,962	46,550	5.1	42,267	50,833
25-34	123,467	114,718	12.5	109,801	119,635
35-44	157,033	154,047	16.8	151,458	156,636
45-54	129,998	135,468	14.8	133,434	137,502
55-64	86,680	99,025	10.8	88,130	109,920
65-74	66,785	62,373	6.8	60,593	64,153
75-84	44,520	44,773	4.9	40,944	48,602
85+	17,659	13,857	1.5	10,821	16,893
Median Age	37.6	38.5	-	38.0	39.0
Sex					
Male	441,722	439,755	48.0	437,520	441,990
Female	481,737	476,055	52.0	473,820	478,290
Race					
White	658,858	654,534	71.5	641,230	667,838
Black	131,132	131,999	14.4	128,950	135,048
American Indian	2,343	1,941	0.2	77	3,805
Asian and Pacific Islander	41,738	50,405	5.5	48,376	52,434
Other Race	61,227	62,009	6.8	48,740	75,278
Two or More Races	28,161	14,922	1.6	10,075	19,769
Ethnicity					
Hispanic ⁴	144,124	164,899	18.0	*****	*****
Hispanic White	67,082	92,903	56.3	*****	*****
Hispanic Black	5,905	2,673	1.6	*****	*****
Non-Hispanic	779,335	750,911	82.0	*****	*****
Non-Hispanic White	591,776	561,631	74.8	*****	*****
Non-Hispanic Black	125,227	129,326	17.2	*****	*****

¹ 2000 Census Summary File 1.

² 2003 American Community Survey: estimate excludes residents in institutions, dormitories, and other group quarters.

³ Certain estimates in the 2003 ACS are 'controlled estimates' and lower and upper bounds of confidence intervals do not apply.

⁴ Hispanic is an ethnic group and may be of any race. Therefore, Hispanics are also reported in the race categories.

Table 2. Educational Attainment, Population 25 Years and Over, Westchester County, 2000 and 2003

Educational Attainment	Year 2000 Census ¹		2003 American Community Survey ²			
	Number	%	Number	%	90% Confidence Interval	
					Lower	Upper
Population 25 and Over	628,941	100.0	624,261	100.0	620,249	628,273
With Less Than 9th Grade	43,762	7.0	35,612	5.7	29,186	42,038
Some High School, No Diploma	59,694	9.5	40,745	6.5	34,722	46,768
High School Graduate or Equivalency Exam	138,814	22.1	152,620	24.4	138,083	167,157
Some College, No Degree	95,004	15.1	81,608	13.1	73,021	90,195
Associate's Degree	34,743	5.5	39,572	6.3	32,089	47,055
Bachelor's Degree	132,557	21.1	131,367	21.0	120,617	142,117
Graduate or Professional Degree	124,367	19.8	142,737	22.9	133,325	152,149

¹ 2000 Census Summary File 3. Five percent sample of the households.

² 2003 American Community Survey: estimate excludes residents in institutions, dormitories, and other group quarters.

Table 3. Labor Force Participation and Unemployment Rate, Population 16 Years and Over, Westchester County, 2000 and 2003

Employment Status	Year 2000 Census ¹		2003 American Community Survey ²			
	Number	%	Number	%	90% Confidence Interval	
					Lower	Upper
Population 16 years and Over	716,252	100.0	713,591	100.0	710,786	716,396
Civilian Labor Force	452,417	63.2	472,155	65.9	461,180	483,130
<i>Employed</i>	432,600	95.6	442,328	93.7	431,391	453,265
<i>Unemployed</i>	19,817	4.4	29,827	6.3	24,704	34,950
Female Population, 16 years and over	382,194	53.4	376,452	52.8	373,560	379,344
Civilian Labor Force	213,866	56.0	220,738	57.8	212,016	229,460
<i>Employed</i>	204,099	95.4	208,184	94.3	199,327	217,041
<i>Unemployed</i>	9,767	4.6	12,554	5.7	12,689	12,419

¹ 2000 Census Summary File 3. Five percent sample of the households.

² 2003 American Community Survey: estimate excludes residents in institutions, dormitories, and other group quarters.

Table 4. Immigration and Language Spoken at Home, Westchester County, 2000 and 2003

Immigration and Language Spoken at Home	Year 2000 Census ¹		2003 American Community Survey ²			
	Number	%	Number	%	90% Confidence Interval ³	
					Lower	Upper
Total Population	923,459	100.0	915,810	100.0	*****	*****
Native	718,030	77.8	693,634	75.7	679,107	708,164
Foreign Born	205,429	22.2	222,176	24.3	207,646	236,706
<i>Non-Citizen</i>	<i>119,883</i>	<i>58.4</i>	<i>125,860</i>	<i>56.6</i>	<i>110,737</i>	<i>140,983</i>
Population 5 Years and Over	859,662	100.0	854,331	100.0	*****	*****
English Only	615,323	71.6	596,231	69.8	580,337	612,125
Non-English Language	244,339	28.4	258,100	30.2	242,205	273,995
<i>Spanish</i>	<i>123,616</i>	<i>50.6</i>	<i>137,132</i>	<i>53.1</i>	<i>128,252</i>	<i>146,012</i>
<i>Other Indo-European</i>	<i>84,695</i>	<i>34.7</i>	<i>82,725</i>	<i>32.1</i>	<i>69,828</i>	<i>95,622</i>
<i>Asian and Pacific Islander</i>	<i>26,176</i>	<i>10.7</i>	<i>32,467</i>	<i>12.6</i>	<i>25,526</i>	<i>39,408</i>
<i>Other</i>	<i>9,852</i>	<i>4.0</i>	<i>5,776</i>	<i>2.2</i>	<i>1,420</i>	<i>10,132</i>

¹ 2000 Census Summary File 1.

² 2003 American Community Survey: estimate excludes residents in institutions, dormitories, and other group quarters.

³ Certain estimates in the 2003 ACS are 'controlled estimates' and lower and upper bounds of confidence intervals do not apply.

Table 5. Household Structure, Westchester County, 2000 and 2003

Household Structure	Year 2000 Census ¹		2003 American Community Survey ²			
	Number	%	Number	%	90% Confidence Interval ³	
					Lower	Upper
Total Households	337,142	100.0	336,037	100.0	331,673	340,401
Non-Family Households	101,941	30.2	103,052	30.7	*****	*****
Family Households	235,201	69.8	232,985	69.3	224,503	241,467
Family Households	235,201	100.0	232,985	100.0	224,503	241,467
With No Related Children Under Age 18	113,047	48.1	122,780	52.7	120,713	124,847
With Related Children Under Age 18	122,154	51.9	110,205	47.3	103,790	116,620
<i>Married-Couple Families</i>	91,995	75.3	85,905	78.0	79,320	92,490
<i>Single-Mother Families</i>	24,646	20.2	20,441	18.5	15,959	24,923
<i>Single-Father Families</i>	5,513	4.5	3,859	3.5	0	8,511

¹ 2000 Census Summary File 1. Five percent sample of the households.

² 2003 American Community Survey: estimate excludes residents in institutions, dormitories, and other group quarters.

³ Certain estimates in the 2003 ACS are 'controlled estimates' and lower and upper bounds of confidence intervals do not apply.

Table 6. Number of Households by Income Group, Median Household Income, Source of Household Income, and Number and Percent of Population Under Poverty Level, Westchester County, 1999 and 2002

Socioeconomic Characteristics	Year 2000 Census ¹ (data for 1999)		2003 American Community Survey ² (data for 2002)			
	Number	%	Number	%	90% Confidence Interval	
					Lower	Upper
Total Number of Households	337,486	100.0	336,037	100.0	331,673	340,401
Income Groups						
Less than \$10,000	24,492	7.3	23,932	7.1	18,739	29,125
\$10,000 - \$14,999	14,518	4.3	10,716	3.2	7,668	13,764
\$15,000 - \$24,999	27,654	8.2	30,022	8.9	25,106	34,938
\$25,000 - \$34,999	28,000	8.3	24,271	7.2	18,933	29,609
\$35,000 - \$49,999	39,970	11.8	37,745	11.2	32,237	43,253
\$50,000 - \$74,999	56,607	16.8	55,682	16.6	49,021	62,343
\$75,000 - \$99,999	41,497	12.3	38,881	11.6	32,914	44,848
Over \$100,000	104,748	31.0	114,788	34.2	99,285	130,291
Median Household Income (dollars)	63,582	-	66,560	-	62,298	70,822
Source of Household Income						
With Social Security	90,540	26.8	92,676	27.6	87,100	98,252
With Supplemental Security Income	11,378	3.4	9,624	2.9	6,891	12,357
With Retirement Income	57,901	17.2	60,923	18.1	56,044	65,802
With Public Assistance Income	9,274	2.7	5,953	1.8	3,361	8,575
Population 18 Years and Over Below Poverty Level	78,967	8.8	73,543	8.1	56,848	90,238

¹ 2000 Census Summary File 3. Five percent sample of the households.

² 2003 American Community Survey: estimate excludes residents in institutions, dormitories, and other group quarters.

Table 7. Total Number of Births and Birth Rates, Westchester County, 2002

Health Planning Region and Municipality	Number of Births	Birth Rates (per 1,000 population)
Westchester County	12,763	13.8
Northwest	1,933	13.7
Briarcliff Manor (V)	64	8.3
Buchanan (V)	29	13.2
Cortlandt (TOV)	351	12.2
Croton-on-Hudson (V)	115	15.1
Mount Pleasant (TOV)	293	11.2
Ossining (TOV)	108	19.6
Ossining (V)	375	15.6
Peekskill (C)	373	16.6
Pleasantville (V)	74	10.3
Sleepy Hollow (V)	151	16.4
Northeast	1,677	12.6
Bedford (T)	258	14.2
Lewisboro (T)	154	12.5
Mount Kisco (T/V)	145	14.5
New Castle (T)	212	12.1
North Castle (T)	140	12.9
North Salem (T)	66	12.8
Pound Ridge (T)	67	14.2
Somers (T)	204	11.1
Yorktown (T)	431	11.9
West Central	1,997	12.7
Ardsley (V)	36	8.4
Dobbs Ferry (V)	104	9.8
Elmsford (V)	79	16.9
Greenburgh (TOV)	591	14.1
Hastings-on-Hudson (V)	49	6.4
Irvington (V)	73	11.0
Scarsdale (T/V)	157	8.8
Tarrytown (V)	167	15.1
White Plains (C)	741	14.0
East Central	1,602	14.3
Harrison (T/V)	257	10.6
Larchmont (V)	56	8.6
Mamaroneck (TOV)	203	18.2
Mamaroneck (V)	229	12.2
Port Chester (V)	502	18.0
Rye (C)	216	14.4
Rye Brook (V)	139	16.2
Southwest	2,878	14.7
Yonkers (C)	2,878	14.7
Southeast	2,623	14.3
Bronxville (V)	85	13.0
Eastchester (TOV)	245	13.2
Mount Vernon (C)	1,010	14.8
New Rochelle (C)	1,043	14.4
Pelham (V)	73	11.4
Pelham Manor (V)	59	10.8
Tuckahoe (V)	108	17.4
Unknown	53	-

Source: New York State Department of Health.

Table 8. Average Maternal Age and Number of Births by Mother's Age, Westchester County, 2002

Health Planning Region and Municipality	Average Maternal Age	Mother's Age								
		Total ¹	10-17	18-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-45	45+
Westchester County	30.8	12,763	183	379	1,561	2,616	4,408	2,880	687	46
Northwest	31.1	1,933	24	55	222	388	662	452	123	6
Briarcliff Manor (V)	34.2	64	0	1	1	6	25	26	5	0
Buchanan (V)	30.1	29	0	1	2	9	12	5	0	0
Cortlandt (TOV)	32.8	351	2	1	19	60	131	109	27	2
Croton-on-Hudson (V)	33.3	115	0	0	4	15	50	42	3	1
Mount Pleasant (TOV)	33.9	293	0	1	6	38	120	92	35	0
Ossining (TOV)	32.9	108	1	1	2	15	53	27	9	0
Ossining (V)	29.2	375	7	12	77	99	103	58	19	0
Peekskill (C)	27.9	373	11	29	86	96	88	49	11	3
Pleasantville (V)	32.6	74	0	0	2	14	35	18	5	0
Sleepy Hollow (V)	29.6	151	3	9	23	36	45	26	9	0
Northeast	33.1	1,677	4	10	71	238	698	516	132	6
Bedford (T)	32.7	258	1	4	15	35	108	74	20	1
Lewisboro (T)	34.5	154	0	0	3	20	52	57	21	1
Mount Kisco (T/V)	31.0	145	2	2	20	28	49	35	9	0
New Castle (T)	34.5	212	0	0	1	20	87	79	22	2
North Castle (T)	32.7	140	1	0	8	17	56	49	7	1
North Salem (T)	33.8	66	0	0	3	8	20	31	4	0
Pound Ridge (T)	34.6	67	0	0	1	4	28	27	7	0
Somers (T)	33.5	204	0	1	4	18	107	56	18	0
Yorktown (T)	32.4	431	0	3	16	88	191	108	24	1
West Central	31.5	1,997	16	39	200	390	728	498	118	8
Ardsley (V)	32.6	36	0	0	2	5	16	12	1	0
Dobbs Ferry (V)	31.5	104	1	0	9	25	39	26	4	0
Elmsford (V)	28.6	79	2	2	18	19	27	9	2	0
Greenburgh (TOV)	31.9	591	5	12	43	102	237	149	42	1
Hastings-on-Hudson (V)	34.0	49	0	1	0	10	13	20	4	1
Irvington (V)	34.0	73	0	0	3	6	32	21	10	1
Scarsdale (T/V)	34.6	157	0	0	1	8	70	67	10	1
Tarrytown (V)	32.0	167	2	1	8	35	69	39	13	0
White Plains (C)	30.2	741	6	23	116	180	225	155	32	4
East Central	31.7	1,602	15	29	141	283	640	394	86	14
Harrison (T/V)	32.5	257	0	2	13	42	110	80	10	0
Larchmont (V)	34.1	56	1	0	0	4	26	20	4	1
Mamaroneck (TOV)	33.9	203	0	1	3	22	91	63	22	1
Mamaroneck (V)	30.8	229	3	7	20	49	94	45	9	2
Port Chester (V)	29.0	502	10	18	101	132	151	71	15	4
Rye (C)	34.4	216	0	0	1	16	99	79	17	4
Rye Brook (V)	33.0	139	1	1	3	18	69	36	9	2
Southwest	28.7	2,878	77	155	528	763	829	429	92	5
Yonkers (C)	28.7	2,878	77	155	528	763	829	429	92	5
Southeast	30.3	2,623	46	90	391	538	837	584	130	7
Bronxville (V)	33.0	85	0	1	1	13	38	28	4	0
Eastchester (TOV)	33.6	245	1	0	5	34	103	77	23	2
Mount Vernon (C)	28.8	1,010	25	49	202	254	268	176	34	2
New Rochelle (C)	30.1	1,043	19	35	175	204	324	229	55	2
Pelham (V)	32.4	73	0	2	2	13	31	21	4	0
Pelham Manor (V)	34.6	59	0	0	0	5	26	23	5	0
Tuckahoe (V)	32.0	108	1	3	6	15	47	30	5	1
Unknown	30.1	53	1	1	8	16	14	7	6	0

¹ Total includes cases with unknown maternal age.

Source: New York State Department of Health.

Table 9. Percentage of Infants with Low Birthweight, Less Than 38 Gestation Weeks, and Late or No Prenatal Care, Westchester County, 2002

Health Planning Region and Municipality	Percentage of Infants Born With		
	Low Birthweight ¹	<38 Weeks Gestation ²	Late or No Prenatal Care ³
Westchester County	7.8	16.8	23.2
Northwest	7.5	16.2	20.6
Briarcliff Manor (V)	10.9	17.2	7.8
Buchanan (V)	10.3	10.3	10.3
Cortlandt (TOV)	8.3	16.0	12.8
Croton-on-Hudson (V)	7.0	12.2	13.9
Mount Pleasant (TOV)	7.9	19.5	10.6
Ossining (TOV)	6.5	14.8	5.6
Ossining (V)	3.7	12.0	30.9
Peekskill (C)	8.0	18.5	31.4
Pleasantville (V)	12.2	24.3	10.8
Sleepy Hollow (V)	9.9	15.9	33.8
Northeast	7.0	16.0	9.8
Bedford (T)	8.1	15.9	11.2
Lewisboro (T)	6.5	16.9	7.1
Mount Kisco (T/V)	6.2	11.0	13.1
New Castle (T)	8.5	18.3	10.8
North Castle (T)	5.0	13.6	12.1
North Salem (T)	7.6	19.7	6.1
Pound Ridge (T)	7.5	14.9	3.0
Somers (T)	5.4	14.2	4.9
Yorktown (T)	7.4	17.6	11.4
West Central	6.7	16.6	22.9
Ardsley (V)	5.6	13.9	8.3
Dobbs Ferry (V)	6.7	17.3	18.3
Elmsford (V)	5.1	16.5	30.4
Greenburgh (TOV)	7.5	18.1	22.2
Hastings-on-Hudson (V)	6.1	12.2	16.6
Irvington (V)	6.9	20.6	13.7
Scarsdale (T/V)	5.1	14.7	11.5
Tarrytown (V)	4.2	10.2	19.2
White Plains (C)	7.2	17.3	28.7
East Central	8.3	19.4	12.9
Harrison (T/V)	10.1	19.8	15.6
Larchmont (V)	1.8	3.6	10.7
Mamaroneck (TOV)	11.3	23.2	7.4
Mamaroneck (V)	5.7	17.0	16.2
Port Chester (V)	6.8	19.5	19.5
Rye (C)	8.3	20.8	1.9
Rye Brook (V)	13.0	20.1	4.3
Southwest	7.6	16.7	32.1
Yonkers (C)	7.6	16.7	32.1
Southeast	9.3	16.4	18.1
Bronxville (V)	5.9	14.1	8.2
Eastchester (TOV)	4.9	13.9	11.4
Mount Vernon (C)	11.4	17.0	21.7
New Rochelle (C)	8.9	17.0	18.0
Pelham (V)	11.0	13.7	8.2
Pelham Manor (V)	0.0	6.8	8.5
Tuckahoe (V)	9.3	19.4	19.4
Unknown	11.3	18.9	26.4

¹ Low birthweight is defined as less than 2,500 grams at birth. Those with no information on birthweight are excluded.

² Cases with no information on length of gestation are excluded.

³ Late or no prenatal care is defined as prenatal care begun at the second or third trimester, or no prenatal care throughout pregnancy. Those with no reported information on prenatal care were excluded.

Source: New York State Department of Health.

Table 10. Number of Births by Mother's Age and Race/Ethnicity, Westchester County, 2002

Mother's Age	Total		White		Black		Other		Unknown		Hispanic ¹	
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
Total	12,763	100.0	9,701	100.0	1,958	100.0	842	100.0	262	100.0	3,325	100.0
10-14	11	0.1	8	0.1	3	0.2	0	0.0	0	0.0	8	0.2
15-17	172	1.3	108	1.1	57	2.9	2	0.2	5	1.9	93	2.8
18-19	379	3.0	242	2.5	118	6.0	5	0.6	14	5.3	197	5.9
20-24	1,561	12.2	1,040	10.7	399	20.4	56	6.7	66	25.2	801	24.1
25-29	2,616	20.5	1,871	19.3	462	23.6	208	24.7	75	28.6	928	27.9
30-34	4,408	34.5	3,486	35.9	517	26.4	340	40.4	65	24.8	786	23.6
35-39	2,880	22.6	2,353	24.3	314	16.0	183	21.7	30	11.5	421	12.7
40-44	687	5.4	549	5.7	85	4.3	46	5.5	7	2.7	82	2.5
45+	46	0.4	41	0.4	3	0.2	2	0.2	0	0.0	9	0.3
Unknown	3	0.0	3	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-
Average Age	30.8		31.2		28.6		31.7		27.9		27.8	

¹Hispanic is an ethnic group and may be of any race. Therefore, Hispanics are also reported in the race categories.
Source: New York State Department of Health.

Table 11. Number of Births by Birthweight and Mother's Race/Ethnicity and Age, Westchester County, 2002

Race/Ethnicity and Birthweight	Total ¹	%	Mother's Age							
			10-17	18-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45+
Total	12,763	100.0	183	379	1,561	2,616	4,408	2,880	687	46
<1500 grams	170	1.3	5	5	24	30	47	43	15	1
1500-2499 grams	826	6.5	15	27	109	147	266	196	60	5
2500 grams+	11,764	92.2	163	347	1,428	2,438	4,095	2,640	611	40
White	9,701	100.0	116	242	1,040	1,871	3,486	2,353	549	41
<1500 grams	99	1.0	3	4	15	14	26	28	8	1
1500-2499 grams	537	5.5	7	17	57	79	193	133	45	5
2500 grams+	9,063	93.4	106	221	968	1,777	3,267	2,192	495	35
Black	1,958	100.0	60	118	399	462	517	314	85	3
<1500 grams	59	3.0	2	1	8	13	18	11	6	0
1500-2499 grams	197	10.1	8	10	46	46	41	38	8	0
2500 grams+	1,701	86.9	50	107	345	403	458	264	71	3
Other	842	100.0	2	5	56	208	340	183	46	2
<1500 grams	11	1.3	0	0	1	3	3	4	0	0
1500-2499 grams	87	10.3	0	0	6	20	30	24	7	0
2500 grams+	744	88.4	2	5	49	185	307	155	39	2
Unknown	262	100.0	5	14	66	75	65	30	7	0
<1500 grams	1	0.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
1500-2499 grams	5	1.9	0	0	0	2	2	1	0	0
2500 grams+	256	97.7	5	14	66	73	63	29	6	0
Hispanic²	3,325	100.0	101	197	801	928	786	421	82	9
<1500 grams	42	1.3	2	2	11	9	7	8	3	0
1500-2499 grams	157	4.7	3	15	40	35	32	25	7	0
2500 grams+	3,126	94.0	96	180	750	884	747	388	72	9

¹ Includes cases with unknown maternal age and unknown birthweight

² Hispanic is an ethnic group and may be of any race. Therefore, Hispanics are also reported in the race categories

Source: New York State Department of Health.

Table 12. Average Birthweight by Maternal Exposure to Smoking and Drug Use During Pregnancy by Mother's Race/Ethnicity, Westchester County, 2002

Mother's Race/Ethnicity		No Smoking & No Drug Use	Smoking Only ¹	Drug Use Only ²	Both Smoking & Drug Use
Total ³	Birthweight (g)	3,299	3,120 *	3,054 *	2,832 *
	n	12,306	334	54	66
White	Birthweight (g)	3,338	3,156 *	3,158	2,931 *
	n	9,416	227	26	30
Black	Birthweight (g)	3,142	3,034	2,953	2,749 *
	n	1,795	100	26	36
Hispanic ⁴	Birthweight (g)	3,329	3,130 *	3,091	2,632
	n	3,250	53	14	8

¹ Any use of tobacco products during pregnancy.

² Any use of cocaine, crack, heroin, methadone, marijuana, amphetamines, or unprescribed sedatives during pregnancy.

³ Total includes 'other' and 'unknown' racial categories

⁴ Hispanic is an ethnic group and may be of any race. Therefore, Hispanic ethnicity is reported among racial groups

* Statistically significant by Student's t-test, p-value<0.05. All comparisons are between the risk group and non-risk group, (the "no smoking and no drug use" group).

Source: New York State Department of Health.

Table 13. Number of Births by Time Starting Prenatal Care, and Mother's Age and Race/Ethnicity, Westchester County, 2002

Mother's Race/Ethnicity and Time Starting Prenatal Care	Total ¹	%	Mother's Age							
			10-17	18-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45+
Total	12,763	100.0	183	379	1,561	2,616	4,408	2,880	687	46
First Trimester (1st-3rd Month)	8,751	76.8	78	176	908	1744	3214	2109	497	25
Second Trimester (4th-6th Month)	2,132	18.7	69	137	450	505	529	345	88	9
Third Trimester (7th-9th Month)	375	3.3	26	36	98	98	65	43	6	3
None	131	1.2	6	17	25	35	32	11	5	0
Not stated	1,374	--	4	13	80	234	568	372	91	9
White	9,701	100.0	116	242	1,040	1,871	3,486	2,353	549	41
First Trimester (1st-3rd Month)	6,815	79.4	54	105	638	1276	2572	1743	402	25
Second Trimester (4th-6th Month)	1,458	17.0	40	92	280	349	380	250	60	7
Third Trimester (7th-9th Month)	239	2.8	18	30	67	60	34	24	4	2
None	74	0.9	4	9	8	21	21	7	4	0
Not stated	1,115	--	0	6	47	165	479	329	79	7
Black	1,958	100.0	60	118	399	462	517	314	85	3
First Trimester (1st-3rd Month)	1,218	67.1	22	63	216	290	354	212	61	0
Second Trimester (4th-6th Month)	454	25.0	28	36	130	98	84	63	14	1
Third Trimester (7th-9th Month)	94	5.2	5	5	20	27	21	14	2	0
None	49	2.7	2	8	14	10	10	4	1	0
Not stated	143	--	3	6	19	37	48	21	7	2
Other	842	100.0	2	5	56	208	340	183	46	2
First Trimester (1st-3rd Month)	617	80.3	1	2	36	149	257	140	32	0
Second Trimester (4th-6th Month)	118	15.4	0	2	13	28	44	20	10	1
Third Trimester (7th-9th Month)	26	3.4	1	1	4	8	7	4	0	1
None	7	0.9	0	0	2	4	1	0	0	0
Not stated	74	--	0	0	1	19	31	19	4	0
Unknown	262	100.0	5	14	66	75	65	30	7	0
First Trimester (1st-3rd Month)	101	45.9	1	6	18	29	31	14	2	0
Second Trimester (4th-6th Month)	102	46.4	1	7	27	30	21	12	4	0
Third Trimester (7th-9th Month)	16	7.3	2	0	7	3	3	1	0	0
None	1	0.5	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Not stated	42	--	1	1	13	13	10	3	1	0
Hispanic²	3,325	100.0	101	197	801	928	786	421	82	9
First Trimester (1st-3rd Month)	1,953	63.3	44	85	451	548	491	283	48	3
Second Trimester (4th-6th Month)	902	29.2	36	75	244	250	184	89	22	2
Third Trimester (7th-9th Month)	177	5.7	15	22	59	45	18	13	3	2
None	53	1.7	4	8	7	17	12	3	2	0
Not stated	240	--	2	7	40	68	81	33	7	2

¹ Includes cases with unknown maternal age.

² Hispanic is an ethnic group and may be of any race. Therefore, Hispanics are also reported in the race categories

Source: New York State Department of Health.

Table 14. Number of Total Pregnancies, Live Births, Spontaneous Fetal Deaths, and Induced Abortions by Maternal Age, Westchester County, 2002

Age (years)	Total Pregnancies	Live Births	Spontaneous Fetal Deaths	Induced Abortions	As % of Total Pregnancies		
					Live Births	Spontaneous Fetal Deaths	Induced Abortions
Total	17,223	12,763	529	3,931	74.1	3.1	22.8
10-14	42	11	0	31	26.2	0.0	73.8
15-17	489	172	3	314	35.2	0.6	64.2
18-19	821	379	9	433	46.2	1.1	52.7
20-24	2,756	1,561	37	1,158	56.6	1.3	42.0
25-29	3,521	2,616	77	828	74.3	2.2	23.5
30-34	5,166	4,408	161	597	85.3	3.1	11.6
35-39	3,440	2,880	151	409	83.7	4.4	11.9
40-44	907	687	75	145	75.7	8.3	16.0
45+	60	46	5	9	76.7	8.3	15.0
Unknown	21	3	11	7	14.3	52.4	33.3

Source: New York State Department of Health.

Table 15. Total Number of Deaths and Death Rates, Westchester County, 2002

Health Planning Region and Municipality	Number of Deaths	Death Rate (per 1,000 population)
Westchester County	7,331	7.9
Northwest	1,131	8.0
Briarcliff Manor (V)	75	9.7
Buchanan (V)	21	9.6
Cortlandt (TOV)	260	9.1
Croton-on-Hudson (V)	76	10.0
Mount Pleasant (TOV)	193	7.4
Ossining (TOV)	49	8.9
Ossining (V)	178	7.4
Peekskill (C)	186	8.3
Pleasantville (V)	46	6.4
Sleepy Hollow (V)	47	5.1
Northeast	885	6.6
Bedford (T)	90	5.0
Lewisboro (T)	41	3.3
Mount Kisco (T/V)	60	6.0
New Castle (T)	95	5.4
North Castle (T)	53	4.9
North Salem (T)	31	6.0
Pound Ridge (T)	29	6.1
Somers (T)	217	11.8
Yorktown (T)	269	7.4
West Central	1,196	7.6
Ardsley (V)	20	4.7
Dobbs Ferry (V)	105	9.9
Elmsford (V)	21	4.5
Greenburgh (TOV)	279	6.7
Hastings-on-Hudson (V)	96	12.6
Irvington (V)	29	4.4
Scarsdale (T/V)	98	5.5
Tarrytown (V)	95	8.6
White Plains (C)	453	8.5
East Central	780	7.0
Harrison (T/V)	142	5.9
Larchmont (V)	28	4.3
Mamaroneck (TOV)	73	6.6
Mamaroneck (V)	152	8.1
Port Chester (V)	197	7.1
Rye (C)	131	8.8
Rye Brook (V)	57	6.6
Southwest	1,613	8.2
Yonkers (C)	1,613	8.2
Southeast	1,694	9.2
Bronxville (V)	41	6.3
Eastchester (TOV)	167	9.0
Mount Vernon (C)	617	9.0
New Rochelle (C)	722	10.0
Pelham (V)	59	9.2
Pelham Manor (V)	37	6.8
Tuckahoe (V)	51	8.2
Unknown	32	-

Source: New York State Department of Health.

Table 16. Number of Deaths and Death Rates by Age Group and Sex, and Average Age of Death by Sex, Westchester County, 2002

Age Group	Number			Death Rate (per 1,000 population)		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	7,331	3,944	3,387	7.9	8.2	7.7
0-4	61	30	31	0.9	1.0	0.9
5-9	10	3	7	0.1	0.1	0.2
10-19	36	12	24	0.3	0.2	0.4
20-29	77	18	59	0.8	0.3	1.2
30-39	123	48	75	0.8	0.6	1.0
40-49	302	125	177	2.1	1.7	2.5
50-59	510	208	302	4.6	3.6	5.8
60-69	763	328	435	10.5	8.3	13.3
70-79	1,674	811	863	28.2	23.6	34.6
80+	3,769	2,358	1,411	105.7	97.7	122.7
Unknown	6	3	3	-	-	-
Average Age of Death	75.9	79.0	72.2	-	-	-

Source: New York State Department of Health.

Table 17. Number of Deaths and Death Rates by Age Group and Race/Ethnicity, and Average Age of Death by Race/Ethnicity, Westchester County, 2002

Age Group	Number						Death Rate (per 1,000 population)				
	Total	White	Black	Other	Unknown	Hispanic ¹	Total	White	Black	Other	Hispanic ¹
Total	7,331	6,297	951	77	6	339	7.9	9.6	7.3	0.6	2.4
0-4	61	39	19	3	0	17	0.9	0.9	2.0	0.2	1.3
5-9	10	5	5	0	0	1	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.0	0.1
10-19	36	21	15	0	0	6	0.3	0.3	0.7	0.0	0.3
20-29	77	58	16	2	1	19	0.8	0.9	1.0	0.1	0.7
30-39	123	82	41	0	0	19	0.8	0.8	1.8	0.0	0.7
40-49	302	207	90	5	0	42	2.1	1.9	4.8	0.3	2.2
50-59	510	376	121	11	2	31	4.6	4.4	8.4	1.0	3.0
60-69	763	595	153	15	0	48	10.5	10.3	16.8	2.8	9.1
70-79	1,674	1,470	183	19	2	62	28.2	28.6	34.2	7.5	24.0
80+	3,769	3,440	306	22	1	94	105.7	108.7	106.1	19.5	91.5
Unknown	6	4	2	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-
Average Age of Death	75.9	77.4	66.8	67.3	61.8	61.8	-	-	-	-	-

¹ Hispanic is an ethnic group and may be of any race. Therefore, Hispanics are also reported in the race categories.

Source: New York State Department of Health.

**Table 18. Number of Infant Deaths and Infant Mortality Rates,
Westchester County, 2002**

Health Planning Region and Municipality	Number	Infant Mortality Rate (per 1,000 live births)
Westchester County	57	4.5
Northwest	6	3.1
Briarcliff Manor (V)	0	0.0
Buchanan (V)	0	0.0
Cortlandt (TOV)	1	2.8
Croton-on-Hudson (V)	0	0.0
Mount Pleasant (TOV)	2	6.8
Ossining (TOV)	0	0.0
Ossining (V)	1	2.7
Peekskill (C)	1	2.7
Pleasantville (V)	0	0.0
Sleepy Hollow (V)	1	6.6
Northeast	6	3.6
Bedford (T)	1	3.9
Lewisboro (T)	1	6.5
Mount Kisco (T/V)	1	6.9
New Castle (T)	1	4.7
North Castle (T)	0	0.0
North Salem (T)	0	0.0
Pound Ridge (T)	1	14.9
Somers (T)	1	4.9
Yorktown (T)	0	0.0
West Central	11	5.5
Ardsley (V)	0	0.0
Dobbs Ferry (V)	1	9.6
Elmsford (V)	1	12.7
Greenburgh (TOV)	3	5.1
Hastings-on-Hudson (V)	0	0.0
Irvington (V)	0	0.0
Scarsdale (T/V)	0	0.0
Tarrytown (V)	0	0.0
White Plains (C)	6	8.1
East Central	5	3.1
Harrison (T/V)	1	3.9
Larchmont (V)	0	0.0
Mamaroneck (TOV)	0	0.0
Mamaroneck (V)	1	4.4
Port Chester (V)	3	6.0
Rye (C)	0	0.0
Rye Brook (V)	0	0.0
Southwest	14	4.9
Yonkers (C)	14	4.9
Southeast	14	5.3
Bronxville (V)	1	11.8
Eastchester (TOV)	1	4.1
Mount Vernon (C)	4	4.0
New Rochelle (C)	7	6.7
Pelham (V)	0	0.0
Pelham Manor (V)	0	0.0
Tuckahoe (V)	1	9.3
Unknown	1	-

Source: New York State Department of Health.

Table 19. Number of Infant Deaths and Infant Mortality Rates by Race/Ethnicity, Westchester County, 2002

Race/Ethnicity	Number	Infant Mortality Rate (per 1,000 live births)
Total	57	4.5
White	37	3.8
Black	17	8.7
Other	3	3.6
Unknown	0	--
Hispanic ¹	16	4.8

¹ Hispanic is an ethnic group and may be of any race. Therefore, Hispanics are reported in race categories.

Source: New York State Department of Health.

Table 20. Number of Deaths and Death Rates by Selected Causes and Sex, Westchester County, 2002

Cause of Death	Number of Deaths			Death Rate (<i>per 1,000 population</i>)		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	7,331	3,944	3,387	7.9	8.2	7.7
Major Cardiovascular Diseases	3,224	1,853	1,371	3.5	3.8	3.1
Malignant Neoplasms	1,794	918	876	1.9	1.9	2.0
Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease (CLRD)	327	181	146	0.4	0.4	0.3
Accidents (Total)	203	76	127	0.2	0.2	0.3
Pneumonia	189	100	89	0.2	0.2	0.2
Septicemia	179	103	76	0.2	0.2	0.2
Diabetes Mellitus	156	84	72	0.2	0.2	0.2
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome and Nephrosis	115	44	71	0.1	0.1	0.2
Chronic Liver Diseases including Cirrhosis	51	21	30	0.1	0.0	0.1
Suicide	50	12	38	0.1	0.0	0.1
AIDS	41	14	27	0.0	0.0	0.1
Homicide and Legal Intervention	32	8	24	0.0	0.0	0.1
Certain Conditions Originating in the Perinatal Period	31	11	20	0.0	0.0	0.0
Congenital Anomalies	23	12	11	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gastritis, Enteritis, Colitis, Diverticulitis	12	6	6	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sudden Infant Death Syndrome	4	0	4	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tuberculosis	2	1	1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Influenza	1	1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
All Other Causes	897	499	398	1.0	1.0	0.9

Source: New York State Department of Health.

Table 21. Number of Deaths and Death Rates by Selected Causes and Age Group, Westchester County, 2002

Cause of Death	Number of Deaths								Death Rate ² (per 1,000 population)							
	Total ¹	<1	1-9	10-19	20-29	30-49	50-64	65+	Total	<1	1-9	10-19	20-29	30-49	50-64	65+
Total	7,331	57	14	36	77	425	853	5,863	7.9	4.5	0.1	0.3	0.8	1.4	5.7	45.5
Major Cardiovascular Diseases	3224	1	0	3	3	80	252	2884	3.5	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	1.7	22.4
Malignant Neoplasms	1794	1	7	3	10	105	342	1325	1.9	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.4	2.3	10.3
Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease (CLRD)	327	0	0	2	1	9	30	285	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	2.2
Accidents (Total)	203	0	0	15	27	51	25	84	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.7
Pneumonia	189	0	0	0	0	6	11	172	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	1.3
Septicemia	179	1	0	0	0	4	17	157	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	1.2
Diabetes Mellitus	156	0	0	0	1	8	19	128	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	1.0
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome and Nephrosis	115	0	0	0	1	4	11	99	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.8
Chronic Liver Diseases including Cirrhosis	51	0	0	0	0	11	19	21	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2
Suicide	50	0	0	4	7	19	10	10	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
AIDS	41	0	0	1	1	30	8	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0
Homicide and Legal Intervention	32	0	2	1	10	14	3	2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Certain Conditions Originating in the Perinatal Period	31	30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Congenital Anomalies	23	12	0	1	0	2	2	6	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gastritis, Enteritis, Colitis, Diverticulitis	12	0	0	0	0	2	3	7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Sudden Infant Death Syndrome	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tuberculosis	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Influenza	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
All Other Causes	897	8	4	6	16	80	100	681	1.0	0.6	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.7	5.3

¹ Includes cases with unknown age.

² For infants under one year of age, the rate is calculated as per 1,000 live births (defined as infant mortality).

Source: New York State Department of Health.

Table 22. Number of Deaths and Death Rates by Selected Causes and Race/Ethnicity, Westchester County, 2002

Cause of Death	Number of Deaths						Death Rate (per 1,000 population)				
	Total	White	Black	Other	Unknown	Hispanic ¹	Total	White	Black	Other	Hispanic ¹
Total	7,331	6,297	951	77	6	339	7.9	9.6	7.3	0.6	2.4
Major Cardiovascular Diseases	3224	2824	377	23	0	103	3.5	4.3	2.9	0.2	0.7
Malignant Neoplasms	1794	1539	227	26	2	86	1.9	2.3	1.7	0.2	0.6
Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease (CLRD)	327	295	31	1	0	22	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.2
Accidents (Total)	203	163	36	3	1	11	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.1
Pneumonia	189	177	9	3	0	11	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.1
Septicemia	179	141	35	3	0	11	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.1
Diabetes Mellitus	156	119	35	2	0	9	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.1
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome and Nephrosis	115	91	23	0	1	8	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.1
Chronic Liver Diseases including Cirrhosis	51	43	8	0	0	8	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1
Suicide	50	47	2	0	1	6	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
AIDS	41	20	21	0	0	5	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0
Homicide and Legal Intervention	32	18	14	0	0	5	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Certain Conditions Originating in the Perinatal Period	31	20	11	0	0	3	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Congenital Anomalies	23	19	3	1	0	2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gastritis, Enteritis, Colitis, Diverticulitis	12	12	0	0	0	2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sudden Infant Death Syndrome	4	3	0	1	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tuberculosis	2	1	0	1	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Influenza	1	1	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
All Other Causes	897	764	119	13	1	46	1.0	1.2	0.9	0.1	0.3

¹ Hispanic is an ethnic group and may be of any race. Therefore, Hispanics are also reported in the race categories.
Source: New York State Department of Health.

Table 23. Five Leading Causes of Death by Health Planning Region, Westchester County, 2002

Five Leading Causes	Westchester County¹	Northwest	Northeast	West Central	East Central	Southwest	Southeast
Total	7,331	1,131	885	1,196	780	1,613	1,694
Rate	7.9	8.0	6.6	7.6	7.0	8.2	9.2
Major Cardiovascular Diseases							
Number	3,224	472	386	490	345	737	781
Rate	3.5	3.4	2.9	3.1	3.1	3.8	4.3
Malignant Neoplasms							
Number	1,794	255	213	308	196	395	424
Rate	1.9	1.8	1.6	2.0	1.8	2.0	2.3
Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease (CLRD)							
Number	327	59	44	51	36	70	64
Rate	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3
Accidents							
Number	203	41	24	40	18	44	34
Rate	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2
Pneumonia							
Number	189	25	26	38	27	34	37
Rate	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2

¹ Includes cases of unknown region. Rates are per 1,000 population.

Source: New York State Department of Health.

Table 24. Number of Deaths Due to Cardiovascular Diseases by Age Group and Sex, Westchester County, 2002

Disease Category	Total ¹	Age				Sex	
		0-29	30-49	50-64	65+	Female	Male
Total	3,224	7	80	252	2,884	1,853	1,371
Diseases of the Heart	2,624	5	65	206	2,347	1,489	1,135
Ischemic Heart Diseases	2,056	1	30	150	1,875	1,167	889
Acute Myocardial Infarction	538	1	9	51	477	293	245
Other Ischemic Heart Diseases	1,518	0	21	99	1,398	874	644
Hypertension with Heart Disease	70	0	0	8	62	39	31
Pulmonary Circulation Disease	23	1	5	6	11	20	3
Chronic Rheumatic Fever	7	0	0	2	5	7	0
Acute Rheumatic Fever	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Diseases of the Heart	468	3	30	40	394	256	212
Other Cardiovascular Diseases	600	2	15	46	537	364	236
Cerebrovascular Disease	434	2	13	26	393	272	162
Hypertension with or without Renal Disease	56	0	1	6	49	34	22
Atherosclerosis	46	0	0	0	46	33	13
Other Diseases of the Circulatory System	64	0	1	14	49	25	39

¹ Includes cases with unknown age.

Source: New York State Department of Health.

Table 25. Number of Deaths Due to Cardiovascular Diseases by Race/Ethnicity, Westchester County, 2002

Disease Category	Total	White	Black	Other	Hispanic¹
Total	3,224	2,824	377	23	103
Diseases of the Heart	2,624	2,317	288	19	80
Ischemic Heart Diseases	2,056	1,830	212	14	60
Acute Myocardial Infarction	538	479	56	3	12
Other Ischemic Heart Diseases	1,518	1,351	156	11	48
Hypertension with Heart Disease	70	59	10	1	3
Pulmonary Circulation Disease	23	13	9	1	0
Chronic Rheumatic Fever	7	6	1	0	0
Acute Rheumatic Fever	0	0	0	0	0
Other Diseases of the Heart	468	409	56	3	17
Other Cardiovascular Diseases	600	507	89	4	23
Cerebrovascular Disease	434	371	61	2	18
Hypertension with or without Renal Disease	56	42	14	0	3
Atherosclerosis	46	42	4	0	1
Other Diseases of the Circulatory System	64	52	10	2	1

¹ Hispanic is an ethnic group and may be of any race. Therefore, Hispanics are also reported in the race categories.
Source: New York State Department of Health.

Table 26. Number of Deaths Due to Malignant Neoplasms by Age Group and Sex, Westchester County, 2002

Disease Category	Total ¹	Age				Sex	
		0-29	30-49	50-64	65+	Female	Male
Total	1,794	21	105	342	1,325	918	876
Digestive Organs and Peritoneum	499	0	28	95	375	245	254
Respiratory System	439	0	17	85	337	204	235
Genital Organs	210	1	12	29	168	101	109
Lymphatic and Hematopoietic Tissues	204	9	13	35	147	87	117
Breast	141	1	21	33	86	139	2
Urinary Organs	84	2	1	8	73	30	54
Buccal Cavity and Pharynx	15	0	0	7	8	6	9
Other and Unspecified Sites	202	8	13	50	131	106	96

¹ Total include cases with missing information.
Source: New York State Department of Health.

Table 27. Number of Deaths Due to Malignant Neoplasms by Race/Ethnicity, Westchester County, 2002

Disease Category	Total	White	Black	Other	Unknown	Hispanic¹
Total	1,794	1,539	227	26	2	86
Digestive Organs and Peritoneum	499	425	61	13	0	29
Respiratory System	439	386	49	2	2	11
Genital Organs	210	171	35	4	0	6
Lymphatic and Hematopoietic Tissues	204	182	18	4	0	15
Breast	141	117	24	0	0	11
Urinary Organs	84	78	5	1	0	6
Buccal Cavity and Pharynx	15	14	1	0	0	1
Other and Unspecified Sites	202	166	34	2	0	7

¹ Hispanic is an ethnic group and may be of any race. Therefore, Hispanics are also reported in the race categories.

Source: New York State Department of Health.

Table 28. Total Number of Hospital Discharges and Average Length of Stay by Sex and Age, Westchester County Residents, 2002

Age (years)	Total ²		Female			Male		
	Number of Discharges	Average Length of Stay (days)	Number of Discharges	%	Average Length of Stay (days)	Number of Discharges	%	Average Length of Stay (days)
Total	112,103	6.2	64,801	57.8	6.0	47,298	42.2	6.6
Newborn ¹	10,838	3.7	5,354	49.4	3.6	5,483	50.6	3.8
<1	1,460	5.6	630	43.2	5.8	830	56.8	5.5
1-2	957	3.7	428	44.7	4.5	529	55.3	3.1
3-4	542	4.2	255	47.0	4.3	287	53.0	4.0
5-6	415	4.0	184	44.3	3.2	231	55.7	4.7
7-8	402	7.2	171	42.5	7.0	231	57.5	7.4
9-10	430	9.4	151	35.1	7.6	279	64.9	10.4
11-12	473	8.7	181	38.3	7.0	292	61.7	9.7
13-14	696	10.7	357	51.3	10.0	339	48.7	11.3
15-16	856	8.6	485	56.7	8.2	371	43.3	9.1
17-18	972	7.8	578	59.5	6.5	394	40.5	9.7
19-20	1,297	5.5	905	69.8	4.7	392	30.2	7.3
21-22	1,360	5.1	1,015	74.6	4.3	345	25.4	7.4
23-24	1,500	5.6	1,111	74.1	4.4	389	25.9	9.2
25-29	4,672	4.6	3,620	77.5	3.8	1,052	22.5	7.5
30-34	7,050	4.4	5,601	79.4	3.8	1,449	20.6	6.8
35-39	7,070	5.1	4,847	68.6	4.5	2,223	31.4	6.6
40-44	5,698	6.2	3,308	58.1	5.7	2,390	41.9	6.9
45-49	5,518	6.3	2,954	53.5	6.4	2,564	46.5	6.2
50-54	5,805	6.3	2,870	49.4	6.3	2,935	50.6	6.3
55-59	5,990	6.3	2,968	49.5	6.4	3,021	50.4	6.2
60-64	5,804	6.9	2,881	49.6	7.0	2,923	50.4	6.8
65-69	6,575	7.1	3,329	50.6	7.1	3,245	49.4	7.1
70-74	8,365	7.4	4,283	51.2	7.7	4,082	48.8	7.1
75-79	9,122	7.6	4,813	52.8	7.8	4,309	47.2	7.3
80-84	8,067	7.5	4,639	57.5	7.4	3,427	42.5	7.7
85 and above	10,169	7.6	6,883	67.7	7.5	3,286	32.3	7.8
Total Excluding Newborns	101,265	6.5	59,447	58.7	6.2	41,815	41.3	7.0
Total Excluding Newborns & Obstetric	88,875	7.0	47,057	52.9	7.0	41,815	47.0	7.0

¹ Only includes newborns delivered in New York State hospitals.

² Totals may include unknown sex.

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS). Data as of 08/11/2003.

Table 29. Total Number and Percent of Hospital Discharges by Service Category and Hospital, Westchester County Residents, 2002

New York State Hospitals	Total		Medical		Surgical		Pediatric		Obstetrical		Nursery/Newborn		Psychiatric	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Total	112,103	100.0	38,764	100.0	36,355	100.0	4,820	100.0	12,390	100.0	10,838	100.0	8,936	100.0
Westchester County Acute Care Hospitals	89,098	79.5	33,514	86.5	26,750	73.6	3,694	76.6	10,561	85.2	9,176	84.7	5,403	60.5
Westchester Medical Center	13,853	12.4	2,719	7.0	5,664	15.6	1,670	34.6	1,269	10.2	935	8.6	1,596	17.9
White Plains Hospital Center	12,038	10.7	4,304	11.1	3,577	9.8	220	4.6	1,859	15.0	1,722	15.9	356	4.0
St. John's Riverside Hospital - St. Johns Division	10,327	9.2	4,121	10.6	2,671	7.3	404	8.4	1,595	12.9	1,472	13.6	64	0.7
Lawrence Hospital Center	8,488	7.6	3,637	9.4	2,257	6.2	196	4.1	1,243	10.0	1,113	10.3	42	0.5
Phelps Memorial Hospital Center	8,427	7.5	3,513	9.1	2,407	6.6	167	3.5	907	7.3	855	7.9	578	6.5
Northern Westchester Hospital	8,046	7.2	2,730	7.0	2,102	5.8	342	7.1	1,327	10.7	1,277	11.8	268	3.0
Sound Shore Medical Center of Westchester	6,115	5.5	2,498	6.4	1,694	4.7	143	3.0	979	7.9	689	6.4	112	1.3
Hudson Valley Hospital Center	4,880	4.4	2,003	5.2	1,451	4.0	85	1.8	725	5.9	593	5.5	23	0.3
St. Josephs Hospital Yonkers	4,713	4.2	2,229	5.8	1,422	3.9	216	4.5	39	0.3	0	0.0	807	9.0
St. Agnes Hospital	3,941	3.5	1,258	3.2	1,049	2.9	229	4.8	592	4.8	520	4.8	293	3.3
New York United Hospital Medical Center	3,825	3.4	2,052	5.3	1,156	3.2	17	0.4	12	0.1	0	0.0	588	6.6
Mount Vernon Hospital	3,385	3.0	1,757	4.5	950	2.6	0	0.0	14	0.1	0	0.0	664	7.4
Community Hospital at Dobbs Ferry	1,060	0.9	693	1.8	350	1.0	5	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	12	0.1
Westchester County Specialty Hospitals	4,134	3.7	1,384	3.6	0	0.0	36	0.7	0	0.0	0	0.0	2,714	30.4
SVCMC - St. Vincents Westchester	1,766	1.6	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1,766	19.8
Winifred Masterson Burke Rehabilitation Hospital	1,372	1.2	1,371	3.5	0	0.0	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
New York Presbyterian Hospital at Westchester Division	948	0.8	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	948	10.6
Blythedale Childrens Hospital	48	0.0	13	0.0	0	0.0	35	0.7	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
New York County (Manhattan) Hospitals	11,652	10.4	1,795	4.6	6,662	18.3	718	14.9	1,130	9.1	1,105	10.2	242	2.7
New York Presbyterian Hospital at Columbia Presbyterian Center	2,361	2.1	366	0.9	1,272	3.5	318	6.6	180	1.5	183	1.7	42	0.5
New York Presbyterian Hospital at New York Weill Cornell Center	2,170	1.9	192	0.5	1,229	3.4	76	1.6	325	2.6	324	3.0	24	0.3
Mount Sinai Hospital	1,203	1.1	186	0.5	606	1.7	56	1.2	172	1.4	163	1.5	20	0.2
Lenox Hill Hospital	1,084	1.0	107	0.3	589	1.6	11	0.2	189	1.5	179	1.7	9	0.1
NYU Hospital Center	1,056	0.9	131	0.3	529	1.5	91	1.9	147	1.2	148	1.4	10	0.1
Memorial Hospital for Cancer and Allied Diseases	1,006	0.9	313	0.8	638	1.8	52	1.1	1	0.0	0	0.0	2	0.0
Hospital for Special Surgery	632	0.6	18	0.0	593	1.6	21	0.4	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
St. Lukes Roosevelt Hospital Center at Roosevelt Hospital Division	371	0.3	54	0.1	184	0.5	1	0.0	58	0.5	57	0.5	17	0.2
Beth Israel Medical Center/Petrie Campus	336	0.3	80	0.2	149	0.4	69	1.4	9	0.1	8	0.1	21	0.2
St Lukes Roosevelt Hospital at St. Lukes Hospital Division	276	0.2	35	0.1	216	0.6	7	0.1	3	0.0	3	0.0	12	0.1

(Continued)

Table 29. Total Number and Percent of Hospital Discharges by Service Category and Hospital, Westchester County Residents, 2002 (continued)

New York State Hospitals	Total		Medical		Surgical		Pediatric		Obstetrical		Nursery/Newborn		Psychiatric	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
New York County (Manhattan) Hospitals (continued)														
Beth Israel Medical Center/Herbert & Nell Singer Division	262	0.2	31	0.1	228	0.6	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	2	0.0
St. Vincent's Catholic Medical Center	223	0.2	50	0.1	117	0.3	1	0.0	22	0.2	19	0.2	14	0.2
Hospital for Joint Diseases at Orthopaedic Institute Inc.	144	0.1	42	0.1	94	0.3	8	0.2	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
New York Presbyterian Hospital at Allen Pavilion	104	0.1	25	0.1	33	0.1	0	0.0	22	0.2	20	0.2	4	0.0
All Other Hospitals	424	0.4	165	0.4	185	0.5	6	0.1	2	0.0	1	0.0	65	0.7
Bronx County Hospitals	5,117	4.6	1,391	3.6	2,209	6.1	324	6.7	537	4.3	425	3.9	231	2.6
Montefiore Medical Center at Henry & Lucy Moses Division	2,226	2.0	546	1.4	1,399	3.8	253	5.2	6	0.0	0	0.0	22	0.2
Montefiore Medical Center at Jack D. Weiler Hospital of A. Einstein College	1,231	1.1	172	0.4	402	1.1	0	0.0	339	2.7	316	2.9	2	0.0
Our Lady of Mercy Medical Center	721	0.6	210	0.5	209	0.6	42	0.9	155	1.3	84	0.8	21	0.2
Calvary Hospital Inc.	260	0.2	260	0.7	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Jacobi Medical Center	216	0.2	66	0.2	77	0.2	20	0.4	12	0.1	7	0.1	34	0.4
St. Barnabas Hospital	198	0.2	33	0.1	27	0.1	6	0.1	13	0.1	9	0.1	110	1.2
New York Westchester Square Medical Center	128	0.1	57	0.1	71	0.2	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
All Other Hospitals	137	0.1	47	0.1	24	0.1	3	0.1	12	0.1	9	0.1	42	0.5
Queens County Hospitals	209	0.2	46	0.1	77	0.2	14	0.3	27	0.2	23	0.2	22	0.2
Kings County (Brooklyn) Hospitals	114	0.1	34	0.1	31	0.1	4	0.1	16	0.1	15	0.1	14	0.2
Richmond County (Staten Island) Hospitals	28	0.0	4	0.0	6	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.0	2	0.0	15	0.2
Nassau County Hospitals	233	0.2	62	0.2	99	0.3	0	0.0	24	0.2	23	0.2	25	0.3
North Shore University Hospital	120	0.1	24	0.1	49	0.1	0	0.0	22	0.2	22	0.2	3	0.0
All Other Hospitals	113	0.1	38	0.1	50	0.1	0	0.0	2	0.0	1	0.0	22	0.2
Suffolk County Hospitals	66	0.1	28	0.1	20	0.1	3	0.1	6	0.0	5	0.0	4	0.0
Rockland County Hospitals	156	0.1	63	0.2	39	0.1	2	0.0	7	0.1	7	0.1	38	0.4
Nyack Hospital	117	0.1	33	0.1	35	0.1	2	0.0	7	0.1	7	0.1	33	0.4
All Other Hospitals	39	0.0	30	0.1	4	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	5	0.1
Putnam County Hospital(s)	1,014	0.9	377	1.0	365	1.0	10	0.2	73	0.6	49	0.5	140	1.6
Putnam Hospital Center	1,014	0.9	377	1.0	365	1.0	10	0.2	73	0.6	49	0.5	140	1.6
Hospitals North of Putnam and Rockland Counties	282	0.3	66	0.2	97	0.3	15	0.3	8	0.1	8	0.1	88	1.0

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS). Data as of 08/11/2003.

Table 30. Number of Hospital Discharges by Principal Diagnosis and All Related Diagnoses, Westchester County Residents, 2002

Diagnosis	Principal Diagnosis ¹		All Related Diagnoses ²	
	Number	%	Number	%
Total	112,103	100.0	112,103	..
Circulatory System	17,312	15.4	50,749	45.3
Digestive System	9,110	8.1	20,644	18.4
Mental Disorders	8,936	8.0	22,098	19.7
Respiratory System	7,987	7.1	22,029	19.7
<i>Asthma</i>	1,079	1.0	4,635	4.1
Neoplasms	6,953	6.2	13,664 ³	12.2
<i>Malignant</i>	5,238	4.7	10,318	9.2
Injury and Poisoning	5,015 ⁴	4.5	6,785 ⁵	6.1
Musculoskeletal System and Connective Tissue	4,901	4.4	14,667	13.1
Genitourinary System	4,433	4.0	18,290	16.3
Endocrine, Nutritional, Metabolic, and Immunologic Disorders	3,753	3.3	38,221	34.1
<i>Diabetes Mellitus</i>	1,378	1.2	15,697	14.0
Infectious and Parasitic Diseases	2,512	2.2	10,760	9.6
<i>HIV/AIDS</i>	266	0.2	1,078 ⁶	1.0
Skin & Subcutaneous Tissue	1,733	1.5	6,664	5.9
Nervous System and Sensory Organs	1,622	1.4	11,286	10.1
Blood and Blood-Forming Organs	1,304	1.2	15,111	13.5
Congenital Anomalies	407	0.4	2,013	1.8
Conditions Originating in the Perinatal Period	294	0.3	4,264	3.8
Symptoms, Signs, and Ill-defined Conditions	6,494	5.8	23,230	20.7
Supplementary Classifications - Other	3,136	2.8	37,387	33.4
Medical Misadventure, Abnormal Reaction, & Late Effects	2,904 ⁴	2.6	7,538 ⁵	6.7
Complications of Pregnancy, Childbirth and Puerperium	12,459	11.1	12,495	11.1
Supplementary Classifications - Newborns	10,838	9.7	10,838	9.7

¹ The principal diagnosis is the condition chiefly responsible for causing the admission of the patient into the hospital for care, as defined by ICD-9 Numerical Codes. Because the principal diagnosis represents the reason for the patient's stay, it may not necessarily have been the diagnosis which represented the greatest length of stay, the greatest consumption of hospital resources, or the most life-threatening condition. Furthermore, the principal diagnosis reflects clinical findings discovered during the patient's stay, therefore it may differ from admitting diagnosis.

² Including the principal diagnosis and 14 other related diagnoses that coexisted at the time of admission, or developed subsequently, which affected the treatment received and/or length of stay. Diagnoses that related to an earlier episode which had no bearing on the current hospital stay were excluded. A patient may be included in more than one category.

³ Including the principal diagnosis and 14 other related diagnoses that coexisted at the time of admission, or developed subsequently, which affected the treatment received and/or length of stay. A diagnosis in the V-class ranges V58.0-V58.10 (chemo-therapy and radio-therapy is also included). Diagnoses that related to an earlier episode which had no bearing on the current hospital stay were excluded.

⁴ Defined by ICD-9 Numerical Codes and E Codes.

⁵ Including cases coded for external cause of an injury, poisoning, or adverse effect. The priorities for recording an external code (E-Code) are: a) principal diagnosis of an injury or poisoning, b) other diagnosis of an injury, poisoning, or adverse effect directly related to the principal diagnosis, and c) other diagnosis with an external cause. Only the first E-Code is recorded in this item.

⁶ Including the principal diagnosis and 14 other related diagnoses that coexisted at the time of admission, or developed subsequently, which affected the treatment received and/or length of stay. In addition, it included any V-class coding as V0.80 and any of the variables for current, new or past New York State diagnosis-related group in the range of 700 to 716 or any current, new or past federal diagnosis-related group in the range of 488 to 490.

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS). Data as of 08/11/2003.

Table 31. Number of Hospital Discharges by Principal Diagnosis and Age, Westchester County Residents, 2002

Principal Diagnosis ¹	Total	<1 ²		1-12		13-17		18-34		35-49		50-64		65-74		75 +	
		N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Total	112,103	1,460	100.0	3,219	100.0	2,001	100.0	16,402	100.0	18,286	100.0	17,599	100.0	14,940	100.0	27,358	100.0
Circulatory System	17,312	11	0.8	44	1.4	24	1.2	243	1.5	1,358	7.4	3,712	21.1	3,991	26.7	7,929	29.0
Digestive System	9,110	147	10.1	367	11.4	196	9.8	866	5.3	1,600	8.7	1,939	11.0	1,413	9.5	2,582	9.4
Mental Disorders	8,936	1	0.1	238	7.4	706	35.3	2,379	14.5	3,472	19.0	1,228	7.0	401	2.7	511	1.9
Respiratory System	7,987	377	25.8	701	21.8	75	3.7	323	2.0	721	3.9	1,137	6.5	1,410	9.4	3,243	11.9
Neoplasms (including benign)	6,953	11	0.8	78	2.4	30	1.5	303	1.8	1,344	7.3	1,947	11.1	1,452	9.7	1,788	6.5
Injury and Poisoning	5,015	34	2.3	277	8.6	229	11.4	799	4.9	697	3.8	589	3.3	540	3.6	1,850	6.8
Musculoskeletal System and Connective Tissue	4,901	5	0.3	71	2.2	73	3.6	337	2.1	932	5.1	1,239	7.0	1,015	6.8	1,229	4.5
Genitourinary System	4,433	61	4.2	87	2.7	64	3.2	466	2.8	879	4.8	833	4.7	762	5.1	1,281	4.7
Endocrine, Nutritional, Metabolic, and Immunologic Disorders	3,753	62	4.2	265	8.2	69	3.4	269	1.6	607	3.3	681	3.9	560	3.7	1,240	4.5
Infectious and Parasitic Diseases	2,512	121	8.3	168	5.2	52	2.6	191	1.2	453	2.5	408	2.3	332	2.2	787	2.9
Skin & Subcutaneous Tissue	1,733	19	1.3	86	2.7	28	1.4	169	1.0	295	1.6	352	2.0	268	1.8	516	1.9
Nervous System and Sensory Organs	1,622	39	2.7	184	5.7	56	2.8	162	1.0	312	1.7	282	1.6	212	1.4	375	1.4
Blood and Blood-Forming Organs	1,304	6	0.4	128	4.0	32	1.6	231	1.4	180	1.0	170	1.0	155	1.0	402	1.5
Congenital Anomalies	407	119	8.2	120	3.7	25	1.2	48	0.3	39	0.2	39	0.2	6	0.0	11	0.0
Conditions Originating in the Perinatal Period	294	290	19.9	3	0.1	0	0.0	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Symptoms, Signs, and Ill-defined Conditions	6,494	119	8.2	225	7.0	81	4.0	395	2.4	1,201	6.6	1,501	8.5	1,018	6.8	1,954	7.1
Supplementary Classifications - Other	3,136	22	1.5	99	3.1	39	1.9	183	1.1	318	1.7	767	4.4	827	5.5	881	3.2
Medical Misadventure, Abnormal Reactions, & Late Effects	2,904	16	1.1	78	2.4	32	1.6	163	1.0	484	2.6	774	4.4	578	3.9	779	2.8
Complications of Pregnancy, Childbirth and Puerperium	12,459	0	0.0	0	0.0	190	9.5	8,874	54.1	3,394	18.6	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Supplementary Classifications - Newborns	10,838	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ The principal diagnosis is the condition chiefly responsible for causing the admission of the patient into the hospital for care. Because the principal diagnosis represents the reason for the patient's stay, it may not necessarily have been the diagnosis which represented the greatest length of stay, the greatest consumption of hospital resources, or the most life-threatening condition. Furthermore, the principal diagnosis reflects clinical findings discovered during the patient's stay, therefore it may differ from admitting diagnosis.

² Excluding newborns.

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS). Data as of 08/11/2003.

Table 32. Number of Hospital Discharges by Principal Diagnosis and Sex, Westchester County Residents, 2002

Principal Diagnosis ¹	Total ²	Female		Male	
		Number	%	Number	%
Total	112,103	64,801	100.0	47,298	100.0
Circulatory System	17,312	8,224	12.7	9,088	19.2
Digestive System	9,110	4,996	7.7	4,114	8.7
Mental Disorders	8,936	4,026	6.2	4,909	10.4
Respiratory System	7,987	4,267	6.6	3,719	7.9
Neoplasms (including benign)	6,953	4,206	6.5	2,746	5.8
Injury and Poisoning	5,015	2,679	4.1	2,336	4.9
Musculoskeletal System and Connective Tissue	4,901	2,825	4.4	2,076	4.4
Genitourinary System	4,433	2,492	3.8	1,941	4.1
Endocrine, Nutritional, Metabolic, and Immunologic Disorders	3,753	2,205	3.4	1,548	3.3
Infectious and Parasitic Diseases	2,512	1,319	2.0	1,193	2.5
Skin & Subcutaneous Tissue	1,733	932	1.4	801	1.7
Nervous System and Sensory Organs	1,622	938	1.4	684	1.4
Blood and Blood-Forming Organs	1,304	779	1.2	525	1.1
Congenital Anomalies	407	175	0.3	232	0.5
Conditions Originating in the Perinatal Period	294	128	0.2	166	0.4
Symptoms, Signs, and Ill-defined Conditions	6,494	3,643	5.6	2,851	6.0
Supplementary Classifications - Other	3,136	1,723	2.7	1,413	3.0
Medical Misadventure, Abnormal Reactions, & Late Effects	2,904	1,431	2.2	1,473	3.1
Complications of Pregnancy, Childbirth and Puerperium	12,459	12,459	19.2	0	0.0
Supplementary Classifications - Newborns	10,838	5,354	8.3	5,483	11.6

¹ The principal diagnosis is the condition chiefly responsible for causing the admission of the patient into the hospital for care. Because the principal diagnosis represents the reason for the patient's stay, it may not necessarily have been the diagnosis which represented the greatest length of stay, the greatest consumption of hospital resources, or the most life-threatening condition. Furthermore, the principal diagnosis reflects clinical findings discovered during the patient's stay, therefore it may differ from admitting diagnosis.

² Totals include unknown sex.

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS). Data as of 08/11/2003.

Table 33. Number of Hospital Discharges by Principal Diagnosis and Race/Ethnicity, Westchester County Residents, 2002

Principal Diagnosis ¹	Total	White		Black		Other ²		Unknown		Hispanic ³	
		N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Total	112,103	72,961	100.0	17,016	100.0	17,004	100.0	5,122	100.0	11,344	100.0
Circulatory System	17,312	12,215	16.7	2,256	13.3	1,760	10.4	1,081	21.1	768	6.8
Digestive System	9,110	6,300	8.6	1,284	7.5	1,184	7.0	342	6.7	877	7.7
Mental Disorders	8,936	5,045	6.9	2,563	15.1	1,236	7.3	92	1.8	993	8.8
Respiratory System	7,987	5,626	7.7	1,194	7.0	974	5.7	193	3.8	716	6.3
Neoplasms (including benign)	6,953	4,856	6.7	1,010	5.9	640	3.8	447	8.7	365	3.2
Injury and Poisoning	5,015	3,469	4.8	504	3.0	873	5.1	169	3.3	431	3.8
Musculoskeletal System and Connective Tissue	4,901	3,524	4.8	542	3.2	426	2.5	409	8.0	236	2.1
Genitourinary System	4,433	3,087	4.2	599	3.5	562	3.3	185	3.6	437	3.9
Endocrine, Nutritional, Metabolic, and Immunologic Disorders	3,753	2,403	3.3	760	4.5	409	2.4	181	3.5	238	2.1
Infectious and Parasitic Diseases	2,512	1,654	2.3	451	2.7	342	2.0	65	1.3	272	2.4
Skin & Subcutaneous Tissue	1,733	1,212	1.7	268	1.6	190	1.1	63	1.2	145	1.3
Nervous System and Sensory Organs	1,622	1,087	1.5	242	1.4	216	1.3	77	1.5	149	1.3
Blood and Blood-Forming Organs	1,304	703	1.0	424	2.5	131	0.8	46	0.9	69	0.6
Congenital Anomalies	407	254	0.3	38	0.2	102	0.6	13	0.3	70	0.6
Conditions Originating in the Perinatal Period	294	149	0.2	34	0.2	106	0.6	5	0.1	60	0.5
Symptoms, Signs, and Ill-defined Conditions	6,494	4,334	5.9	1,097	6.4	797	4.7	266	5.2	582	5.1
Supplementary Classifications - Other	3,136	2,326	3.2	375	2.2	306	1.8	129	2.5	173	1.5
Medical Misadventure, Abnormal Reactions, & Late Effects	2,904	1,945	2.7	521	3.1	311	1.8	127	2.5	184	1.6
Complications of Pregnancy, Childbirth and Puerperium	12,459	6,522	8.9	1,561	9.2	3,480	20.5	896	17.5	2,387	21.0
Supplementary Classifications - Newborns	10,838	6,250	8.6	1,293	7.6	2,959	17.4	336	6.6	2,192	19.3

¹ The principal diagnosis is the condition chiefly responsible for causing the admission of the patient into the hospital for care. Because the principal diagnosis represents the reason for the patient's stay, it may not necessarily have been the diagnosis which represented the greatest length of stay, the greatest consumption of hospital resources, or the most life-threatening condition. Furthermore, the principal diagnosis reflects clinical findings discovered during the patient's stay, therefore it may differ from admitting diagnosis.

² Include Native Americans, Asian and Pacific Islanders, and Other.

³ Hispanic is an ethnic group and may be of any race. Therefore, Hispanics are also reported in the race categories.

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS). Data as of 08/11/2003.

Table 34. Total Hospital Discharges and Average Length of Stay Due to Principal Diagnosis of Cardiovascular and Other Diseases of the Circulatory System, Westchester County Residents, 2002

Principal Diagnosis	Number of Discharges		Average Length of Stay (days)
	Number	%	
Total	17,312	100.0	6.0
Diseases of the Heart			
Ischemic Heart Disease	5,948	34.4	4.7
<i>Acute Myocardial Infarction</i>	2,374	13.7	6.2
<i>Other Ischemic Heart Disease</i>	3,574	20.6	3.7
Hypertension with Heart Disease	306	1.8	6.4
Pulmonary Circulation Disease	273	1.6	7.6
Chronic Rheumatic Fever	138	0.8	9.3
Acute Rheumatic Fever	5	0.0	4.0
Other Diseases of the Heart	5,660	32.7	5.9
Other Cardiovascular Diseases			
Cerebrovascular Disease	2,744	15.9	7.6
Hypertension with or without Renal Disease	512	3.0	5.3
Arteriosclerosis	305	1.8	10.6
Other Diseases of the Circulatory System	1,421	8.2	7.2

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS). Data as of 08/11/2003.

Table 35. Total Hospital Discharges and Average Length of Stay Due to Principal Diagnosis of Cardiovascular and Other Diseases of the Circulatory System by Age and Sex, Westchester County Residents, 2002

Age (years)	Number of Discharges					Average Length of Stay (days)		
	Total	Female		Male		Total	Female	Male
		Number	%	Number	%			
Total	17,312	8,224	47.5	9,088	52.5	6.0	6.3	5.7
Less than 1	11	1	9.1	10	90.9	4.9	4.0	5.0
1-2	12	9	75.0	3	25.0	2.3	2.6	1.7
3-4	10	7	70.0	3	30.0	4.6	5.0	3.7
5-6	4	1	25.0	3	75.0	4.3	6.0	3.7
7-8	5	0	0.0	5	100.0	7.4	0.0	7.4
9-10	6	4	66.7	2	33.3	4.5	3.8	6.0
11-12	7	4	57.1	3	42.9	5.4	4.0	7.3
13-14	10	4	40.0	6	60.0	2.1	2.8	1.7
15-16	10	4	40.0	6	60.0	3.8	6.0	2.3
17-18	13	3	23.1	10	76.9	1.8	2.0	1.7
19-20	10	5	50.0	5	50.0	4.5	3.6	5.4
21-22	15	9	60.0	6	40.0	5.6	7.6	2.7
23-34	13	7	53.8	6	46.2	5.1	4.9	5.3
25-29	68	27	39.7	41	60.3	9.7	9.7	9.7
30-34	128	40	31.3	88	68.8	5.7	6.2	5.4
35-39	286	111	38.8	175	61.2	4.5	4.5	4.5
40-44	436	171	39.2	265	60.8	4.8	5.1	4.5
45-49	636	213	33.5	423	66.5	4.1	4.5	4.0
50-54	1,001	357	35.7	644	64.3	4.7	4.9	4.6
55-59	1,259	452	35.9	807	64.1	4.7	5.4	4.3
60-64	1,452	546	37.6	906	62.4	5.3	5.3	5.3
65-69	1,661	649	39.1	1,012	60.9	5.6	5.9	5.3
70-74	2,330	1,042	44.7	1,288	55.3	6.3	6.7	6.0
75-79	2,595	1,255	48.4	1,340	51.6	6.5	6.9	6.1
80-84	2,404	1,344	55.9	1,060	44.1	6.8	6.5	7.2
85 and above	2,930	1,959	66.9	971	33.1	6.9	6.9	7.1

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS). Data as of 08/11/2003.

Table 36. Total Hospital Discharges and Average Length of Stay Due to Principal Diagnosis of Cardiovascular and Other Diseases of the Circulatory System by Age and Race/Ethnicity, Westchester County Residents, 2002

Age (years)	Number of Discharges										Average Length of Stay (days)						
	Total	White		Black		Other ¹		Unknown		Hispanic ²		Total	White	Black	Other ¹	Unknown	Hispanic ²
		N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%						
Total	17,312	12,215	70.6	2,256	13.0	1,760	10.2	1,081	6.2	768	4.4	6.0	5.9	6.7	6.2	4.8	6.1
Less than 1	11	5	45.5	3	27.3	3	27.3	0	0.0	2	18.2	4.9	4.2	5.0	6.0	0.0	6.0
1-2	12	6	50.0	0	0.0	4	33.3	2	16.7	1	8.3	2.3	2.0	0.0	2.0	4.0	2.0
3-4	10	7	70.0	0	0.0	3	30.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	4.6	5.3	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0
5-6	4	1	25.0	0	0.0	3	75.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	4.3	3.0	0.0	4.7	0.0	0.0
7-8	5	3	60.0	0	0.0	2	40.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	7.4	1.3	0.0	16.5	0.0	0.0
9-10	6	5	83.3	0	0.0	1	16.7	0	0.0	1	16.7	4.5	5.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	4.0
11-12	7	5	71.4	2	28.6	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	14.3	5.4	3.4	10.5	0.0	0.0	1.0
13-14	10	4	40.0	4	40.0	2	20.0	0	0.0	2	20.0	2.1	1.3	2.0	4.0	0.0	2.0
15-16	10	7	70.0	2	20.0	1	10.0	0	0.0	1	10.0	3.8	3.3	4.5	6.0	0.0	6.0
17-18	13	7	53.8	2	15.4	3	23.1	1	7.7	0	0.0	1.8	1.7	2.5	1.7	1.0	0.0
19-20	10	4	40.0	4	40.0	1	10.0	1	10.0	1	10.0	4.5	5.3	5.5	1.0	1.0	1.0
21-22	15	3	20.0	5	33.3	5	33.3	2	13.3	1	6.7	5.6	15.0	4.4	2.4	2.5	3.0
23-34	13	11	84.6	1	7.7	1	7.7	0	0.0	5	38.5	5.1	4.4	5.0	13.0	0.0	4.2
25-29	68	36	52.9	16	23.5	14	20.6	2	2.9	9	13.2	9.7	6.8	12.8	14.8	2.0	5.1
30-34	128	62	48.4	38	29.7	20	15.6	8	6.3	22	17.2	5.7	5.5	3.6	11.0	3.9	10.2
35-39	286	127	44.4	97	33.9	48	16.8	14	4.9	21	7.3	4.5	4.3	5.1	4.2	2.9	3.7
40-44	436	224	51.4	127	29.1	53	12.2	32	7.3	40	9.2	4.8	5.0	5.2	3.3	3.7	4.2
45-49	636	361	56.8	123	19.3	100	15.7	52	8.2	60	9.4	4.1	3.7	5.3	4.6	3.5	4.6
50-54	1,001	593	59.2	194	19.4	142	14.2	72	7.2	88	8.8	4.7	4.4	5.8	5.1	3.3	5.5
55-59	1,259	735	58.4	231	18.3	199	15.8	94	7.5	58	4.6	4.7	4.4	5.4	5.4	3.5	4.2
60-64	1,452	860	59.2	254	17.5	208	14.3	130	9.0	83	5.7	5.3	5.1	6.4	6.0	3.7	5.4
65-69	1,661	1,066	64.2	259	15.6	215	12.9	121	7.3	101	6.1	5.6	5.2	7.0	5.6	5.1	7.1
70-74	2,330	1,634	70.1	274	11.8	252	10.8	170	7.3	107	4.6	6.3	6.1	7.6	7.8	4.6	7.2
75-79	2,595	1,991	76.7	236	9.1	218	8.4	150	5.8	77	3.0	6.5	6.4	7.0	6.6	6.2	6.5
80-84	2,404	1,973	82.1	173	7.2	155	6.4	103	4.3	54	2.2	6.8	6.6	9.3	6.4	6.9	7.1
85 and above	2,930	2,485	84.8	211	7.2	107	3.7	127	4.3	33	1.1	6.9	6.9	7.9	7.7	5.6	8.0

¹ Include Native Americans, Asian and Pacific Islanders, and Other.

² Hispanic is an ethnic group and may be of any race. Therefore, Hispanics are also reported in the race categories.

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS). Data as of 08/11/2003.

Table 37. Number of Hospital Discharges Due to Principal Diagnosis of Digestive System Diseases by Age, Westchester County Residents, 2002

Principal Diagnosis	Number of Discharges																		Average Length of Stay (days)									
	Total		<1		1-12		13-17		18-34		35-49		50-64		65-74		75+		Total	<1	1-12	13-17	18-34	35-49	50-64	65-74	75+	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%										
Total	9,110	100.0	147	100.0	367	100.0	196	100.0	866	100.0	1,600	100.0	1,939	100.0	1,413	100.0	2,582	100.0	6.0	4.7	3.8	3.6	4.1	5.3	6.0	6.8	7.2	
Diseases of Oral Cavity, Salivary Glands, and Jaws	132	1.4	2	1.4	16	4.4	8	4.1	23	2.7	26	1.6	28	1.4	7	0.5	22	0.9	4.4	3.0	2.6	1.5	2.6	4.4	6.2	4.3	6.2	
Diseases of Esophagus, Stomach, and Duodenum	1,414	15.5	61	41.5	42	11.4	9	4.6	78	9.0	174	10.9	270	13.9	251	17.8	529	20.5	5.5	5.8	6.6	9.2	2.8	3.5	5.1	5.1	6.8	
Appendicitis	846	9.3	0	0.0	140	38.1	107	54.6	244	28.2	189	11.8	103	5.3	42	3.0	21	0.8	3.9	0.0	3.9	3.0	3.0	3.8	4.5	7.9	9.1	
Hernia of Abdominal Cavity	617	6.8	36	24.5	2	0.5	2	1.0	22	2.5	110	6.9	157	8.1	120	8.5	168	6.5	4.7	1.8	1.0	1.0	2.6	3.6	4.2	5.2	6.6	
Noninfectious enteritis and colitis	930	10.2	28	19.0	101	27.5	28	14.3	126	14.5	149	9.3	155	8.0	128	9.1	215	8.3	5.3	4.0	2.1	4.7	4.8	4.4	4.7	6.9	7.3	
Other Diseases of Intestines and Peritoneum	2,437	26.8	9	6.1	32	8.7	19	9.7	114	13.2	352	22.0	546	28.2	450	31.8	915	35.4	6.9	5.8	5.3	2.8	4.6	5.6	6.9	7.4	7.5	
<i>Diverticula of intestine</i>	971	10.7	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	28	3.2	141	8.8	251	12.9	190	13.4	361	14.0	6.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.3	5.4	5.7	6.6	6.9	
Other Diseases of Digestive System	2,734	30.0	11	7.5	34	9.3	23	11.7	259	29.9	600	37.5	680	35.1	415	29.4	712	27.6	6.7	9.4	4.7	4.0	5.1	6.7	6.4	7.5	7.3	
<i>Chronic Liver Disease, including Cirrhosis</i>	251	2.8	1	0.7	9	2.5	1	0.5	2	0.2	74	4.6	111	5.7	21	1.5	32	1.2	10.1	12.0	1.1	1.0	3.5	7.8	11.7	17.8	8.1	

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS). Data as of 08/11/2003.

Table 38. Number of Hospital Discharges Due to Principal Diagnosis of Digestive System Diseases by Sex, Westchester County Residents, 2002

Principal Diagnosis	Number of Discharges					Average Length of Stay (days)		
	Total	Female		Male		Total	Female	Male
		Number	%	Number	%			
Total	9,110	4,996	100.0	4,114	100.0	6.0	6.2	5.8
Diseases of Oral Cavity, Salivary Glands, and Jaws	132	66	1.3	66	1.6	4.4	3.9	4.8
Diseases of Esophagus, Stomach, and Duodenum	1,414	754	15.1	660	16.0	5.5	6.0	4.9
Appendicitis	846	354	7.1	492	12.0	3.9	4.0	3.8
Hernia of Abdominal Cavity	617	318	6.4	299	7.3	4.7	5.7	3.7
Noninfectious enteritis and colitis	930	580	11.6	350	8.5	5.3	5.4	5.0
Other Diseases of Intestines and Peritoneum	2,437	1,405	28.1	1,032	25.1	6.9	7.2	6.4
<i>Diverticula of intestine</i>	971	549	11.0	422	10.3	6.3	6.6	5.8
Other Diseases of Digestive System	2,734	1,519	30.4	1,215	29.5	6.7	6.4	7.2
<i>Chronic Liver Disease, including Cirrhosis</i>	251	96	1.9	155	3.8	10.1	10.3	10.0

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS). Data as of 08/11/2003.

Table 39. Number of Hospital Discharges Due to Principal Diagnosis of Digestive System Diseases by Race/Ethnicity, Westchester County Residents, 2002

Principal Diagnosis	Number of Discharges										Average Length of Stay (days)						
	Total	White		Black		Other ¹		Unknown		Hispanic ²		Total	White	Black	Other ¹	Unknown	Hispanic ²
		N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%						
Total	9,110	6,300	100.0	1,284	100.0	1,184	100.0	342	100.0	877	100.0	6.0	6.0	6.4	5.7	4.5	5.0
Diseases of Oral Cavity, Salivary Glands, and Jaws	132	68	1.1	25	1.9	27	2.3	12	3.5	11	1.3	4.4	4.0	6.0	4.4	2.7	4.1
Diseases of Esophagus, Stomach, and Duodenum	1,414	969	15.4	217	16.9	187	15.8	41	12.0	124	14.1	5.5	5.9	5.4	4.2	3.4	5.0
Appendicitis	846	574	9.1	56	4.4	186	15.7	30	8.8	166	18.9	3.9	3.9	4.3	3.6	4.8	3.8
Hernia of Abdominal Cavity	617	462	7.3	60	4.7	65	5.5	30	8.8	32	3.6	4.7	5.0	6.3	2.8	2.4	3.0
Noninfectious enteritis and colitis	930	650	10.3	130	10.1	112	9.5	38	11.1	102	11.6	5.3	5.7	4.3	3.8	5.2	3.6
Other Diseases of Intestines and Peritoneum	2,437	1,798	28.5	323	25.2	227	19.2	89	26.0	137	15.6	6.9	6.6	8.3	7.7	5.4	6.1
<i>Diverticula of intestine</i>	971	730	11.6	115	9.0	86	7.3	40	11.7	58	6.6	6.3	6.1	6.7	7.3	5.5	5.5
Other Diseases of Digestive System	2,734	1,779	28.2	473	36.8	380	32.1	102	29.8	305	34.8	6.7	6.8	6.5	7.4	4.6	5.9
<i>Chronic Liver Disease, including Cirrhosis</i>	251	149	2.4	30	2.3	66	5.6	6	1.8	41	4.7	10.1	10.9	8.3	9.0	12.7	8.2

¹ Include Native Americans, Asian and Pacific Islanders, and Other.

² Hispanic is an ethnic group and may be of any race. Therefore, Hispanics are also reported in the race categories.

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS). Data as of 08/11/2003.

Table 40. Number of Hospital Discharges Due to Principal Diagnosis of Mental Disorder by Age, Westchester County Residents, 2002

Principal Diagnosis	Number of Discharges														Average Length of Stay (days)												
	Total		<1		1-12		13-17		18-34		35-49		50-64		65-74		75+										
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	Total	<1	1-12	13-17	18-34	35-49	50-64	65-74	75+
Total	8,936	100.0	1	100.0	238	100.0	706	100.0	2,379	100.0	3,472	100.0	2,273	100.0	401	100.0	511	100.0	13.0	2.0	25.7	18.5	11.4	11.3	14.1	16.5	13.9
Psychoses	5,387	60.3	0	0.0	55	23.1	303	42.9	1,416	59.5	1,995	57.5	845	37.2	329	82.0	444	86.9	15.0	0.0	25.6	17.6	13.6	13.9	17.0	18.4	14.8
<i>Alcoholic Psychoses</i>	339	3.8	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	44	1.8	188	5.4	78	3.4	22	5.5	7	1.4	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.8	6.5	5.3	8.1	9.4
<i>Drug-Induced Psychoses</i>	460	5.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	8	1.1	149	6.3	258	7.4	29	1.3	3	0.7	13	2.5	6.0	0.0	0.0	7.8	6.7	5.5	7.2	1.3	4.9
<i>Schizophrenia</i>	1,517	17.0	0	0.0	1	0.4	25	3.5	450	18.9	616	17.7	307	13.5	79	19.7	39	7.6	21.7	0.0	49.0	34.0	18.8	23.0	22.5	20.0	24.9
<i>Other</i>	3,071	34.4	0	0.0	54	22.7	270	38.2	773	32.5	933	26.9	431	19.0	225	56.1	385	75.3	14.0	0.0	25.2	16.4	12.5	11.8	15.9	19.1	14.2
Neurotic, Personality, & Other Nonpsychotic Mental Disorders	3,545	39.7	1	100.0	183	76.9	403	57.1	962	40.4	1,475	42.5	383	16.8	72	18.0	66	12.9	10.1	2.0	25.7	19.1	8.0	7.8	7.8	7.6	8.1
<i>Alcohol Dependence Syndrome</i>	891	10.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.1	161	6.8	522	15.0	173	7.6	25	6.2	9	1.8	8.4	0.0	0.0	1.0	9.3	8.5	7.1	8.1	5.2
<i>Drug Dependence Syndrome</i>	1,077	12.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.1	358	15.0	610	17.6	102	4.5	6	1.5	0	0.0	6.8	0.0	0.0	3.0	7.0	6.6	7.5	11.0	0.0
<i>Non-Dependent Drug Abuse</i>	136	1.5	0	0.0	0	0.0	6	0.8	45	1.9	48	1.4	27	1.2	7	1.7	3	0.6	7.5	0.0	0.0	1.7	8.1	9.4	6.4	1.4	2.3
<i>Other</i>	1,441	16.1	1	100.0	183	76.9	395	55.9	398	16.7	295	8.5	81	3.6	34	8.5	54	10.6	13.8	2.0	25.7	19.5	8.4	8.8	10.1	8.0	8.9
Mental Retardation	4	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.0	2	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.2	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	1.0

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS). Data as of 08/11/2003.

Table 41. Number of Hospital Discharges Due to Principal Diagnosis of Mental Disorder by Sex, Westchester County Residents, 2002

Principal Diagnosis	Number of Discharges						Average Length of Stay (days)		
	Total		Female		Male		Total	Female	Male
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%			
Total	8,936	100.0	4,026	100.0	4,909	100.0	13.0	13.9	12.4
Psychoses ¹	5,387	60.3	2,653	65.9	2,733	55.7	15.0	16.0	14.0
<i>Alcoholic Psychoses</i>	339	3.8	86	2.1	253	5.2	6.0	10.2	4.6
<i>Drug-Induced Psychoses</i>	460	5.1	162	4.0	298	6.1	6.0	6.1	6.0
<i>Schizophrenia</i>	1,517	17.0	667	16.6	850	17.3	21.7	23.2	20.6
<i>Other¹</i>	3,071	34.4	1,738	43.2	1,332	27.1	14.0	14.5	13.4
Neurotic, Personality, & Other Nonpsychotic Mental Disorders	3,545	39.7	1,372	34.1	2,173	44.3	10.1	9.7	10.3
<i>Alcohol Dependence Syndrome</i>	891	10.0	252	6.3	639	13.0	8.4	9.1	8.1
<i>Drug Dependence Syndrome</i>	1,077	12.1	342	8.5	735	15.0	6.8	7.6	6.5
<i>Non-Dependent Drug Abuse</i>	136	1.5	41	1.0	95	1.9	7.5	6.8	7.8
<i>Other</i>	1,441	16.1	737	18.3	704	14.3	13.8	11.1	16.7
Mental Retardation	4	0.0	1	0.0	3	0.1	6.0	1.0	7.7

¹Total includes one subject with unknown sex.

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS). Data as of 08/11/2003.

Table 42. Number of Hospital Discharges Due to Principal Diagnosis of Mental Disorder by Race/Ethnicity, Westchester County Residents, 2002

Principal Diagnosis	Number of Discharges										Average Length of Stay (days)						
	Total	White		Black		Other ¹		Unknown		Hispanic ²		Total	White	Black	Other ¹	Unknown	Hispanic ²
		N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%						
Total	8,936	5,045	100.0	2,563	100.0	1,236	100.0	92	100.0	993	100.0	13.0	12.7	14.3	12.1	8.4	12.1
Psychoses	5,387	3,198	63.4	1,360	53.1	768	62.1	61	66.3	571	57.5	15.0	15.2	15.8	13.0	10.9	13.2
<i>Alcoholic Psychoses</i>	339	210	4.2	55	2.1	58	4.7	16	17.4	49	4.9	6.0	6.9	5.3	3.7	5.1	4.0
<i>Drug-Induced Psychoses</i>	460	224	4.4	132	5.2	92	7.4	12	13.0	66	6.6	6.0	6.1	6.4	5.7	3.1	6.6
<i>Schizophrenia</i>	1,517	808	16.0	511	19.9	187	15.1	11	12.0	135	13.6	21.7	22.5	20.9	20.6	23.1	21.2
<i>Other</i>	3,071	1,956	38.8	662	25.8	431	34.9	22	23.9	321	32.3	14.0	14.2	14.6	12.5	13.3	12.6
Neurotic, Personality, & Other Nonpsychotic Mental Disorders	3,545	1,843	36.5	1,203	46.9	468	37.9	31	33.7	422	42.5	10.1	8.4	12.6	10.7	3.6	10.5
<i>Alcohol Dependence Syndrome</i>	891	287	5.7	115	4.5	75	6.1	8	8.7	72	7.3	8.4	8.1	9.2	7.0	4.3	7.2
<i>Drug Dependence Syndrome</i>	1,077	398	7.9	473	18.5	66	5.3	7	7.6	100	10.1	6.8	7.1	6.4	7.6	4.6	6.9
<i>Non-Dependent Drug Abuse</i>	136	34	0.7	30	1.2	23	1.9	7	7.6	18	1.8	7.5	6.6	10.6	7.5	1.3	8.0
<i>Other</i>	1,441	644	12.8	484	18.9	304	24.6	9	9.8	232	23.4	13.8	10.0	19.9	12.5	4.0	13.4
Mental Retardation	4	4	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	6.0	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

¹ Include Native Americans, Asian and Pacific Islanders, and Other.

² Hispanic is an ethnic group and may be of any race. Therefore, Hispanics are also reported in the race categories.

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS). Data as of 08/11/2003.

Table 43. Number of Hospital Discharges Due to Principal Diagnosis of Respiratory System Diseases, Westchester County Residents, 2002

Principal Diagnosis	Number of Discharges		Average Length of Stay (days)
	Number	%	
Total	7,987	100.0	7.4
Acute Respiratory Infections	700	8.8	3.4
Other Diseases of the Upper Respiratory Tract	120	1.5	5.4
Pneumonia	2,921	36.6	7.4
Influenza	31	0.4	4.5
Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease & Allied Conditions	2,589	32.4	6.2
<i>Chronic Bronchitis</i>	1,247	15.6	7.2
<i>Asthma</i>	1,079	13.5	4.3
Other Respiratory Diseases	1,626	20.4	11.2

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS). Data as of 08/11/2003.

Table 44. Total Hospital Discharges and Average Length of Stay Due to Principal Diagnosis of Asthma by Age and Sex, Westchester County Residents, 2002

Age (years)	Number of Discharges					Average Length of Stay (days)		
	Total	Female		Male		Total	Female	Male
		Number	%	Number	%			
Total	1,079	665	61.6	414	38.4	4.3	4.8	3.5
Less than 1	23	8	34.8	15	65.2	3.2	3.1	3.3
1-2	111	41	36.9	70	63.1	2.9	4.0	2.3
3-4	72	34	47.2	38	52.8	2.4	2.6	2.3
5-6	33	16	48.5	17	51.5	2.6	2.8	2.5
7-8	21	9	42.9	12	57.1	3.6	3.7	3.5
9-10	12	7	58.3	5	41.7	3.1	2.9	3.4
11-12	17	6	35.3	11	64.7	2.5	3.8	1.7
13-14	5	1	20.0	4	80.0	1.2	2.0	1.0
15-16	13	8	61.5	5	38.5	3.1	3.1	3.0
17-18	12	7	58.3	5	41.7	2.8	3.0	2.6
19-20	12	5	41.7	7	58.3	3.9	3.8	4.0
21-22	10	8	80.0	2	20.0	2.5	2.8	1.5
23-34	16	9	56.3	7	43.8	3.6	3.0	4.4
25-29	31	25	80.6	6	19.4	3.0	3.1	2.5
30-34	42	20	47.6	22	52.4	4.9	3.2	6.5
35-39	76	54	71.1	22	28.9	3.9	4.2	3.2
40-44	75	47	62.7	28	37.3	3.8	3.9	3.5
45-49	90	69	76.7	21	23.3	5.4	6.0	3.1
50-54	67	52	77.6	15	22.4	4.6	4.8	3.6
55-59	55	38	69.1	17	30.9	4.9	5.4	3.6
60-64	78	62	79.5	16	20.5	5.4	5.5	5.0
65-69	65	49	75.4	16	24.6	6.0	6.1	5.9
70-74	48	26	54.2	22	45.8	6.6	7.7	5.3
75-79	49	31	63.3	18	36.7	6.0	6.6	5.1
80-84	21	15	71.4	6	28.6	5.6	5.5	5.8
85 and above	25	18	72.0	7	28.0	6.5	7.3	4.4

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS). Data as of 08/11/2003.

Table 45. Total Hospital Discharges and Average Length of Stay Due to Principal Diagnosis of Asthma by Age and Race/Ethnicity, Westchester County Residents, 2002

Age (years)	Number of Discharges										Average Length of Stay (days)						
	Total	White		Black		Other ¹		Unknown		Hispanic ²		Total	White	Black	Other ¹	Unknown	Hispanic ²
		N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%						
Total	1,079	490	45.4	315	29.2	248	23.0	26	2.4	218	20.2	4.3	4.4	4.6	3.8	4.5	3.4
Less than 1	23	7	30.4	7	30.4	8	34.8	1	4.3	7	30.4	3.2	3.0	3.7	2.9	4.0	2.4
1-2	111	48	43.2	25	22.5	34	30.6	4	3.6	27	24.3	2.9	2.2	4.9	2.6	2.3	2.6
3-4	72	31	43.1	14	19.4	26	36.1	1	1.4	18	25.0	2.4	2.7	1.6	2.5	1.0	2.4
5-6	33	10	30.3	13	39.4	9	27.3	1	3.0	6	18.2	2.6	2.0	2.8	3.1	3.0	2.0
7-8	21	10	47.6	2	9.5	9	42.9	0	0.0	9	42.9	3.6	3.1	3.0	4.2	0.0	4.2
9-10	12	5	41.7	5	41.7	2	16.7	0	0.0	3	25.0	3.1	3.4	3.2	2.0	0.0	2.0
11-12	17	8	47.1	3	17.6	5	29.4	1	5.9	6	35.3	2.5	1.6	4.0	3.2	1.0	2.8
13-14	5	2	40.0	2	40.0	1	20.0	0	0.0	1	20.0	1.2	1.0	1.5	1.0	0.0	1.0
15-16	13	7	53.8	1	7.7	4	30.8	1	7.7	3	23.1	3.1	3.1	1.0	3.5	3.0	4.0
17-18	12	9	75.0	1	8.3	2	16.7	0	0.0	4	33.3	2.8	2.4	6.0	3.0	0.0	2.8
19-20	12	6	50.0	3	25.0	3	25.0	0	0.0	4	33.3	3.9	3.3	3.0	6.0	0.0	4.3
21-22	10	3	30.0	5	50.0	2	20.0	0	0.0	2	20.0	2.5	1.3	3.8	1.0	0.0	1.0
23-34	16	7	43.8	5	31.3	4	25.0	0	0.0	6	37.5	3.6	3.4	5.0	2.3	0.0	2.2
25-29	31	10	32.3	11	35.5	10	32.3	0	0.0	10	32.3	3.0	3.1	3.4	2.4	0.0	2.3
30-34	42	9	21.4	19	45.2	12	28.6	2	4.8	10	23.8	4.9	4.1	5.4	4.8	4.5	2.8
35-39	76	38	50.0	23	30.3	12	15.8	3	3.9	15	19.7	3.9	4.1	3.6	4.4	3.3	3.5
40-44	75	45	60.0	19	25.3	10	13.3	1	1.3	12	16.0	3.8	4.3	2.8	3.2	3.0	2.7
45-49	90	32	35.6	36	40.0	19	21.1	3	3.3	15	16.7	5.4	6.8	4.2	5.6	3.0	4.2
50-54	67	26	38.8	24	35.8	17	25.4	0	0.0	15	22.4	4.6	5.2	4.5	3.8	0.0	4.4
55-59	55	30	54.5	19	34.5	5	9.1	1	1.8	5	9.1	4.9	4.4	5.5	5.2	4.0	4.0
60-64	78	19	24.4	32	41.0	25	32.1	2	2.6	19	24.4	5.4	5.1	6.4	4.4	6.5	4.9
65-69	65	35	53.8	16	24.6	12	18.5	2	3.1	10	15.4	6.0	5.8	5.5	6.7	11.0	6.3
70-74	48	30	62.5	11	22.9	7	14.6	0	0.0	6	12.5	6.6	6.7	8.5	3.1	0.0	4.0
75-79	49	28	57.1	13	26.5	7	14.3	1	2.0	4	8.2	6.0	5.9	7.5	4.3	5.0	4.8
80-84	21	16	76.2	4	19.0	0	0.0	1	4.8	0	0.0	5.6	6.0	3.8	0.0	6.0	0.0
85 and above	25	19	76.0	2	8.0	3	12.0	1	4.0	1	4.0	6.5	6.5	6.0	4.3	15.0	3.0

¹ Include Native Americans, Asian and Pacific Islanders, and Other.

² Hispanic is an ethnic group and may be of any race. Therefore, Hispanics are also reported in the race categories.

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS). Data as of 08/11/2003.

Table 46. Number of Hospital Discharges Due to Neoplasm Related Diagnosis¹ by Age, Westchester County Residents, 2002

Principal Diagnosis	Number of Discharges																Average Length of Stay (days)											
	Total		<1		1-12		13-17		18-34		35-49		50-64		65-74		75+		Total		<1	1-12	13-17	18-34	35-49	50-64	65-74	75+
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Total	13,664	100.0	79	100.0	231	100.0	66	100.0	602	100.0	2,083	100.0	3,345	100.0	2,993	100.0	4,265	100.0	8.0	12.4	7.7	5.2	6.2	5.7	7.6	8.8	9.1	
Malignant Neoplasms	10,318	75.5	8	10.1	192	83.1	45	68.2	334	55.5	1,011	48.5	2,688	80.4	2,580	86.2	3,460	81.1	8.8	21.5	8.4	6.1	8.4	7.8	8.3	9.0	9.3	
Genital Organs	1,877	13.7	0	0.0	2	0.9	3	4.5	44	7.3	131	6.3	489	14.6	435	14.5	773	18.1	7.0	0.0	7.5	3.0	3.6	12.5	6.0	6.5	7.9	
Lymphatic and Hematopoietic Tissues	1,758	12.9	0	0.0	75	32.5	1	1.5	149	24.8	156	7.5	391	11.7	418	14.0	566	13.3	9.8	4.0	8.1	2.0	12.6	10.3	9.9	10.3	9.2	
Digestive Organs and Peritoneum	1,747	12.8	1	1.3	3	1.3	0	0.0	15	2.5	128	6.1	463	13.8	502	16.8	635	14.9	11.1	88.0	15.7	0.0	5.8	9.3	10.0	11.6	11.1	
Respiratory and Intrathoracic Organs	1,387	10.2	0	0.0	0	0.0	3	4.5	8	1.3	94	4.5	368	11.0	467	15.6	446	10.5	9.6	4.0	0.0	2.0	0.7	4.0	9.1	9.2	10.6	
Breast (female)	792	5.8	1	1.3	0	0.0	0	0.0	15	2.5	171	8.2	272	8.1	146	4.9	188	4.4	5.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.8	5.5	4.8	5.0	7.0	
Urinary Organs	623	4.6	2	2.5	18	7.8	3	4.5	3	0.5	25	1.2	109	3.3	156	5.2	308	7.2	8.3	3.0	6.9	7.3	5.1	9.5	7.9	8.5	8.3	
Lip, Oral Cavity, Pharynx	182	1.3	1	1.3	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.2	27	1.3	93	2.8	18	0.6	43	1.0	9.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.5	7.3	8.3	14.1	13.2	
Other and Unspecified Sites	1,952	14.3	3	3.8	94	40.7	35	53.0	99	16.4	279	13.4	503	15.0	438	14.6	501	11.7	8.3	23.0	8.8	6.7	9.3	5.4	9.0	8.4	9.3	
Non-Malignant Neoplasms	3,346	24.5	71	89.9	39	16.9	21	31.8	268	44.5	1,072	51.5	657	19.6	413	13.8	805	18.9	5.5	8.0	3.9	3.3	3.6	3.7	4.6	7.4	8.4	
Benign	2,574	18.8	69	87.3	23	10.0	17	25.8	237	39.4	985	47.3	514	15.4	293	9.8	436	10.2	5.1	7.9	3.4	3.3	3.6	3.8	4.4	6.9	8.1	
Carcinoma in Situ, Uncertain Unspecified	772	5.6	2	2.5	16	6.9	4	6.1	31	5.1	87	4.2	143	4.3	120	4.0	369	8.7	7.2	12.0	4.5	3.5	3.4	3.7	5.4	8.6	8.6	

¹ Including the principal diagnosis and 14 other related diagnoses that coexisted at the time of admission, or developed subsequently, which affected the treatment received and/or length of stay. A diagnosis in the V-class ranges V58.0-V58.10 (chemo-therapy and radio-therapy is also included). Diagnoses that related to an earlier episode which had no bearing on the current hospital stay was excluded.

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS). Data as of 08/11/2003.

Table 47. Total Hospital Discharges and Average Length of Stay Due to Neoplasm Related Diagnosis¹ by Sex, Westchester County Residents, 2002

Principal Diagnosis	Number of Discharges					Average Length of Stay (days)		
	Total	Female		Male		Total	Female	Male
		Number	%	Number	%			
Total	13,664	7,641	100.0	6,022	100.0	8.0	7.5	8.6
Malignant Neoplasms	10,318	5,144	67.3	5,173	85.9	8.8	8.8	8.8
Genital Organs	1,877	688	9.0	1,189	19.7	7.0	8.1	6.3
Lymphatic and Hematopoietic Tissues	1,758	825	10.8	933	15.5	9.8	9.9	9.7
Digestive Organs and Peritoneum ²	1,747	830	10.9	916	15.2	11.1	11.1	11.1
Respiratory and Intrathoracic Organs	1,387	642	8.4	745	12.4	9.6	9.5	9.7
Breast (female)	792	792	10.4	0	0.0	5.7	5.7	0.0
Urinary Organs	623	191	2.5	432	7.2	8.3	9.2	7.9
Lip, Oral Cavity, Pharynx	182	79	1.0	103	1.7	9.5	10.0	9.1
Other and Unspecified Sites	1,952	1,097	14.4	855	14.2	8.3	8.2	8.3
Non-Malignant Neoplasms	3,346	2,497	32.7	849	14.1	5.5	5.0	7.3
Benign	2,574	2,035	26.6	539	9.0	5.1	4.7	6.4
Carcinoma in Situ, Uncertain, & Unspecified	772	462	6.0	310	5.1	7.2	6.0	8.9

¹Including the principal diagnosis and 14 other related diagnoses that coexisted at the time of admission, or developed subsequently, which affected the treatment received and/or length of stay. A diagnosis in the V-class ranges V58.0-V58.10 (chemo-therapy and radio-therapy is also included). Diagnoses that related to an earlier episode which had no bearing on the current hospital stay was

²Total includes one subject with unknown sex.

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS). Data as of 08/11/2003.

Table 48. Total Hospital Discharges and Average Length of Stay Due to Neoplasm Related Diagnosis¹ by Race/Ethnicity, Westchester County Residents, 2002

Principal Diagnosis	Number of Discharges										Average Length of Stay (days)						
	Total	White		Black		Other ²		Unknown		Hispanic ³		Total	White	Black	Other ²	Unknown	Hispanic ³
		N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%						
Total	13,664	9,841	100.0	1,889	100.0	1,253	100.0	681	100.0	692	100.0	8.0	8.0	8.4	8.5	6.2	7.8
Malignant Neoplasms	10,318	7,758	78.8	1,203	63.7	873	69.7	484	71.1	473	68.4	8.8	8.5	10.1	10.2	7.0	9.5
Genital Organs	1,877	1,384	14.1	272	14.4	149	11.9	72	10.6	67	9.7	7.0	6.9	7.6	7.9	4.7	8.7
Lymphatic and Hematopoietic Tissues	1,758	1,323	13.4	197	10.4	170	13.6	68	10.0	89	12.9	9.8	9.5	9.3	11.9	11.0	9.8
Digestive Organs and Peritoneum	1,747	1,276	13.0	209	11.1	162	12.9	100	14.7	94	13.6	11.1	10.7	14.8	10.5	9.6	9.4
Respiratory and Intrathoracic Organs	1,387	1,088	11.1	175	9.3	77	6.1	47	6.9	41	5.9	9.6	9.3	10.4	12.4	8.3	9.6
Breast (female)	792	576	5.9	93	4.9	70	5.6	53	7.8	47	6.8	5.7	5.5	7.0	7.4	2.9	10.0
Urinary Organs	623	510	5.2	59	3.1	29	2.3	25	3.7	25	3.6	8.3	8.0	10.3	11.3	5.1	10.7
Lip, Oral Cavity, Pharynx	182	118	1.2	31	1.6	24	1.9	9	1.3	13	1.9	9.5	8.7	9.3	15.3	6.1	16.9
Other and Unspecified Sites	1,952	1,483	15.1	167	8.8	192	15.3	110	16.2	97	14.0	8.3	8.1	10.6	9.4	5.6	8.3
Non-Malignant Neoplasms	3,346	2,083	21.2	686	36.3	380	30.3	197	28.9	219	31.6	5.5	5.8	5.5	4.8	4.1	4.2
Benign Neoplasms	2,574	1,486	15.1	597	31.6	327	26.1	164	24.1	183	26.4	5.1	5.3	5.2	4.7	3.5	4.3
Carcinoma in Situ, Uncertain, & Unspecified Neoplasms	772	597	6.1	89	4.7	53	4.2	33	4.8	36	5.2	7.2	7.3	7.5	5.4	7.2	3.7

¹ Including the principal diagnosis and 14 other related diagnoses that coexisted at the time of admission, or developed subsequently, which affected the treatment received and/or length of stay. A diagnosis in the V-class ranges V58.0-V58.10 (chemo-therapy and radio-therapy is also included). Diagnoses that related to an earlier episode which had no bearing on the current hospital stay was excluded.

² Include Native Americans, Asian and Pacific Islanders, and Other.

³ Hispanic is an ethnic group and may be of any race. Therefore, Hispanics are also reported in the race categories.

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS). Data as of 08/11/2003.

Table 49. Total Hospital Discharges and Average Length of Stay Due to Malignant Neoplasm Related Diagnosis¹ by Age and Sex, Westchester County Residents, 2002

Age (years)	Number of Discharges					Average Length of Stay (days)		
	Total	Female		Male		Total	Female	Male
		Number	%	Number	%			
Total	10,318	5,144	49.9	5,173	50.1	8.8	8.8	8.8
Less than 1	8	7	87.5	1	12.5	21.5	23.9	5.0
1-2	30	19	63.3	11	36.7	6.6	6.3	7.1
3-4	38	23	60.5	15	39.5	11.6	14.5	7.1
5-6	31	22	71.0	9	29.0	8.5	5.2	16.7
7-8	48	23	47.9	25	52.1	8.2	10.0	6.6
9-10	16	10	62.5	6	37.5	6.8	7.0	6.3
11-12	29	18	62.1	11	37.9	7.4	8.3	6.0
13-14	16	4	25.0	12	75.0	4.1	3.0	4.5
15-16	27	9	33.3	18	66.7	7.4	6.6	7.8
17-18	5	3	60.0	2	40.0	12.4	10.7	15.0
19-20	21	7	33.3	14	66.7	15.7	19.0	14.0
21-22	33	24	72.7	9	27.3	6.2	5.7	7.8
23-34	37	3	8.1	34	91.9	9.2	6.3	9.5
25-29	122	50	41.0	72	59.0	7.2	6.0	8.0
30-34	118	72	61.0	46	39.0	8.4	8.2	8.9
35-39	223	151	67.7	72	32.3	6.8	6.8	6.8
40-44	321	236	73.5	85	26.5	8.0	7.7	8.7
45-49	467	289	61.9	178	38.1	8.1	7.5	9.1
50-54	718	394	54.9	324	45.1	8.0	7.2	9.1
55-59	993	534	53.8	459	46.2	7.4	7.3	7.4
60-64	977	483	49.4	494	50.6	9.4	9.4	9.4
65-69	1,136	579	51.0	557	49.0	8.5	8.4	8.7
70-74	1,444	657	45.5	787	54.5	9.4	9.9	9.1
75-79	1,401	595	42.5	806	57.5	9.3	10.2	8.7
80-84 ²	1,083	476	44.0	606	56.0	9.3	9.8	8.9
85 and above	976	456	46.7	520	53.3	9.3	9.5	9.2

¹Including the principal diagnosis and 14 other related diagnoses that coexisted at the time of admission, or developed subsequently, which affected the treatment received and/or length of stay. A diagnosis in the V-class ranges V58.0-V58.10 (chemo-therapy and radio-therapy is also included). Diagnoses that related to an earlier episode which had no bearing on the current hospital stay was excluded.

²Total includes one subject with unknown sex.

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS). Data as of 08/11/2003.

Table 50. Total Hospital Discharges and Average Length of Stay Due to Malignant Neoplasm Related Diagnosis¹ by Age and Race/Ethnicity, Westchester County Residents, 2002

Age (years)	Number of Discharges											Average Length of Stay (days)					
	Total	White		Black		Other ²		Unknown		Hispanic ³		Total	White	Black	Other ²	Unknown	Hispanic ³
		N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%						
Total	10,318	7,758	75.2	1,203	11.7	873	8.5	484	4.7	473	4.6	8.8	8.5	10.1	10.2	7.0	9.5
Less than 1	8	7	87.5	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	12.5	5	62.5	21.5	12.0	0.0	0.0	88.0	15.2
1-2	30	28	93.3	0	0.0	2	6.7	0	0.0	6	20.0	6.6	6.7	0.0	5.0	0.0	4.0
3-4	38	28	73.7	3	7.9	7	18.4	0	0.0	1	2.6	11.6	9.8	5.7	21.1	0.0	22.0
5-6	31	14	45.2	8	25.8	9	29.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	8.5	4.3	18.9	6.0	0.0	0.0
7-8	48	30	62.5	0	0.0	18	37.5	0	0.0	1	2.1	8.2	6.6	0.0	10.9	0.0	13.0
9-10	16	13	81.3	2	12.5	1	6.3	0	0.0	1	6.3	6.8	4.4	7.5	36.0	0.0	3.0
11-12	29	10	34.5	10	34.5	9	31.0	0	0.0	4	13.8	7.4	6.2	6.5	9.8	0.0	5.5
13-14	16	12	75.0	0	0.0	4	25.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	4.1	5.0	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.0
15-16	27	20	74.1	7	25.9	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	7.4	8.9	3.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
17-18	5	3	60.0	1	20.0	1	20.0	0	0.0	1	20.0	12.4	18.0	7.0	1.0	0.0	24.0
19-20	21	12	57.1	1	4.8	6	28.6	2	9.5	0	0.0	15.7	15.8	3.0	21.8	2.5	0.0
21-22	33	22	66.7	6	18.2	4	12.1	1	3.0	4	12.1	6.2	6.4	5.5	7.8	2.0	10.5
23-34	37	20	54.1	3	8.1	14	37.8	0	0.0	3	8.1	9.2	8.9	8.7	9.9	0.0	8.0
25-29	122	78	63.9	11	9.0	20	16.4	13	10.7	39	32.0	7.2	6.6	5.8	7.7	11.1	5.8
30-34	118	74	62.7	22	18.6	21	17.8	1	0.8	18	15.3	8.4	6.5	11.3	12.6	1.0	10.8
35-39	223	137	61.4	27	12.1	44	19.7	15	6.7	44	19.7	6.8	6.3	5.6	8.8	7.5	8.3
40-44	321	202	62.9	65	20.2	41	12.8	13	4.0	44	13.7	8.0	7.1	10.8	9.2	3.7	7.8
45-49	467	282	60.4	82	17.6	70	15.0	33	7.1	33	7.1	8.1	7.1	11.6	10.2	4.2	7.5
50-54	718	457	63.6	128	17.8	71	9.9	62	8.6	31	4.3	8.0	7.8	10.6	8.1	4.4	10.2
55-59	993	665	67.0	162	16.3	107	10.8	59	5.9	43	4.3	7.4	6.8	9.1	8.9	6.0	7.1
60-64	977	692	70.8	136	13.9	93	9.5	56	5.7	42	4.3	9.4	9.2	9.7	12.0	7.1	11.4
65-69	1,136	855	75.3	150	13.2	93	8.2	38	3.3	45	4.0	8.5	8.1	10.3	9.5	7.7	10.8
70-74	1,444	1,149	79.6	132	9.1	95	6.6	68	4.7	55	3.8	9.4	9.1	11.7	10.2	9.8	9.6
75-79	1,401	1,175	83.9	107	7.6	69	4.9	50	3.6	26	1.9	9.3	9.2	9.7	11.6	7.5	15.0
80-84	1,083	926	85.5	69	6.4	43	4.0	45	4.2	16	1.5	9.3	9.3	9.1	11.5	6.2	11.4
85 and above	976	847	86.8	71	7.3	31	3.2	27	2.8	11	1.1	9.3	9.2	10.8	11.2	7.7	16.2

¹ Including the principal diagnosis and 14 other related diagnoses that coexisted at the time of admission, or developed subsequently, which affected the treatment received and/or length of stay. A diagnosis in the V-class ranges V58.0-V58.10 (chemo-therapy and radio-therapy is also included). Diagnoses that related to an earlier episode which had no bearing on the current hospital stay was excluded.

² Include Native Americans, Asian and Pacific Islanders, and Other.

³ Hispanic is an ethnic group and may be of any race. Therefore, Hispanics are also reported in the race categories.

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS). Data as of 8/11/2003.

Table 51. Total Hospital Discharges and Average Length of Stay Due to Injuries and Poisoning¹ by Etiology and Age, Westchester County Residents, 2002

Etiology	Number of Discharges																		Average Length of Stay (days)									
	Total		<1		1-12		13-17		18-34		35-49		50-64		65-74		75+		Total	<1	1-12	13-17	18-34	35-49	50-64	65-74	75+	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%										
Total	6,785	100.0	38	100.0	332	100.0	270	100.0	995	100.0	961	100.0	832	100.0	777	100.0	2,580	100.0	6.6	3.2	5.2	4.0	5.0	5.6	6.5	7.7	7.8	
Falls	3,521	51.9	15	39.5	118	35.5	51	18.9	136	13.7	256	26.6	386	46.4	481	61.9	2078	80.5	7.1	3.1	2.0	2.6	4.7	6.4	6.5	7.6	7.8	
Motor Vehicle Crash	669	9.9	1	2.6	22	6.6	50	18.5	243	24.4	127	13.2	88	10.6	64	8.2	74	2.9	7.5	1.0	3.6	7.8	6.4	6.5	8.5	10.7	9.7	
Self-Inflicted	282	4.2	0	0.0	0	0.0	37	13.7	108	10.9	86	8.9	24	2.9	15	1.9	12	0.5	4.4	0.0	0.0	3.2	3.6	5.2	3.7	6.6	8.4	
Assault	275	4.1	4	10.5	6	1.8	26	9.6	149	15.0	57	5.9	20	2.4	4	0.5	9	0.3	4.7	5.3	7.2	3.4	4.1	5.3	5.2	11.8	10.1	
Poisonings	244	3.6	3	7.9	17	5.1	6	2.2	42	4.2	68	7.1	39	4.7	23	3.0	46	1.8	5.1	1.7	20.7	2.3	2.9	3.4	4.8	6.8	4.0	
Struck by Object/Person	192	2.8	0	0.0	29	8.7	26	9.6	39	3.9	37	3.9	18	2.2	17	2.2	26	1.0	4.9	0.0	2.4	1.9	6.6	3.4	4.6	7.2	8.6	
Pedestrian	163	2.4	0	0.0	21	6.3	10	3.7	26	2.6	27	2.8	26	3.1	21	2.7	32	1.2	9.3	0.0	4.0	4.1	8.8	9.2	12.4	9.6	12.3	
Cutting Instrument	105	1.5	0	0.0	10	3.0	10	3.7	34	3.4	24	2.5	10	1.2	8	1.0	9	0.3	3.6	0.0	2.3	4.3	3.2	3.0	3.5	3.5	7.7	
Overexertion	104	1.5	0	0.0	2	0.6	11	4.1	25	2.5	20	2.1	20	2.4	8	1.0	18	0.7	4.0	0.0	2.5	2.5	3.5	2.4	5.0	3.9	6.6	
Bicycle	66	1.0	0	0.0	15	4.5	7	2.6	16	1.6	13	1.4	13	1.6	1	0.1	1	0.0	3.5	0.0	2.7	1.7	4.6	3.6	3.8	3.0	8.0	
Scalds	64	0.9	6	15.8	18	5.4	1	0.4	7	0.7	16	1.7	5	0.6	5	0.6	6	0.2	8.3	3.8	6.7	1.0	10.0	11.0	12.0	10.4	4.7	
Respiratory Interference	34	0.5	1	2.6	4	1.2	0	0.0	1	0.1	5	0.5	5	0.6	7	0.9	11	0.4	13.1	3.0	24.8	0.0	2.0	25.6	17.8	3.6	9.0	
Fire/Flame	31	0.5	0	0.0	2	0.6	1	0.4	5	0.5	5	0.5	8	1.0	4	0.5	6	0.2	27.3	0.0	204.0	8.0	21.6	5.4	15.9	27.0	10.2	
Machinery	30	0.4	0	0.0	0	0.0	2	0.7	9	0.9	8	0.8	8	1.0	3	0.4	0	0.0	2.5	0.0	0.0	3.5	1.7	4.5	1.9	1.0	0.0	
Unintentional Firearms	19	0.3	0	0.0	0	0.0	4	1.5	12	1.2	1	0.1	1	0.1	1	0.1	0	0.0	5.6	0.0	0.0	8.0	5.6	3.0	2.0	2.0	0.0	
Submersion	8	0.1	0	0.0	3	0.9	3	1.1	0	0.0	1	0.1	0	0.0	1	0.1	0	0.0	2.9	0.0	1.0	4.3	0.0	4.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	
Other	978	14.4	8	21.1	65	19.6	25	9.3	143	14.4	210	21.9	161	19.4	114	14.7	252	9.8	5.6	2.8	2.7	3.9	4.3	4.9	5.4	6.6	7.5	

¹ Including cases coded for external cause of an injury, poisoning, or adverse effect. The priorities for recording an external code (E-Code) are: a) principal diagnosis of an injury or poisoning, b) other diagnosis of an injury, poisoning, or adverse effect directly related to the principal diagnosis, and c) other diagnosis with an external cause. Only the first E-Code is recorded in this item.

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS). Data as of 08/11/2003.

Table 52. Total Hospital Discharges and Average Length of Stay Due to Injuries and Poisoning¹ by Etiology and Sex, Westchester County Residents, 2002

Etiology	Number of Discharges						Average Length of Stay (days)		
	Total		Female		Male		Total	Female	Male
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%			
Total	6,785	100.0	3,604	100.0	3,181	100.0	6.6	6.8	6.4
Falls	3,521	51.9	2,235	62.0	1,286	40.4	7.1	7.1	7.1
Motor Vehicle Crash	669	9.9	254	7.0	415	13.0	7.5	7.4	7.5
Self-Inflicted	282	4.2	180	5.0	102	3.2	4.4	4.1	4.8
Assault	275	4.1	41	1.1	234	7.4	4.7	5.6	4.6
Poisonings	244	3.6	129	3.6	115	3.6	5.1	3.9	6.5
Struck by Object/Person	192	2.8	54	1.5	138	4.3	4.9	6.1	4.4
Pedestrian	163	2.4	72	2.0	91	2.9	9.3	10.0	8.7
Overexertion	104	1.5	41	1.1	63	2.0	4.0	3.7	4.2
Cutting Instrument	105	1.5	28	0.8	77	2.4	3.6	3.9	3.5
Scalds	64	0.9	29	0.8	35	1.1	8.3	9.8	7.1
Bicycle	66	1.0	7	0.2	59	1.9	3.5	2.7	3.6
Respiratory Interference	34	0.5	16	0.4	18	0.6	13.1	10.7	15.2
Machinery	30	0.4	3	0.1	27	0.8	2.5	2.7	2.5
Fire/Flame	31	0.5	15	0.4	16	0.5	27.3	35.3	19.8
Submersion	8	0.1	3	0.1	5	0.2	2.9	2.0	3.4
Unintentional Firearms	19	0.3	1	0.0	18	0.6	5.6	7.0	5.5
Other	978	14.4	496	13.8	482	15.2	5.6	5.6	5.5

¹ Including cases coded for external cause of an injury, poisoning, or adverse effect. The priorities for recording an external code (E-Code) are: a) principal diagnosis of an injury or poisoning, b) other diagnosis of an injury, poisoning, or adverse effect directly related to the principal diagnosis, and c) other diagnosis with an external cause. Only the first E-Code is recorded in this item.

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS). Data as of 08/11/2003.

Table 53. Total Hospital Discharges and Average Length of Stay Due to Injuries and Poisoning¹ by Etiology and Race/Ethnicity, Westchester County Residents, 2002

Etiology	Number of Discharges											Average Length of Stay (days)						
	Total		White		Black		Other ²		Unknown		Hispanic ³		Total	White	Black	Other ²	Unknown	Hispanic ³
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%						
Total	6,785	100.0	4,753	100.0	709	100.0	1,093	100.0	230	100.0	557	100.0	6.6	6.7	6.6	6.7	5.4	4.9
Falls	3,521	51.9	2,849	59.9	248	35.0	294	26.9	130	56.5	161	28.9	7.1	7.1	7.8	7.4	6.6	4.5
Motor Vehicle Crash	669	9.9	362	7.6	64	9.0	233	21.3	10	4.3	70	12.6	7.4	7.7	5.3	7.8	4.0	5.5
Self-Inflicted	282	4.2	173	3.6	33	4.7	67	6.1	9	3.9	47	8.4	4.4	4.7	5.7	3.3	2.0	3.6
Assault	275	4.1	72	1.5	99	14.0	96	8.8	8	3.5	52	9.3	6.4	6.3	7.4	5.4	4.6	5.0
Poisonings	244	3.6	154	3.2	46	6.5	36	3.3	8	3.5	17	3.1	5.1	5.5	5.0	3.9	3.1	3.4
Struck by Object/Person	192	2.8	112	2.4	27	3.8	47	4.3	6	2.6	34	6.1	4.9	5.2	5.4	3.4	6.5	4.9
Pedestrian	163	2.4	85	1.8	29	4.1	43	3.9	6	2.6	23	4.1	9.3	9.2	8.7	10.4	5.7	9.4
Overexertion	104	1.5	79	1.7	4	0.6	12	1.1	9	3.9	9	1.6	4.0	3.9	3.0	4.6	4.7	2.6
Cutting Instrument	105	1.5	62	1.3	12	1.7	30	2.7	1	0.4	27	4.8	3.6	3.5	5.4	3.1	3.0	3.3
Scalds	64	0.9	34	0.7	8	1.1	22	2.0	0	0.0	6	1.1	8.3	9.4	5.6	7.5	0.0	5.0
Bicycle	66	1.0	41	0.9	8	1.1	15	1.4	2	0.9	8	1.4	3.5	4.1	2.1	3.1	1.0	4.4
Respiratory Interference	34	0.5	20	0.4	5	0.7	8	0.7	1	0.4	2	0.4	13.1	9.2	25.2	15.1	15.0	3.0
Machinery	30	0.4	18	0.4	1	0.1	10	0.9	1	0.4	7	1.3	2.5	3.0	5.0	1.5	2.0	3.3
Fire/Flame	31	0.5	19	0.4	6	0.8	6	0.5	0	0.0	6	1.1	27.3	21.8	53.2	19.0	27.3	20.2
Submersion	8	0.1	5	0.1	1	0.1	2	0.2	0	0.0	1	0.2	2.9	4.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	1.0
Unintentional Firearms	19	0.3	6	0.1	9	1.3	3	0.3	1	0.4	5	0.9	5.6	4.8	5.3	9.3	1.0	8.6
Other	978	14.4	662	13.9	109	15.4	169	15.5	38	16.5	82	14.7	5.6	5.4	5.1	7.1	3.3	4.6

¹ Including cases coded for external cause of an injury, poisoning, or adverse effect. The priorities for recording an external code (E-Code) are: a) principal diagnosis of an injury or poisoning, b) other diagnosis of an injury, poisoning, or adverse effect directly related to the principal diagnosis, and c) other diagnosis with an external cause. Only the first E-Code is recorded in this item.

² Include Native Americans, Asian and Pacific Islanders, and Other.

³ Hispanic is an ethnic group and may be of any race. Therefore, Hispanics are also reported in the race categories.

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS). Data as of 08/11/2003.

Table 54. Total Hospital Discharges and Average Length of Stay Due to Injuries and Poisoning¹ by Age and Sex, Westchester County Residents, 2002

Age (years)	Number of Discharges					Average Length of Stay (days)		
	Total	Female		Male		Total	Female	Male
		Number	%	Number	%			
Total	6,785	3,604	53.1	3,181	46.9	6.6	6.8	6.4
< 1	38	18	47.4	20	52.6	3.2	3.8	2.6
1-2	71	27	38.0	44	62.0	3.7	4.1	3.5
3-4	51	20	39.2	31	60.8	2.8	4.4	1.7
5-6	53	22	41.5	31	58.5	2.8	2.1	3.4
7-8	40	18	45.0	22	55.0	12.8	23.9	3.7
9-10	60	17	28.3	43	71.7	8.3	2.5	10.6
11-12	57	19	33.3	38	66.7	3.0	4.1	2.4
13-14	67	20	29.9	47	70.1	4.5	4.5	4.5
15-16	122	49	40.2	73	59.8	3.5	3.8	3.4
17-18	158	62	39.2	96	60.8	4.3	6.1	3.1
19-20	129	41	31.8	88	68.2	4.8	3.7	5.3
21-22	117	38	32.5	79	67.5	4.5	5.8	3.9
23-24	110	33	30.0	77	70.0	4.2	2.8	4.8
25-29	284	83	29.2	201	70.8	5.0	4.5	5.2
30-34	278	94	33.8	184	66.2	5.6	4.4	6.2
35-39	303	108	35.6	195	64.4	4.7	4.8	4.7
40-44	343	152	44.3	191	55.7	5.9	6.6	5.4
45-49	315	125	39.7	190	60.3	6.1	7.0	5.5
50-54	306	131	42.8	175	57.2	6.5	6.1	6.7
55-59	264	117	44.3	147	55.7	6.0	5.2	6.7
60-64	262	129	49.2	133	50.8	7.0	8.1	5.9
65-69	329	184	55.9	145	44.1	7.4	6.8	8.2
70-74	448	252	56.3	196	43.8	7.8	7.3	8.6
75-79	601	391	65.1	210	34.9	7.9	7.0	9.6
80-84	716	494	69.0	222	31.0	8.1	7.7	9.1
85 +	1263	960	76.0	303	24.0	7.6	7.4	8.3

¹ Including cases coded for external cause of an injury, poisoning, or adverse effect. The priorities for recording an external code (E-Code) are: a) principal diagnosis of an injury or poisoning, b) other diagnosis of an injury, poisoning, or adverse effect directly related to the principal diagnosis, and c) other diagnosis with an external cause. Only the first E-Code is recorded in this item.

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS). Data as of 08/11/2003.

Table 55. Total Hospital Discharges and Average Length of Stay Due to Injuries and Poisoning¹ by Age and Race/Ethnicity, Westchester County Residents, 2002

Age (years)	Number of Discharges											Average Length of Stay (days)					
	Total	White		Black		Other ²		Unknown		Hispanic ³		Total	White	Black	Other ²	Unknown	Hispanic ³
		N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%						
Total	6,785	4,753	70.1	706	10.4	1,096	16.2	230	3.4	557	8.2	6.6	6.7	6.6	6.7	5.4	4.9
< 1	38	17	44.7	4	10.5	17	44.7	0	0.0	9	23.7	3.2	2.2	7.5	3.1	0.0	2.9
1-2	71	28	39.4	10	14.1	32	45.1	1	1.4	13	18.3	3.7	3.1	1.9	4.9	1.0	2.7
3-4	51	20	39.2	6	11.8	25	49.0	0	0.0	10	19.6	2.8	1.3	1.3	4.3	0.0	1.7
5-6	53	23	43.4	5	9.4	20	37.7	5	9.4	7	13.2	2.8	2.3	4.0	2.9	4.0	1.7
7-8	40	23	57.5	6	15.0	11	27.5	0	0.0	6	15.0	12.8	8.3	49.0	2.5	0.0	3.2
9-10	60	31	51.7	11	18.3	15	25.0	3	5.0	11	18.3	8.3	12.7	4.4	2.9	4.3	1.5
11-12	57	34	59.6	8	14.0	14	24.6	1	1.8	8	14.0	3.0	2.8	5.1	2.5	1.0	2.9
13-14	67	40	59.7	5	7.5	17	25.4	5	7.5	11	16.4	4.5	4.9	3.2	4.8	1.8	6.0
15-16	122	57	46.7	27	22.1	31	25.4	7	5.7	17	13.9	3.5	4.1	3.6	2.9	2.0	2.8
17-18	158	70	44.3	27	17.1	56	35.4	5	3.2	25	15.8	4.3	3.7	4.5	4.8	4.8	2.9
19-20	129	58	45.0	22	17.1	43	33.3	6	4.7	24	18.6	4.8	6.1	4.3	3.8	1.7	2.6
21-22	117	58	49.6	12	10.3	44	37.6	3	2.6	25	21.4	4.5	4.6	4.3	4.7	2.7	3.0
23-24	110	56	50.9	18	16.4	36	32.7	0	0.0	27	24.5	4.2	4.8	3.4	3.7	0.0	4.9
25-29	284	123	43.3	63	22.2	94	33.1	4	1.4	73	25.7	5.0	5.5	4.7	4.5	5.5	5.1
30-34	278	129	46.4	50	18.0	92	33.1	7	2.5	46	16.5	5.6	6.1	4.7	5.4	5.1	6.1
35-39	303	157	51.8	57	18.8	82	27.1	7	2.3	60	19.8	4.7	4.7	5.2	4.7	1.3	3.8
40-44	343	202	58.9	63	18.4	72	21.0	6	1.7	29	8.5	5.9	5.6	8.6	4.9	2.0	4.4
45-49	315	192	61.0	47	14.9	63	20.0	13	4.1	27	8.6	6.1	4.5	13.4	5.7	5.4	7.4
50-54	306	187	61.1	49	16.0	54	17.6	16	5.2	25	8.2	6.5	6.9	3.8	8.0	4.5	4.3
55-59	264	188	71.2	26	9.8	42	15.9	8	3.0	14	5.3	6.0	5.7	7.7	6.6	3.9	6.7
60-64	262	186	71.0	23	8.8	39	14.9	14	5.3	16	6.1	7.0	5.4	6.8	14.1	8.4	7.6
65-69	329	258	78.4	26	7.9	37	11.2	8	2.4	14	4.3	7.4	7.2	5.7	10.0	6.8	8.6
70-74	448	347	77.5	39	8.7	43	9.6	19	4.2	13	2.9	7.8	7.6	7.6	10.5	7.5	7.2
75-79	601	509	84.7	31	5.2	38	6.3	23	3.8	11	1.8	7.9	7.4	7.7	15.5	6.2	6.7
80-84	716	624	87.2	35	4.9	37	5.2	20	2.8	19	2.7	8.1	7.6	8.3	18.1	5.2	8.2
85 +	1,263	1,136	89.9	36	2.9	42	3.3	49	3.9	17	1.3	7.6	7.5	6.5	12.6	6.5	9.1

¹ Including cases coded for external cause of an injury, poisoning, or adverse effect. The priorities for recording an external code (E-Code) are: a) principal diagnosis of an injury or poisoning, b) other diagnosis of an injury, poisoning, or adverse effect direct related to the principal diagnosis, and c) other diagnosis with an external cause. Only the first E-Code is recorded in this item.

² Include Native Americans, Asian and Pacific Islanders, and Other.

³ Hispanic is an ethnic group and may be of any race. Therefore, Hispanics are also reported in the race categories.

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS). Data as of 08/11/2003.

Table 56. Total Hospital Discharges and Average Length of Stay Due to Principal Diagnosis of Diabetes by Age and Sex, Westchester County Residents, 2002

Age (years)	Number of Discharges					Average Length of Stay (days)		
	Total	Female		Male		Total	Female	Male
		Number	%	Number	%			
Total	1,378	662	48.0	716	52.0	8.0	7.5	8.3
Less than 1	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1-2	8	2	25.0	6	75.0	4.6	2.5	5.3
3-4	9	6	66.7	3	33.3	4.4	4.2	5.0
5-6	10	5	50.0	5	50.0	4.6	3.4	5.8
7-8	11	4	36.4	7	63.6	2.4	2.5	2.3
9-10	15	3	20.0	12	80.0	5.2	1.7	6.1
11-12	12	6	50.0	6	50.0	2.5	2.3	2.7
13-14	16	8	50.0	8	50.0	4.0	4.9	3.1
15-16	11	5	45.5	6	54.5	4.5	5.6	3.5
17-18	16	10	62.5	6	37.5	2.3	2.6	1.8
19-20	13	12	92.3	1	7.7	6.0	6.3	2.0
21-22	14	10	71.4	4	28.6	2.9	3.2	2.3
23-34	13	6	46.2	7	53.8	2.6	2.8	2.4
25-29	20	7	35.0	13	65.0	4.6	5.6	4.1
30-34	33	18	54.5	15	45.5	5.6	4.7	6.7
35-39	69	36	52.2	33	47.8	6.2	4.8	7.8
40-44	85	34	40.0	51	60.0	6.3	6.2	6.3
45-49	111	40	36.0	71	64.0	7.9	8.4	7.7
50-54	107	42	39.3	65	60.7	7.9	8.6	7.5
55-59	125	53	42.4	72	57.6	9.4	11.9	7.5
60-64	90	39	43.3	51	56.7	8.4	7.0	9.5
65-69	141	70	49.6	71	50.4	11.0	8.8	13.2
70-74	125	61	48.8	64	51.2	9.2	9.0	9.5
75-79	140	83	59.3	57	40.7	10.1	9.0	11.8
80-84	99	51	51.5	48	48.5	7.5	6.6	8.6
85 and above	85	51	60.0	34	40.0	7.5	6.8	8.5

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS). Data as of 08/11/2003.

Table 57. Total Hospital Discharges and Average Length of Stay Due to Principal Diagnosis of Diabetes by Age and Race/Ethnicity, Westchester County Residents, 2002

Age (years)	Number of Discharges											Average Length of Stay (days)					
	Total	White		Black		Other ¹		Unknown		Hispanic ²		Total	White	Black	Other ¹	Unknown	Hispanic ²
		N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%						
Total	1,378	759	55.1	429	31.1	153	11.1	37	2.7	106	7.7	8.0	8.3	7.7	7.4	6.9	7.6
Less than 1	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1-2	8	4	50.0	0	0.0	4	50.0	0	0.0	2	25.0	4.6	4.3	0.0	5.0	0.0	2.5
3-4	9	2	22.2	2	22.2	3	33.3	2	22.2	1	11.1	4.4	3.5	5.0	4.3	5.0	5.0
5-6	10	7	70.0	0	0.0	3	30.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	4.6	4.1	0.0	5.7	0.0	0.0
7-8	11	6	54.5	0	0.0	3	27.3	2	18.2	2	18.2	2.4	2.3	0.0	2.3	2.5	2.0
9-10	15	8	53.3	0	0.0	7	46.7	0	0.0	2	13.3	5.2	3.1	0.0	7.6	0.0	5.5
11-12	12	6	50.0	1	8.3	5	41.7	0	0.0	1	8.3	2.5	2.2	2.0	3.0	0.0	2.0
13-14	16	6	37.5	4	25.0	5	31.3	1	6.3	2	12.5	4.0	3.7	6.0	3.2	2.0	5.0
15-16	11	4	36.4	2	18.2	5	45.5	0	0.0	5	45.5	4.5	4.5	7.5	3.2	0.0	4.0
17-18	16	4	25.0	7	43.8	4	25.0	1	6.3	1	6.3	2.3	1.5	2.6	3.0	1.0	4.0
19-20	13	0	0.0	9	69.2	3	23.1	1	7.7	1	7.7	6.0	0.0	6.2	2.7	14.0	1.0
21-22	14	7	50.0	5	35.7	1	7.1	1	7.1	2	14.3	2.9	2.7	3.2	4.0	2.0	3.0
23-34	13	8	61.5	3	23.1	2	15.4	0	0.0	1	7.7	2.6	2.6	3.0	2.0	0.0	1.0
25-29	20	7	35.0	11	55.0	2	10.0	0	0.0	5	25.0	4.6	3.6	5.4	4.0	0.0	2.6
30-34	33	15	45.5	11	33.3	5	15.2	2	6.1	8	24.2	5.6	5.3	5.3	8.0	4.0	7.1
35-39	69	29	42.0	36	52.2	3	4.3	1	1.4	3	4.3	6.2	6.0	6.5	6.3	3.0	4.3
40-44	85	34	40.0	41	48.2	9	10.6	1	1.2	9	10.6	6.3	6.6	4.9	11.7	1.0	14.7
45-49	111	53	47.7	46	41.4	8	7.2	4	3.6	8	7.2	7.9	8.5	7.5	6.9	7.5	16.8
50-54	107	49	45.8	42	39.3	12	11.2	4	3.7	9	8.4	7.9	8.3	8.6	5.4	4.8	4.6
55-59	125	63	50.4	41	32.8	19	15.2	2	1.6	11	8.8	9.4	9.3	8.4	9.5	31.0	7.7
60-64	90	46	51.1	32	35.6	9	10.0	3	3.3	6	6.7	8.4	9.6	7.2	7.0	8.0	11.7
65-69	141	87	61.7	40	28.4	11	7.8	3	2.1	14	9.9	11.0	10.2	12.3	13.9	5.0	7.5
70-74	125	80	64.0	25	20.0	16	12.8	4	3.2	8	6.4	9.2	9.0	10.8	8.9	7.3	6.1
75-79	140	91	65.0	42	30.0	4	2.9	3	2.1	3	2.1	10.1	11.3	8.6	3.5	6.0	2.3
80-84	99	72	72.7	22	22.2	4	4.0	1	1.0	1	1.0	7.5	7.6	6.7	11.5	6.0	25.0
85 and above	85	71	83.5	7	8.2	6	7.1	1	1.2	1	1.2	7.5	7.3	7.7	9.7	5.0	9.0

¹ Include Native Americans, Asian and Pacific Islanders, and Other.

² Hispanic is an ethnic group and may be of any race. Therefore, Hispanics are also reported in the race categories.

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS). Data as of 08/11/2003.

Table 58. Total Hospital Discharges and Average Length of Stay Due to AIDS Related Diagnosis¹ by Age and Sex, Westchester County Residents, 2002

Age (years)	Number of Discharges					Average Length of Stay (days)		
	Total	Female		Male		Total	Female	Male
		Number	%	Number	%			
Total	1,078	493	45.7	585	54.3	8.5	8.6	8.4
Less than 1	3	3	100.0	0	0.0	4.0	4.0	0.0
1-2	4	3	75.0	1	25.0	11.0	9.3	16.0
3-4	1	1	100.0	0	0.0	25.0	25.0	0.0
5-6	1	1	100.0	0	0.0	4.0	4.0	0.0
7-8	6	6	100.0	0	0.0	25.5	25.5	0.0
9-10	4	2	50.0	2	50.0	7.8	8.0	7.5
11-12	10	0	0.0	10	100.0	7.0	0.0	7.0
13-14	2	1	50.0	1	50.0	3.0	4.0	2.0
15-16	6	3	50.0	3	50.0	25.0	32.7	17.3
17-18	5	3	60.0	2	40.0	11.0	16.0	3.5
19-20	7	5	71.4	2	28.6	3.9	3.0	6.0
21-22	8	3	37.5	5	62.5	5.9	6.0	5.8
23-34	5	5	100.0	0	0.0	9.8	9.8	0.0
25-29	17	12	70.6	5	29.4	7.1	4.5	13.4
30-34	61	38	62.3	23	37.7	6.9	6.1	8.3
35-39	230	96	41.7	134	58.3	6.8	7.7	6.1
40-44	230	124	53.9	106	46.1	8.3	7.7	9.1
45-49	230	110	47.8	120	52.2	8.9	9.2	8.6
50-54	137	45	32.8	92	67.2	9.0	8.4	9.3
55-59	57	10	17.5	47	82.5	9.6	13.6	8.7
60-64	24	7	29.2	17	70.8	10.4	18.0	7.3
65-69	12	5	41.7	7	58.3	17.2	9.4	22.7
70-74	5	3	60.0	2	40.0	7.6	7.0	8.5
75-79	10	6	60.0	4	40.0	9.1	9.0	9.3
80-84	1	1	100.0	0	0.0	28.0	28.0	0.0
85 and above	2	0	0.0	2	100.0	4.5	0.0	4.5

¹ Including the principal diagnosis and 14 other related diagnoses that coexisted at the time of admission, or developed subsequently, which affected the treatment received and/or length of stay. In addition, it included any V-class coding as V0.80 and any of the variables for current, new or past New York State diagnosis-related group in the range of 700 to 716 or any current, new or past federal diagnosis-related group in the range of 488 to 490.

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS). Data as of 08/11/2003.

Table 59. Total Hospital Discharges and Average Length of Stay Due to AIDS Related Diagnosis¹ by Age and Race/Ethnicity, Westchester County Residents, 2002

Age (years)	Number of Discharges										Average Length of Stay (days)						
	Total	White		Black		Other ²		Unknown		Hispanic ³		Total	White	Black	Other ²	Unknown	Hispanic ³
		N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%						
Total	1,078	288	26.7	571	53.0	192	17.8	27	2.5	175	16.2	8.5	8.9	8.5	7.9	6.6	7.9
Less than 1	3	0	0.0	1	33.3	2	66.7	0	0.0	0	0.0	4.0	0.0	4.0	4.0	0.0	0.0
1-2	4	2	50.0	1	25.0	1	25.0	0	0.0	2	50.0	11.0	20.5	1.0	2.0	0.0	13.5
3-4	1	1	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	25.0	25.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5-6	1	0	0.0	1	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	4.0	0.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7-8	6	1	16.7	5	83.3	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	25.5	6.0	29.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
9-10	4	0	0.0	2	50.0	2	50.0	0	0.0	2	50.0	7.8	0.0	7.5	8.0	0.0	8.0
11-12	10	0	0.0	10	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	7.0	0.0	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
13-14	2	0	0.0	1	50.0	1	50.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	3.0	0.0	2.0	4.0	0.0	0.0
15-16	6	0	0.0	3	50.0	3	50.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	25.0	0.0	2.7	47.3	0.0	0.0
17-18	5	0	0.0	5	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	11.0	0.0	11.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
19-20	7	1	14.3	6	85.7	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	14.3	3.9	10.0	2.8	0.0	0.0	10.0
21-22	8	0	0.0	5	62.5	3	37.5	0	0.0	2	25.0	5.9	0.0	5.8	6.0	0.0	7.0
23-34	5	1	20.0	3	60.0	1	20.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	9.8	28.0	5.0	6.0	0.0	0.0
25-29	17	4	23.5	8	47.1	5	29.4	0	0.0	3	17.6	7.1	15.8	5.6	2.6	0.0	8.0
30-34	61	22	36.1	27	44.3	11	18.0	1	1.6	8	13.1	6.9	5.8	7.5	8.0	4.0	8.3
35-39	230	76	33.0	93	40.4	58	25.2	3	1.3	62	27.0	6.8	6.4	6.8	7.1	6.7	6.8
40-44	230	62	27.0	117	50.9	44	19.1	7	3.0	41	17.8	8.3	8.9	8.2	8.2	6.0	8.7
45-49	230	51	22.2	143	62.2	30	13.0	6	2.6	30	13.0	8.9	11.0	8.5	7.3	7.7	9.1
50-54	137	36	26.3	85	62.0	14	10.2	2	1.5	10	7.3	9.0	7.4	10.1	7.0	2.5	4.7
55-59	57	13	22.8	25	43.9	12	21.1	7	12.3	9	15.8	9.6	10.2	10.9	7.8	6.9	10.1
60-64	24	8	33.3	14	58.3	2	8.3	0	0.0	4	16.7	10.4	7.5	12.9	4.5	0.0	5.3
65-69	12	6	50.0	6	50.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	17.2	25.8	8.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
70-74	5	2	40.0	3	60.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	7.6	8.5	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
75-79	10	1	10.0	5	50.0	3	30.0	1	10.0	1	10.0	9.1	7.0	7.0	11.7	14.0	17.0
80-84	1	1	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	28.0	28.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
85 and above	2	0	0.0	2	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	4.5	0.0	4.5	0.0	0.0	0.0

¹Including the principal diagnosis and 14 other related diagnoses that coexisted at the time of admission, or developed subsequently, which affected the treatment received and/or length of stay. In addition, it included any V-class coding as V0.80 and any of the variables for current, new or past New York State diagnosis-related group in the range of 700 to 716 or any current, new or past federal diagnosis-related group in the range of 488 to 490.

²Include Native Americans, Asian and Pacific Islanders, and Other.

³Hispanic is an ethnic group and may be of any race. Therefore, Hispanics are also reported in the race categories.

Source: New York State Department of Health, Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS). Data as of 08/11/2003.

Table 60. Cases and Rates of Reportable Diseases, Westchester County, 2001 - 2003¹

Communicable Disease Category	2003		2002		2001	
	Cases	Rate ²	Cases	Rate ²	Cases	Rate ²
VACCINE-PREVENTABLE DISEASES						
Measles	0	0.0	0	0.0	2	0.2
Mumps	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Pertussis ³	71	7.7	5	0.5	4	0.4
Rubella	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.1
CNS DISEASES AND BACTEREMIAS						
Encephalitis						
<i>West Nile Encephalitis (lab positive)</i>	4	0.4	2	0.2	0	0.0
<i>Non-West Nile Encephalitis</i>	9	1.0	3	0.3	10	1.1
Haemophilus Influenzae Type B	0	0.0	1	0.1	0	0.0
Listeriosis	6	0.6	7	0.8	3	0.3
Meningitis						
<i>Aseptic Meningitis</i>	39	4.2	23	2.5	39	4.2
<i>Meningococcal Diseases</i>	3	0.3	8	0.9	5	0.5
<i>Other Meningitis/Bacteremias</i> ⁴	80	8.7	76	8.2	57	6.2
Strep Pneumoniae						
<i>Invasive Strep Pneumoniae</i> ⁵	65	7.0	33	3.6	44	4.8
<i>Drug-Resistant Strep Pneumoniae</i>	14	1.5	16	1.7	21	2.3
ENTERIC INFECTIONS						
Amebiasis ³	26	2.8	27	2.9	24	2.6
Campylobacteriosis	125	13.5	116	12.6	83	9.0
Cryptosporidiosis	9	1.0	4	0.4	8	0.9
Cyclosporidiosis	1	0.1	3	0.3	3	0.3
Giardiasis	110	11.9	152	16.5	142	15.4
Salmonellosis	137	14.8	135	14.6	161	17.4
Shigellosis	21	2.3	42	4.5	18	1.9
STEC (E. Coli 0157) ^{3,6}	10	1.1	21	2.3	14	1.5
Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome	3	0.3	3	0.3	0	0.0
Typhoid	3	0.3	1	0.1	2	0.2
Vibrio	2	0.2	0	0.0	3	0.3
Yersiniosis	2	0.2	0	0.0	1	0.1
VIRAL HEPATITIS						
Hepatitis A	15	1.6	26	2.8	35	3.8
Hepatitis B						
<i>Acute</i>	5	0.5	12	1.3	8	0.9
<i>Chronic</i> ^{3,7,8}	59	6.4	9	1.0	0	0.0
<i>Infant Perinatal</i>	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Hepatitis C						
<i>Acute</i>	0	0.0	2	0.2	0	0.0
<i>Chronic</i> ^{3,7,8}	49	5.3	143	15.5	3	0.3
Other Hepatitis	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES						
Chlamydia	1,569	169.9	1,390	150.5	1,141	123.6
Gonorrhea	587	63.6	469	50.8	362	39.2
<i>PPNG</i> ⁹	0	0.0	1	0.1	0	0.0
Syphilis (All Stages) ¹⁰	91	9.9	92	10.0	66	7.1
<i>Early Syphilis</i> ¹¹	18	1.9	16	1.7	13	1.4
<i>Congenital Syphilis</i> ¹²	1	n/a	1	7.8	1	7.9
VECTOR-BORNE, ZOONOSES						
Babesiosis	13	1.4	4	0.4	3	0.3
Ehrlichiosis ^{3,8}	0	0.0	53	5.7	50	5.4
Lyme Disease	625	67.7	342	37.0	455	49.3
<i>Reported by Westchester Medical Ctr</i>	30	3.2	13	1.4	51	5.5
Malaria	17	1.8	9	1.0	17	1.8
Tularemia	1	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0
OTHERS						
Legionellosis ³	10	1.1	6	0.6	3	0.3
Toxic Shock Syndrome	1	0.1	1	0.1	0	0.0
Tuberculosis ³	57	6.2	63	6.8	56	6.1

¹ As of July 23, 2004.

² Per 100,000 population.

³ Includes probable cases.

⁴ Other Meningitis/Bacteremias include Invasive Group A, Group B Strep, Invasive H. Influenzae.

⁵ As of January 2000, Invasive Strep Pneumoniae includes Invasive Strep Pneumoniae (Sensitive), Bacteremia and Meningitis.

⁶ Shiga toxin producing E. Coli (STEC); may include non-0157 shiga toxin producing strains of E. Coli.

⁷ Chronic Hepatitis B and C became reportable in NYS in June 2002. Includes probable cases.

⁸ Incomplete data due to surveillance limitations

⁹ Penicillinase producing N. Gonorrhea. PPNG cases are included in Gonorrhea total.

¹⁰ Total Syphilis cases do not include Congenital Syphilis.

¹¹ Includes primary, secondary, and early latent Syphilis.

¹² Rates for Congenital Syphilis are per 100,000 live births.

Source: Westchester County Department of Health, Division of Disease Control.

Table 61. Reported Cases and Rates of Sexually Transmitted Diseases, Westchester County, 2003¹

Health Planning Region and Municipality	Chlamydia		Gonorrhea		Syphilis	
	Cases	Rate ²	Cases	Rate ²	Cases	Rate ²
Westchester County	1,569	169.9	587	63.6	91	9.9
Northwest	180	128.0	53	37.7	20	14.2
Briarcliff Manor	2	26.0	0	0.0	1	13.0
Buchanan	0	0.0	1	45.7	0	0.0
Cortlandt	19	66.3	2	7.0	0	0.0
Croton on Hudson	6	78.9	0	0.0	0	0.0
Mount Pleasant	19	72.7	10	38.2	12	45.9
Ossining (T)	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Ossining (V)	53	220.7	18	75.0	3	12.5
Peekskill	55	245.1	20	89.1	1	4.5
Pleasantville	8	111.5	2	27.9	0	0.0
Sleepy Hollow	18	195.4	0	0.0	3	32.6
Northeast	69	51.7	21	15.7	0	0.0
Bedford	17	93.8	5	27.6	0	0.0
Lewisboro	4	32.5	0	0.0	0	0.0
Mount Kisco	16	160.3	4	40.1	0	0.0
New Castle	2	11.4	3	17.2	0	0.0
North Castle	6	55.3	0	0.0	0	0.0
North Salem	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Pound Ridge	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Somers	8	43.6	5	27.3	0	0.0
Yorktown	16	44.1	4	11.0	0	0.0
West Central	204	129.4	57	36.2	8	5.1
Ardsley	1	23.4	2	46.8	0	0.0
Dobbs Ferry	8	75.3	4	37.7	0	0.0
Elmsford	13	278.0	4	85.5	0	0.0
Greenburgh	61	145.8	12	28.7	0	0.0
Hastings on Hudson	10	130.8	2	26.2	0	0.0
Irvington	1	15.1	0	0.0	0	0.0
Scarsdale	5	28.1	2	11.2	0	0.0
Tarrytown	7	63.1	4	36.1	1	9.0
White Plains	98	184.6	27	50.9	7	13.2
East Central	89	79.5	21	18.8	4	3.6
Harrison	22	91.1	3	12.4	0	0.0
Larchmont	3	46.3	0	0.0	0	0.0
Mamaroneck (T)	5	44.9	3	26.9	1	9.0
Mamaroneck (V)	13	69.3	4	21.3	0	0.0
Port Chester	40	143.5	7	25.1	3	10.8
Rye	3	20.1	3	20.1	0	0.0
Rye Brook	3	34.9	1	11.6	0	0.0
Southwest	526	268.2	242	123.4	30	15.3
Yonkers	526	268.2	242	123.4	30	15.3
Southeast	487	265.0	186	101.2	29	15.8
Bronxville	2	30.6	0	0.0	0	0.0
Eastchester	7	37.7	6	32.3	2	10.8
Mount Vernon	350	511.8	148	216.4	18	26.3
New Rochelle	116	160.7	29	40.2	8	11.1
Pelham	5	78.1	1	15.6	1	15.6
Pelham Manor	2	36.6	1	18.3	0	0.0
Tuckahoe	5	80.5	1	16.1	0	0.0
Unknown	14	-	7	-	0	-

¹As of July 23, 2004. All are confirmed cases.

²Per 100,000 population.

Source: Westchester Department of Health, Division of Disease Control.

Table 62. Reported Cases and Rates of Chlamydia by Age Group, Sex, and Race/Ethnicity, Westchester County, 2003¹

Sex and Race/Ethnicity	Total ²		<15		15-19		20-24		25-29		30-34		35-39		40+	
	Number	Rate ³	Number	Rate ³	Number	Rate ³	Number	Rate ³	Number	Rate ³	Number	Rate ³	Number	Rate ³	Number	Rate ³
Total	1,569	169.9	29	14.8	515	947.3	560	1192.5	241	440.3	108	157.1	55	68.9	58	13.7
Male	328	74.3	1	1.0	65	229.5	118	504.9	78	290.5	25	75.4	18	46.8	22	11.5
White	56	17.7	0	0.0	10	56.9	19	136.5	13	78.3	5	22.6	4	14.8	5	3.3
Black	183	310.2	0	0.0	35	665.4	72	1925.6	40	1075.8	9	200.7	13	258.2	13	63.2
Other/Unknown	89	..	1	..	20	..	27	..	25	..	11	..	1	..	4	..
Hispanic ⁴	86	117.2	1	5.2	17	262.0	30	402.5	24	307.0	9	117.7	3	42.7	2	11.3
Female	1,241	257.6	28	29.3	450	1728.4	442	1873.8	163	584.6	83	233.2	37	89.6	36	15.5
White	242	70.6	2	3.2	75	463.2	96	687.8	45	263.4	9	39.0	7	24.9	7	3.9
Black	574	795.6	21	136.3	234	4739.7	196	4497.5	56	1189.7	37	622.2	13	190.8	17	56.7
Other/Unknown	425	..	5	..	141	..	150	..	62	..	37	..	17	..	12	..
Hispanic ⁴	338	477.9	3	16.3	112	2076.8	123	1980.0	55	827.4	26	368.7	10	149.9	8	39.3

¹ As of July 23, 2004. All are confirmed cases.

² Total includes cases with unknown information on age.

³ Per 100,000 population.

⁴ Hispanic is an ethnic group and may be of any race. Therefore, Hispanics are also reported in the race categories.

Source: Westchester County Department of Health, Division of Disease Control.

Table 63. Reported Cases and Rates of Gonorrhea by Age Group, Sex, and Race/Ethnicity, Westchester County, 2003¹

Sex and Race/Ethnicity	Total ²		<15		15-19		20-24		25-29		30-34		35-39		40+	
	Number	Rate ³	Number	Rate ³	Number	Rate ³	Number	Rate ³	Number	Rate ³	Number	Rate ³	Number	Rate ³	Number	Rate ³
Total	587	63.6	9	4.6	176	323.7	175	372.6	87	159.0	58	84.4	41	51.4	40	9.5
Male	236	53.4	2	2.0	45	158.9	75	320.9	40	149.0	26	78.5	25	64.9	22	11.5
White	29	9.2	0	0.0	4	22.7	9	64.7	2	12.0	3	13.6	5	18.5	6	3.9
Black	169	286.5	1	6.2	38	722.4	58	1551.2	28	753.1	18	401.3	15	298.0	10	48.6
Other/Unknown	38	..	1	..	3	..	8	..	10	..	5	..	5	..	6	..
Hispanic ⁴	28	38.1	1	5.2	3	46.2	7	93.9	7	89.5	4	52.3	3	42.7	3	17.0
Female	351	72.9	7	7.3	131	503.1	100	423.9	47	168.6	32	89.9	16	38.7	18	7.8
White	84	24.5	0	0.0	21	129.7	25	179.1	10	58.5	12	52.0	6	21.4	10	5.5
Black	197	273.1	6	38.9	84	1701.4	57	1307.9	21	446.1	14	235.4	8	117.4	7	23.4
Other/Unknown	70	..	1	..	26	..	18	..	16	..	6	..	2	..	1	..
Hispanic ⁴	68	96.2	1	5.4	24	445.0	23	370.3	11	165.5	7	99.3	1	15.0	1	4.9

¹ As of July 23, 2004. All are confirmed cases.

² Total includes cases with unknown information on age.

³ Per 100,000 population.

⁴ Hispanic is an ethnic group and may be of any race. Therefore, Hispanics are also reported in the race categories.

Source: Westchester County Department of Health, Division of Disease Control.

Table 64. Reported Cases and Rates of Syphilis (All Stages) by Age Group, Sex, and Race/Ethnicity, Westchester County, 2003¹

Sex and Race/Ethnicity	Total		<15		15-19		20-24		25-29		30-34		35-39		40+	
	Number	Rate ²	Number	Rate ²	Number	Rate ²	Number	Rate ²	Number	Rate ²	Number	Rate ²	Number	Rate ²	Number	Rate ²
Total	91	9.9	0	0.0	2	3.7	6	12.8	8	14.6	18	26.2	16	20.0	41	9.7
Male	57	12.9	0	0.0	1	3.5	3	12.8	8	29.8	10	30.2	11	28.6	24	12.6
White	14	4.4	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	7.2	1	6.0	2	9.1	3	11.1	7	4.6
Black	21	35.6	0	0.0	0	0.0	2	53.5	4	107.6	4	89.2	6	119.2	5	24.3
Other/Unknown	22	..	0	..	1	..	0	..	3	..	4	..	2	..	12	..
Hispanic ³	23	31.3	0	0.0	1	15.4	0	0.0	4	51.2	4	52.3	2	28.5	12	68.0
Female	34	7.1	0	0.0	1	3.8	3	12.7	0	0.0	8	22.5	5	12.1	17	7.3
White	9	2.6	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	7.2	0	0.0	3	13.0	1	3.6	4	2.2
Black	15	20.8	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	3	50.4	2	29.4	10	33.4
Other/Unknown	10	..	0	..	1	..	2	..	0	..	2	..	2	..	3	..
Hispanic ³	13	18.4	0	0.0	1	18.5	3	48.3	0	0.0	3	42.5	2	30.0	4	19.6

¹ As of July 23, 2004. All are confirmed cases.

² Per 100,000 population.

³ Hispanic is an ethnic group and may be of any race. Therefore, Hispanics are also reported in the race categories.

Source: Westchester County Department of Health, Division of Disease Control.

Table 65. Reported Cases and Rates of Lyme Disease, Westchester County, 2003¹

Health Planning Region and Municipality	Lyme Disease	
	Cases	Rate ²
Westchester County	625	67.7
Northwest	167	118.7
Briarcliff Manor	5	65.0
Buchanan	1	45.7
Cortlandt	47	163.9
Croton on Hudson	17	223.5
Mount Pleasant	29	110.9
Ossining (T)	7	126.9
Ossining (V)	18	75.0
Peekskill	24	106.9
Pleasantville	10	139.4
Sleepy Hollow	9	97.7
Northeast	270	202.5
Bedford	44	242.7
Lewisboro	41	332.7
Mount Kisco	19	190.3
New Castle	20	114.3
North Castle	19	175.1
North Salem	23	444.6
Pound Ridge	8	169.3
Somers	44	239.8
Yorktown	52	143.2
West Central	86	54.5
Ardsley	5	117.1
Dobbs Ferry	7	65.9
Elmsford	1	21.4
Greenburgh	24	57.4
Hastings on Hudson	5	65.4
Irvington	6	90.5
Scarsdale	5	28.1
Tarrytown	17	153.3
White Plains	16	30.1
East Central	44	39.3
Harrison	15	62.1
Larchmont	3	46.3
Mamaroneck (T)	2	18.0
Mamaroneck (V)	8	42.7
Port Chester	9	32.3
Rye	5	33.4
Rye Brook	2	23.3
Southwest	16	8.2
Yonkers	16	8.2
Southeast	28	15.2
Bronxville	3	45.9
Eastchester	6	32.3
Mount Vernon	7	10.2
New Rochelle	9	12.5
Pelham	1	15.6
Pelham Manor	2	36.6
Tuckahoe	0	0.0
Unknown	14	-

¹As of July 23, 2004.

²Per 100,000 population.

Source: Westchester County Department of Health, Division of Disease Control.

Table 66. Reported Cases and Rates of Lyme Disease by Age and Sex, Westchester County, 2003¹

Age	Total		Male		Female	
	Number	Rate ²	Number	Rate ²	Number	Rate ²
Total	625	67.7	352	73.1	273	61.8
0-9	91	68.8	52	80.5	39	57.7
10-19	92	77.9	59	103.8	33	53.9
20-29	40	39.3	22	42.7	18	35.8
30-39	71	47.8	45	58.5	26	36.3
40-49	112	77.0	58	76.9	54	77.1
50-59	91	82.6	42	72.0	49	94.6
60-69	63	87.0	34	85.8	29	88.5
70-79	48	81.0	32	93.1	16	64.2
80+	15	42.1	6	24.8	9	78.2
Unknown	2	-	2	-	0	-

¹ As of July 23, 2004. All are confirmed cases.

² Per 100,000 population.

Source: Westchester County Department of Health, Division of Disease Control.

Table 67. Reported Cases And Rates of Major Enteric Infections, Westchester County, 2003¹

Health Planning Region and Municipality	Campylobacteriosis		Giardiasis		Salmonellosis	
	Cases	Rate ²	Cases	Rate ²	Cases	Rate ²
Westchester County	125	13.5	110	11.9	137	14.8
Northwest	20	14.2	19	13.5	19	13.5
Briarcliff Manor	2	26.0	0	0.0	1	13.0
Buchanan	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Cortlandt	2	7.0	4	14.0	2	7.0
Croton on Hudson	1	13.1	1	13.1	0	0.0
Mount Pleasant	3	11.5	4	15.3	4	15.3
Ossining (T)	1	18.1	0	0.0	1	18.1
Ossining (V)	4	16.7	6	25.0	4	16.7
Peekskill	2	8.9	2	8.9	3	13.4
Pleasantville	3	41.8	0	0.0	2	27.9
Sleepy Hollow	2	21.7	2	21.7	2	21.7
Northeast	26	19.5	18	13.5	24	18.0
Bedford	4	22.1	8	44.1	3	16.5
Lewisboro	1	8.1	4	32.5	3	24.3
Mount Kisco	3	30.1	2	20.0	7	70.1
New Castle	2	11.4	0	0.0	3	17.2
North Castle	6	55.3	1	9.2	1	9.2
North Salem	1	19.3	2	38.7	0	0.0
Pound Ridge	2	42.3	0	0.0	3	63.5
Somers	3	16.4	0	0.0	1	5.5
Yorktown	4	11.0	1	2.8	3	8.3
West Central	22	14.0	22	14.0	22	14.0
Ardsley	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Dobbs Ferry	0	0.0	1	9.4	0	0.0
Elmsford	1	21.4	0	0.0	0	0.0
Greenburgh	8	19.1	5	12.0	5	12.0
Hastings on Hudson	1	13.1	2	26.2	0	0.0
Irvington	0	0.0	0	0.0	3	45.2
Scarsdale	6	33.7	7	39.3	6	33.7
Tarrytown	2	18.0	2	18.0	1	9.0
White Plains	4	7.5	5	9.4	7	13.2
East Central	17	15.2	16	14.3	13	11.6
Harrison	3	12.4	2	8.3	0	0.0
Larchmont	0	0.0	1	15.4	0	0.0
Mamaroneck (T)	1	9.0	2	18.0	2	18.0
Mamaroneck (V)	2	10.7	3	16.0	3	16.0
Port Chester	6	21.5	2	7.2	6	21.5
Rye	3	20.1	4	26.7	1	6.7
Rye Brook	2	23.3	2	23.3	1	11.6
Southwest	21	10.7	14	7.1	37	18.9
Yonkers	21	10.7	14	7.1	37	18.9
Southeast	16	8.7	19	10.3	22	12.0
Bronxville	0	0.0	2	30.6	2	30.6
Eastchester	3	16.2	1	5.4	3	16.2
Mount Vernon	6	8.8	2	2.9	5	7.3
New Rochelle	6	8.3	12	16.6	10	13.9
Pelham	1	15.6	0	0.0	0	0.0
Pelham Manor	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	18.3
Tuckahoe	0	0.0	2	32.2	1	16.1
Unknown	3	-	2	-	0	-

¹ As of July 23, 2004. All are confirmed cases.

² Per 100,000 population.

Source: Westchester County Department of Health, Division of Disease Control.

Table 68. Number of Tuberculosis Cases and Contacts, Westchester County, 1997-2003

	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997
New Tuberculosis Cases^{1,2}	57	63	56	64	50	64	109
Sex							
Males	33	31	37	41	32	31	49
Females	24	32	19	23	18	33	60
Race							
White	41	40	39	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Black	11	8	7	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Asian	5	15	10	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethnicity							
Hispanic	32	31	33	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Non-Hispanic	25	31	23	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
% Foreign Born³	74	76	78	64	60	59	63
Site of Infection							
Pulmonary	49	53	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Extra-Pulmonary-Only ⁴	8	10	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Drug Resistant							
None	52	59	52	60	50	62	105
Drug Resistant (non-MDR) ⁵	4	2	3	3	0	1	2
Multi-Drug Resistant ⁶	1	2	1	1	0	1	2
HIV Status							
Negative	35	35	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Positive	2	6	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Unknown	20	22	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Active Cases⁷	32	34	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contacts Identified	N/A	496	461	285	487	682	867
Incidence Rate⁸	6.2	6.8	6.1	6.9	5.4	7.0	12.0

¹ As of August 23, 2004.² Persons being treated with two or more drugs for Tuberculosis as of December 31st of year shown³ Among the foreign born cases in 2003, 14 were from Ecuador, 8 from Peru, 3 from Haiti, 3 from Puerto Rico, 2 from India, 2 from Korea, and the others were from Bolivia, Brazil, Dominica Republic, Egypt, El Salvador, Mexico, Philippines, Portugal, Scotland, and Uruguay.⁴ Pulmonary cases may also have extra-pulmonary presentations. Extra-pulmonary-only cases have no pulmonary parenchymal involvement⁵ Resistant to any other drugs, but not the combination of INH + Rifampin⁶ Resistant to at least INH + Rifampin.⁷ Persons being monitored on December 31st of the year shown.⁸ New cases per 100,000 population.

Source: Westchester County Department of Health, Division of Disease Control.

Table 69. Summary of Cumulative AIDS and Living HIV/AIDS Cases by Sex, Age, Race/Ethnicity, and Risk, Westchester County, 1988-2002¹

	Number				Percent			
	Cumulative AIDS Cases	Persons Living			Cumulative AIDS Cases	Persons Living		
		AIDS	HIV ²	Total		AIDS	HIV ²	Total
Total	4,724	2,066	737	2,803	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Sex								
Male	3,359	1,321	374	1,695	71.1	63.9	50.7	60.5
Female	1,365	745	362	1,107	28.9	36.1	49.1	39.5
Age								
13-24	139	69	61	130	2.9	3.3	8.3	4.6
25-29	442	188	62	250	9.4	9.1	8.4	8.9
30-39	1,985	859	276	1,135	42.0	41.6	37.4	40.5
40-49	1,554	720	243	963	32.9	34.8	33.0	34.4
50+	604	230	95	325	12.8	11.1	12.9	11.6
Race/Ethnicity								
White	1,418	479	133	612	30.0	23.2	18.0	21.8
Black	2,322	1,047	379	1,426	49.2	50.7	51.4	50.9
Hispanic	887	458	163	621	18.8	22.2	22.1	22.2
Other/Unknown	97	82	62	144	2.1	4.0	8.4	5.1
Risk Group								
MSM	1,046	379	101	480	22.1	18.3	13.7	17.1
IDU	2,382	927	189	1,116	50.4	44.9	25.6	39.8
MSM/IDU	164	65	11	76	3.5	3.1	1.5	2.7
Heterosexual Contact	753	470	236	706	15.9	22.7	32.0	25.2
Blood Products	55	12	4	16	1.2	0.6	0.5	0.6
Adult Other/Unknown	324	213	196	409	6.9	10.3	26.6	14.6

¹ Cases confirmed through December 31, 2002 as of March 2004. Data includes inmate cases and excludes cases under 13 years of age. County of residence is determined at time of diagnosis.

² HIV reporting became effective June 2000 and therefore reporting may still be incomplete. Also, data includes one case with unknown sex.

Source: New York State Department of Health, Bureau of HIV/AIDS Epidemiology.

Table 70. AIDS Cases by Sex and Year of Diagnosis, Westchester County Residents, 1988-2002¹

Year of Diagnosis	Total	Number		Percent	
		Female	Male	Female	Male
Prior to 1988	474	68	406	14.3	85.7
1988	212	42	170	19.8	80.2
1989	241	56	185	23.2	76.8
1990	266	59	207	22.2	77.8
1991	321	83	238	25.9	74.1
1992	429	114	315	26.6	73.4
Subtotal	1,469	354	1,115	24.1	75.9
1993	395	109	286	27.6	72.4
1994	402	133	269	33.1	66.9
1995	398	114	284	28.6	71.4
1996	336	105	231	31.3	68.8
1997	260	95	165	36.5	63.5
Subtotal	1,791	556	1,235	31.0	69.0
1998	250	93	157	37.2	62.8
1999	194	66	128	34.0	66.0
2000	186	71	115	38.2	61.8
2001	189	79	110	41.8	58.2
2002	171	78	93	45.6	54.4
Subtotal	990	387	603	39.1	60.9
Total	4,724	1,365	3,359	28.9	71.1

¹Cases confirmed through December 31, 2002 as of March 2004. Data includes inmate cases and excludes cases under 13 years of age. County of residence is determined at time of diagnosis.

Source: New York State Department of Health, Bureau of HIV/AIDS Epidemiology.

Table 71. AIDS Cases by Age and Year of Diagnosis, Westchester County Residents, 1988-2002¹

Year of Diagnosis	Total Number	Number					Percent				
		13-24	25-29	30-39	40-49	50+	13-24	25-29	30-39	40-49	50+
Prior to 1988	474	13	84	230	96	51	2.7	17.7	48.5	20.3	10.8
1988	212	4	29	116	41	22	1.9	13.7	54.7	19.3	10.4
1989	241	9	23	111	76	22	3.7	9.5	46.1	31.5	9.1
1990	266	9	30	105	85	37	3.4	11.3	39.5	32.0	13.9
1991	321	15	27	139	103	37	4.7	8.4	43.3	32.1	11.5
1992	429	12	40	190	141	46	2.8	9.3	44.3	32.9	10.7
Subtotal	1,469	49	149	661	446	164	3.3	10.1	45.0	30.4	11.2
1993	395	9	35	174	140	37	2.3	8.9	44.1	35.4	9.4
1994	402	8	34	176	138	46	2.0	8.5	43.8	34.3	11.4
1995	398	9	33	151	157	48	2.3	8.3	37.9	39.4	12.1
1996	336	10	27	128	122	49	3.0	8.0	38.1	36.3	14.6
1997	260	6	17	105	103	29	2.3	6.5	40.4	39.6	11.2
Subtotal	1,791	42	146	734	660	209	2.3	8.2	41.0	36.9	11.7
1998	250	7	19	92	95	37	2.8	7.6	36.8	38.0	14.8
1999	194	9	13	69	67	36	4.6	6.7	35.6	34.5	18.6
2000	186	3	14	68	65	36	1.6	7.5	36.6	34.9	19.4
2001	189	9	7	77	62	34	4.8	3.7	40.7	32.8	18.0
2002	171	7	10	54	63	37	4.1	5.8	31.6	36.8	21.6
Subtotal	990	35	63	360	352	180	3.5	6.4	36.4	35.6	18.2
Total	4,724	139	442	1,985	1,554	604	2.9	9.4	42.0	32.9	12.8

¹Cases confirmed through December 2002 as of March 2004. Data includes inmate cases and excludes cases under 13 years of age. County of residence is determined at time of diagnosis.

Source: New York State Department of Health, Bureau of HIV/AIDS Epidemiology.

Table 72. AIDS Cases by Race/Ethnicity and Year of Diagnosis, Westchester County Residents, 1988-2002¹

Year of Diagnosis	Number					Percent			
	Total	White, non-Hispanic	Black, non-Hispanic	Hispanic	Other/Unknown	White, non-Hispanic	Black, non-Hispanic	Hispanic	Other/Unknown
Prior to 1988	474	207	186	78	3	43.7	39.2	16.5	0.6
1988	212	92	89	30	1	43.4	42.0	14.2	0.5
1989	241	90	120	31	0	37.3	49.8	12.9	0.0
1990	266	92	130	41	3	34.6	48.9	15.4	1.1
1991	321	106	158	56	1	33.0	49.2	17.4	0.3
1992	429	135	208	83	3	31.5	48.5	19.3	0.7
Subtotal	1,469	515	705	241	8	35.1	48.0	16.4	0.5
1993	395	121	195	76	3	30.6	49.4	19.2	0.8
1994	402	133	187	78	4	33.1	46.5	19.4	1.0
1995	398	117	181	98	2	29.4	45.5	24.6	0.5
1996	336	87	188	55	6	25.9	56.0	16.4	1.8
1997	260	55	140	63	2	21.2	53.8	24.2	0.8
Subtotal	1,791	513	891	370	17	28.6	49.7	20.7	0.9
1998	250	55	136	57	2	22.0	54.4	22.8	0.8
1999	194	35	122	35	2	18.0	62.9	18.0	1.0
2000	186	42	95	36	13	22.6	51.1	19.4	7.0
2001	189	27	106	35	21	14.3	56.1	18.5	11.1
2002	171	24	81	35	31	14.0	47.4	20.5	18.1
Subtotal	990	183	540	198	69	18.5	54.5	20.0	7.0
Total	4,724	1,418	2,322	887	97	30.0	49.2	18.8	2.1

¹Cases confirmed through December 31, 2002 as of March 2004. Data includes inmate cases and excludes cases under 13 years of age. County of residence is determined at time of diagnosis.

Source: New York State Department of Health, Bureau of HIV/AIDS Epidemiology.

Table 73. AIDS Cases by Risk and Year of Diagnosis, Westchester County Residents, 1988-2002¹

Year of Diagnosis	Total Number	Number						Percent					
		MSM ²	IDU ³	MSM/ IDU	Heterosexual Contact	Blood Transfusion	Unknown	MSM ²	IDU ³	MSM/ IDU	Heterosexual Contact	Blood Transfusion	Unknown
Prior to 1988	474	166	247	25	17	7	12	35.0	52.1	5.3	3.6	1.5	2.5
1988	212	60	120	8	10	8	6	28.3	56.6	3.8	4.7	3.8	2.8
1989	241	60	146	4	17	2	12	24.9	60.6	1.7	7.1	0.8	5.0
1990	266	68	138	10	30	4	16	25.6	51.9	3.8	11.3	1.5	6.0
1991	321	74	192	7	28	9	11	23.1	59.8	2.2	8.7	2.8	3.4
1992	429	90	254	19	33	7	26	21.0	59.2	4.4	7.7	1.6	6.1
Subtotal	1,469	352	850	48	118	30	71	24.0	57.9	3.3	8.0	2.0	4.8
1993	395	84	224	22	43	9	13	21.3	56.7	5.6	10.9	2.3	3.3
1994	402	78	231	11	64	3	15	19.4	57.5	2.7	15.9	0.7	3.7
1995	398	84	200	7	63	1	43	21.1	50.3	1.8	15.8	0.3	10.8
1996	336	56	148	16	73	0	43	16.7	44.0	4.8	21.7	0.0	12.8
1997	260	50	114	2	72	0	22	19.2	43.8	0.8	27.7	0.0	8.5
Subtotal	1,791	352	917	58	315	13	136	19.7	51.2	3.2	17.6	0.7	7.6
1998	250	40	119	8	66	0	17	16.0	47.6	3.2	26.4	0.0	6.8
1999	194	36	78	7	56	2	15	18.6	40.2	3.6	28.9	1.0	7.7
2000	186	34	69	9	58	1	15	18.3	37.1	4.8	31.2	0.5	8.1
2001	189	36	59	6	63	1	24	19.0	31.2	3.2	33.3	0.5	12.7
2002	171	30	43	3	60	1	34	17.5	25.1	1.8	35.1	0.6	19.9
Subtotal	990	176	368	33	303	5	105	17.8	37.2	3.3	30.6	0.5	10.6
Total	4,724	1,046	2,382	164	753	55	324	22.1	50.4	3.5	15.9	1.2	6.9

¹Cases confirmed through December 31, 2002 as of March 2004. Data includes inmate cases and excludes cases under 13 years of age. County of residence is determined at time of diagnosis.

²MSM - men having sex with men.

³IDU - injecting drug use.

Source: New York State Department of Health, Bureau of HIV/AIDS Epidemiology.

Table 74. Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Program: Total Number of Tests Conducted, Test Results by Blood Lead Level, and Number of Initial Screen Tests by Municipality, Westchester County, 2003

Health Planning Region and Municipality	Total Tests	Blood Lead Levels (BLL)					Initial Screen Tests
		<10	10-14	15-19	20+	UC ¹	
Westchester County	29,428	28,443	558	212	200	15	28,260
Northwest	3,221	3,139	56	13	11	2	3,141
Briarcliff Manor	130	129	0	0	1	0	129
Buchanan	38	38	0	0	0	0	38
Cortlandt	213	213	0	0	0	0	212
Croton on Hudson	170	166	1	1	2	0	167
Mount Pleasant	551	540	9	0	2	0	539
Ossining (T)	87	86	0	1	0	0	85
Ossining (V)	882	852	22	6	2	0	860
Peekskill	666	638	18	5	4	1	639
Pleasantville	146	144	2	0	0	0	143
Sleepy Hollow	338	333	4	0	0	1	329
Northeast	2,353	2,304	27	10	12	0	2,300
Bedford	323	316	6	1	0	0	315
Lewisboro	196	195	1	0	0	0	195
Mount Kisco	202	182	11	7	2	0	187
New Castle	358	355	2	0	1	0	354
North Castle	222	222	0	0	0	0	217
North Salem	92	92	0	0	0	0	92
Pound Ridge	73	73	0	0	0	0	72
Somers	349	346	2	1	0	0	346
Yorktown	538	523	5	1	9	0	522
West Central	4,160	4,013	78	34	27	8	4,003
Ardsley	76	75	1	0	0	0	74
Dobbs Ferry	217	213	1	3	0	0	211
Elmsford	222	217	3	0	0	2	215
Greenburgh	1,044	1,026	12	3	1	2	1,023
Hastings on Hudson	123	121	1	1	0	0	119
Irvington	160	157	1	2	0	0	157
Scarsdale	441	416	10	6	9	0	418
Tarrytown	309	298	11	0	0	0	294
White Plains	1,568	1,490	38	19	17	4	1,492
East Central	3,367	3,259	66	27	15	0	3,244
Harrison	561	549	5	4	3	0	548
Larchmont	321	301	10	8	2	0	297
Mamaroneck (T)	428	420	5	3	0	0	416
Mamaroneck (V)	477	457	13	5	2	0	452
Port Chester	1,065	1,029	25	5	6	0	1,027
Rye	339	328	8	1	2	0	329
Rye Brook	176	175	0	1	0	0	175
Southwest	6,543	6,247	145	57	92	2	6,176
Yonkers	6,543	6,247	145	57	92	2	6,176
Southeast	7,038	6,774	159	67	35	3	6,675
Bronxville	92	90	1	0	1	0	85
Eastchester	358	358	0	0	0	0	357
Mount Vernon	2,879	2,756	70	30	22	1	2,686
New Rochelle	3,145	3,026	72	34	11	2	3,007
Pelham	222	212	9	1	0	0	213
Pelham Manor	199	191	6	1	1	0	188
Tuckahoe	143	141	1	1	0	0	139
Unknown	2,746	2,707	27	4	8	0	2,721
Out of County	64	59	2	2	1	0	56

¹ Unable to classify; includes test results which were questionable, clotted, or the result of a lab accident.

Source: Westchester County Department of Health, Division of Community Health Services.

Table 75. Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Program: Total Number of Tests Conducted, Test Results by Blood Lead Level, and Number of Initial Screen Tests by Age, Westchester County, 2003

Age	Total Tests	Blood Lead Levels (BLL)					Initial Screen Tests
		<10	10-14	15-19	20+	UC ¹	
Total	29,428	28,443	558	212	200	15	28,260
0	3,801	3,733	34	14	17	3	3,762
1	8,465	8,213	144	49	53	6	8,261
2	7,381	7,132	147	52	48	2	7,091
3	4,012	3,882	74	32	23	1	3,820
4	3,105	2,993	69	25	15	3	2,934
5	2,471	2,389	56	18	8	0	2,308
6-9	176	97	27	19	33	0	82
10+	17	4	7	3	3	0	2

¹ Unable to classify; includes test results which were questionable, clotted, or the result of a lab accident.

Source: Westchester County Department of Health, Division of Community Health Services.

Table 76. Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Program: Number of Children Tested, Number of Children with Multiple Tests, and Number of Children with Lead Poisoning, and Number of Lead Registry Cases, Westchester County, 2003

Health Planning Region and Municipality	Number of Children			Lead Registry Cases ²		
	Tested	With Multiple Tests	With Lead Poisoning ¹ (≥15 ug/dL)	Total	New	Continuing
Westchester County	27,550	1,522	195	206	85	121
Northwest	3,034	167	19	11	4	7
Briarcliff Manor	127	3	1	0	0	0
Buchanan	38	0	0	0	0	0
Cortlandt	207	6	0	0	0	0
Croton on Hudson	162	7	3	0	0	0
Mount Pleasant	528	19	1	1	1	0
Ossining (T)	85	1	0	0	0	0
Ossining (V)	812	64	7	5	2	3
Peekskill	611	50	7	4	1	3
Pleasantville	142	4	0	1	0	1
Sleepy Hollow	322	13	0	0	0	0
Northeast	2,259	75	8	7	5	2
Bedford	313	7	0	1	0	1
Lewisboro	191	5	0	0	0	0
Mount Kisco	185	10	4	4	3	1
New Castle	345	12	1	0	0	0
North Castle	215	7	0	0	0	0
North Salem	91	1	0	0	0	0
Pound Ridge	69	4	0	0	0	0
Somers	337	12	1	0	0	0
Yorktown	513	17	2	2	2	0
West Central	3,898	207	29	29	13	16
Ardsley	75	1	0	1	0	1
Dobbs Ferry	207	9	2	2	1	1
Elmsford	203	17	0	0	0	0
Greenburgh	990	46	3	4	0	4
Hastings on Hudson	119	4	1	0	0	0
Irvington	155	5	2	0	0	0
Scarsdale	415	17	6	3	2	1
Tarrytown	291	14	0	4	0	4
White Plains	1,443	94	15	15	10	5
East Central	3,151	189	32	10	4	6
Harrison	529	30	6	0	0	0
Larchmont	295	22	8	1	0	1
Mamaroneck (T)	403	24	3	0	0	0
Mamaroneck (V)	444	27	4	1	1	0
Port Chester	989	67	9	7	2	5
Rye	320	15	2	1	1	0
Rye Brook	171	4	0	0	0	0
Southwest	6,035	374	47	74	32	42
Yonkers	6,035	374	47	74	32	42
Southeast	6,509	440	52	71	25	46
Bronxville	84	4	0	0	0	0
Eastchester	354	4	0	0	0	0
Mount Vernon	2,626	198	19	43	13	30
New Rochelle	2,911	206	30	24	10	14
Pelham	205	16	0	1	0	1
Pelham Manor	191	8	2	2	1	1
Tuckahoe	138	4	1	1	1	0
Unknown	2,664	70	8	2	0	2
Out of County	54	5	0	2	2	0

¹ As of April of 2002, a child has lead poisoning if he/she has a blood lead level (bll) greater than or equal to 15ug/dL.

² New cases are cases that were admitted into the lead registry during the current year. Continuing cases are cases that were admitted into the registry prior to the current year but are still active during the current year.

Source: Westchester County Department of Health, Division of Community Health Services.

Table 77. Number of Patients Served at Westchester County Department of Health District Offices and Home Health Program by Age, Sex, and Race/Ethnicity, 2003

Demographics	District Office Clinics										Certified Home Health Program	
	Total ¹		New Rochelle		Rye Brook/ Port Chester ²		White Plains		Yonkers		N	%
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%		
Total	6,816	..	696	..	302	..	2,860	..	3,113	..	3,552	..
Age												
<5	85	1.2	6	0.9	7	2.3	38	1.3	36	1.2	828	23.3
5-9	349	5.1	34	4.9	24	7.9	116	4.1	183	5.9	104	2.9
10-14	437	6.4	55	7.9	39	12.9	143	5.0	220	7.1	60	1.7
15 - 19	706	10.4	63	9.1	32	10.6	227	7.9	398	12.8	121	3.4
20 - 34	3,347	49.1	252	36.2	129	42.7	1,508	52.7	1,523	48.9	326	9.2
35 - 44	1,215	17.8	133	19.1	43	14.2	559	19.5	512	16.4	222	6.3
45 - 64	630	9.2	143	20.5	25	8.3	254	8.9	221	7.1	476	13.4
65+	47	0.7	10	1.4	3	1.0	15	0.5	20	0.6	1,415	39.8
Sex												
Female	4,601	67.5	352	50.6	197	65.2	1,945	68.0	2,193	70.4	2,479	69.8
Male	2,215	32.5	344	49.4	105	34.8	915	32.0	920	29.6	1,073	30.2
Race												
White - Non Hispanic	604	8.9	96	13.8	10	3.3	317	11.1	191	6.1	1,106	31.1
Black - Non Hispanic	1,435	21.1	251	36.1	9	3.0	447	15.6	758	24.3	898	25.3
White - Hispanic	3,961	58.1	289	41.5	264	87.4	1,921	67.2	1,586	50.9	865	24.4
Black - Hispanic	329	4.8	9	1.3	2	0.7	4	0.1	320	10.3	36	1.0
Asian	184	2.7	11	1.6	6	2.0	105	3.7	67	2.2	116	3.3
American Indian/Alaskan Native	14	0.2	0	0.0	0	0.0	6	0.2	8	0.3	13	0.4
Pacific Islander	7	0.1	1	0.1	0	0.0	1	0.0	5	0.2	1	0.0
Other	282	4.1	39	5.6	11	3.6	59	2.1	178	5.7	517	14.6

¹ Total represents unduplicated clinic patients. Excludes Home Health patients and patients receiving influenza and pneumococcal vaccines administered at Westchester County Department of Health influenza and special epidemic clinics.

² This clinic site was closed in December 2000. A TB satellite clinic operates at Rye Open Door.

Source: Westchester County Department of Health, Division of Community Health Services.

Table 78. Number of Patients Served and Number of Patient Visits at Westchester County Department of Health by District Office, 2003

Clinic/Program	District Office					Certified Home Health Program
	Total	New Rochelle	Rye Brook/ Port Chester ⁷	White Plains	Yonkers	
Total						
Patients ¹	6,816	696	302	2,860	3,113	3,552
Visits ²	19,576	1,471	1,286	8,418	8,401	17,811
Dental³						
Patients	579	N/A	N/A	140	439	N/A
Visits	1,263	N/A	N/A	254	1,009	N/A
Family Planning						
Patients	2,262	N/A	N/A	1,077	1,196	N/A
Visits	5,932	N/A	N/A	2,914	3,018	N/A
Immunization						
Patients	413	90	N/A	153	171	N/A
Visits	526	112	N/A	216	198	N/A
Sexually Transmitted Diseases						
Patients	1,951	276	N/A	703	1,004	N/A
Visits	3,584	483	N/A	1,210	1,891	N/A
Tuberculosis						
Patients	1,778	239	301	837	488	N/A
Visits	7,551	737	1,284	3,535	1,995	N/A
Cervical Cancer Screening						
Patients	278	95	N/A	97	87	N/A
Visits	290	100	N/A	101	89	N/A
Social Work						
Patients	199	30	2	56	112	N/A
Visits	205	31	2	57	115	N/A
HIV Counseling & Testing Only⁴						
Patients	161	7	N/A	94	62	N/A
Visits	225	8	N/A	131	86	N/A
HIV Counseling & Testing visits at Family Planning, TB and STD clinics⁵						
Confidential visits	3,455	140	20	1,819	1,476	N/A
Anonymous visits	1,330	316	3	556	455	N/A
HIV Counseling & Testing visits at Community Sites						
Confidential visits	206	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Anonymous visits	219	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Influenza⁶						
Flu Vaccines Administered	6,679	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Pneumococcal Vaccines Administered	391	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

¹ Total represents unduplicated cases. Patients may visit one or more clinic programs during the year.

² The number of times (encounters) in which patients received services at a clinic.

³ Includes visits to dentists and/or dental hygienists.

⁴ Includes confidential counseling & testing; excludes anonymous counseling & testing.

⁵ HIV Counseling & Testing conducted as part of a visit to Family Planning, Tuberculosis, and Sexually Transmitted Diseases Programs. Not included in "Total Visits" above.

⁶ Not included in Totals because the influenza clinics are offered at non-DOH community centers throughout the county.

⁷ This clinic site was closed in December 2000. A TB satellite clinic operates at Rye Open Door.

Source: Westchester County Department of Health, Division of Community Health Services.

Table 79. Number of Patients and Visits to Westchester County Department of Health Dental Clinics by Patient Age Group and District Office, 2003

Patients and Visits by Age Group (<i>years</i>)	Total	District Office			
		New Rochelle	Rye Brook/ Port Chester ²	White Plains	Yonkers
Total Patients¹	579	N/A	N/A	140	439
<5	34	N/A	N/A	12	22
5 - 9	177	N/A	N/A	48	129
10 - 14	213	N/A	N/A	60	153
15+	155	N/A	N/A	20	135
Total Visits	1,263	N/A	N/A	254	1,009
<5	52	N/A	N/A	22	30
5 - 9	413	N/A	N/A	106	307
10 - 14	456	N/A	N/A	103	353
15+	342	N/A	N/A	23	319
Visits per Patient	2.2	N/A	N/A	1.8	2.3
<5	1.5	N/A	N/A	1.8	1.4
5 - 9	2.3	N/A	N/A	2.2	2.4
10 - 14	2.1	N/A	N/A	1.7	2.3
15+	2.2	N/A	N/A	1.2	2.4

¹Total unduplicated patients.

²This clinic site was closed in December 2000. A TB satellite clinic operates at Rye Open Door.

Source: Westchester County Department of Health, Division of Community Health Services.

Table 80. Number of Patients and Visits to Westchester County Department of Health Family Planning Clinics by Patient Age Group and District Office, 2003

Patients and Visits by Age Group (years)	Total	District Office			
		New Rochelle	Rye Brook/ Port Chester ²	White Plains	Yonkers
Total Patients¹	2,262	N/A	N/A	1,077	1,196
<15	5	N/A	N/A	1	4
15 - 19	95	N/A	N/A	22	73
20 - 44	2,112	N/A	N/A	1,022	1,101
45+	50	N/A	N/A	32	18
Total Visits	5,932	N/A	N/A	2,914	3,018
<15	8	N/A	N/A	2	6
15 - 19	173	N/A	N/A	48	125
20 - 44	5,655	N/A	N/A	2,799	2,856
45+	96	N/A	N/A	65	31
Visits per Patient	2.6	N/A	N/A	2.7	2.5
<15	1.6	N/A	N/A	2.0	1.5
15 - 19	1.8	N/A	N/A	2.2	1.7
20 - 44	2.7	N/A	N/A	2.7	2.6
45+	1.9	N/A	N/A	2.0	1.7

¹Total unduplicated patients.

²This clinic site was closed in December 2000. A TB satellite clinic operates at Rye Open Door.

Source: Westchester County Department of Health, Division of Community Health Services.

Table 81. Number of Patients and Visits to Westchester County Department of Health Sexually Transmitted Disease Clinics by Patient Age Group and District Office, 2003

Patients and Visits by Age Group (<i>years</i>)	Total	District Office			
		New Rochelle	Rye Brook/ Port Chester ²	White Plains	Yonkers
Total Patients¹	1,951	276	N/A	703	1,004
<15	6	0	N/A	3	3
15 - 19	240	33	N/A	82	128
20 - 44	1,540	214	N/A	564	789
45+	165	29	N/A	54	84
Total Visits	3,584	483	N/A	1,210	1,891
<15	6	0	N/A	3	3
15 - 19	393	48	N/A	118	227
20 - 44	2,845	379	N/A	975	1,491
45+	340	56	N/A	114	170
Visits per Patient	1.8	1.8	N/A	1.7	1.9
<15	1.0	-	N/A	1.0	1.0
15 - 19	1.6	1.5	N/A	1.4	1.8
20 - 44	1.8	1.8	N/A	1.7	1.9
45+	2.1	1.9	N/A	2.1	2.0

¹Total unduplicated patients.

²This clinic site was closed in December 2000. A TB satellite clinic operates at Rye Open Door.

Source: Westchester County Department of Health, Division of Community Health Services.

Table 82. Number of Patients and Visits to Westchester County Department of Health Tuberculosis Clinics by Patient Age Group and District Office, 2003

Patients and Visits by Age Group (years)	Total	District Office			
		New Rochelle	Rye Brook/ Port Chester ²	White Plains	Yonkers
Total Patients¹	1,778	239	301	837	488
<10	154	31	31	62	39
10-14	159	45	39	57	38
15 - 19	176	21	32	74	59
20 - 44	1,034	101	171	530	271
45+	255	41	28	114	81
Total Visits	7,551	737	1,284	3,535	1,995
<10	677	104	144	285	144
10-14	758	134	201	263	160
15 - 19	808	46	147	326	289
20 - 44	4,310	313	685	2,206	1,106
45+	998	140	107	455	296
Visits per Patient	4.2	3.1	4.3	4.2	4.1
<10	4.4	3.4	4.6	4.6	3.7
10-14	4.8	3.0	5.2	4.6	4.2
15 - 19	4.6	2.2	4.6	4.4	4.9
20 - 44	4.2	3.1	4.0	4.2	4.1
45+	3.9	3.4	3.8	4.0	3.7

¹Total unduplicated patients.

²This clinic site was closed in December 2000. A TB satellite clinic operates at Rye Open Door.

Source: Westchester County Department of Health, Division of Community Health Services.

Table 83. Number of Home Health Visits by Westchester County Department of Health by Discipline and District Office, 2003

Discipline	Total	District Office			
		New Rochelle	Rye Brook/ Port Chester ¹	White Plains	Yonkers
Total	17,811	57	3,558	4,437	4,766
Department of Health Home Health Visits	12,818	57	3,558	4,437	4,766
Community Health Worker	2,486	0	772	143	1,571
Health Investigator	1,145	0	32	1,112	1
Home Health Aide	402	0	113	125	164
Medical Social Worker	220	1	94	30	95
Physical Therapy	104	0	39	4	61
Public Health Nursing	8,461	56	2,508	3,023	2,874
Department of Social Services - Personal Care Aide Program ²	4,993	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

¹ This clinic site was closed in December 2000. A TB satellite clinic operates at Rye Open Door.

² DSS-Personal Care Aide visits are assigned by the Department of Social Services.

Source: Westchester County Department of Health, Division of Community Health Services.

Table 84. Number of Vaccines Administered at Westchester County Department of Health District Offices and Influenza Community Clinics, 2003

Vaccines Administered	All Sites
Total	8,839
Administered at District Offices	2,192
Hepatitis A	27
Hepatitis B	1,446
Measles, Mumps and Rubella	406
Polio	132
Tetanus Diphtheria - Adult	111
Diphtheria, Tetanus, Acellular Pertussis	27
Varicella	37
Haemophilus Influenza B	3
Diphtheria and Tetanus - Pediatric	3
Pneumococcal - Pediatric	0
Administered at Influenza and Special Epidemic Clinics*	6,647
Influenza	6,258
Pneumococcal	389

*Influenza and pneumococcal vaccines administered through 2003 flu season.

Source: Westchester County Department of Health, Division of Community Health Services.

Table 85. Number of Animal Bites Reported to Westchester County Department of Health, Number of Animals Tested, Number of Animals Confirmed Rabid by Type of Animal and Rabies Post-Exposure Treatment Administered, 1991-2003¹

	Total	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1994	1993	1992	1991
Total Animals Bites	19,592	1,091	1,273	1,384	1,416	1,500	1,606	1,701	1,682	1,652	1,507	1,650	1,589	1,541
Total Animals Tested	8,275	669	750	911	970	799	829	732	696	459	296	392	416	356
%	42.2	61.3	58.9	65.8	68.5	53.3	51.6	43.0	41.4	27.8	19.6	23.8	26.2	23.1
Rabid Animals	665	30	38	71	48	31	47	48	42	56	28	45	97	84
Raccoon	366	16	16	34	24	10	19	28	18	31	11	30	67	62
Skunk	182	6	15	23	14	4	20	13	14	21	10	8	17	17
Bat	74	6	5	10	7	15	7	4	8	3	3	3	3	0
Cat	24	2	0	2	2	2	1	2	0	0	3	3	6	1
Fox	7	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2
Woodchuck	5	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1
Dog	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
Horse	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
Lamb	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Opossum	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pig	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
<i>As % of Total Tested</i>	8.0	4.5	5.1	7.8	4.9	3.9	5.7	6.6	6.0	12.2	9.5	11.5	23.3	23.6
Rabies Post-Exposure Treatment Administered	5,118	356	356	473	433	496	476	714	494	473	199	292	242	114

¹ Animals are confirmed rabid after brain tissue samples have been tested by the Wadsworth Laboratory of the New York State Department of Health. The first case of the raccoon strain of rabies was reported in March 1991, confirmed in April 1991, and the raccoon strain has since become endemic in Westchester County. This table also includes bats infected with the bat strain of rabies, which has occurred in Westchester County for decades.

Source: Westchester County Department of Health, Divisions of Environmental Health (1991-1994, 2002-2003) and Disease Control (1995-2003).

Table 86. Number of Animals Confirmed Rabid, Westchester County, 1991-2003¹

Health Planning Region and Municipality	Total	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998	Prior to 1998
Westchester County	665	30	38	71	48	31	47	400
Northwest	163	10	10	13	12	7	9	102
Briarcliff Manor	19	0	1	0	1	0	2	15
Buchanan	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Cortlandt	60	6	4	5	4	0	4	37
Croton on Hudson	9	0	1	1	1	2	0	4
Mount Pleasant	20	0	0	4	2	1	1	12
Ossining (T)	7	0	0	1	1	0	0	5
Ossining (V)	16	1	1	1	0	3	0	10
Peekskill	20	2	1	0	3	0	1	13
Pleasantville	5	0	2	0	0	0	0	3
Sleepy Hollow	5	1	0	1	0	0	1	2
Northeast	285	14	14	29	18	10	14	186
Bedford	51	2	4	7	2	2	1	33
Lewisboro	26	1	0	1	1	1	2	20
Mount Kisco	11	0	2	1	1	0	1	6
New Castle	37	3	2	2	3	4	0	23
North Castle	25	2	2	8	1	0	1	11
North Salem	16	2	0	2	1	0	1	10
Pound Ridge	20	2	1	2	2	0	2	11
Somers	39	1	3	2	4	1	0	28
Yorktown	60	1	0	4	3	2	6	44
West Central	75	1	3	12	8	2	4	45
Ardsley	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	2
Dobbs Ferry	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Elmsford	3	0	0	1	1	0	0	1
Greenburgh	19	0	0	4	2	0	0	13
Hastings on Hudson	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	2
Irvington	10	1	0	2	0	1	1	5
Scarsdale	9	0	0	4	1	0	0	4
Tarrytown	3	0	1	0	0	0	1	1
White Plains	23	0	1	1	3	1	2	15
East Central	71	5	8	8	3	9	4	34
Harrison	23	1	1	5	1	4	1	10
Larchmont	3	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
Mamaroneck (T)	8	1	0	1	2	0	0	4
Mamaroneck (V)	9	0	3	1	0	0	0	5
Port Chester	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Rye	21	2	4	1	0	3	1	10
Rye Brook	5	0	0	0	0	2	1	2
Southwest	40	0	2	8	3	2	13	12
Yonkers	40	0	2	8	3	2	13	12
Southeast	29	0	1	1	4	1	3	19
Bronxville	6	0	1	0	2	0	1	2
Eastchester	4	0	0	0	1	1	0	2
Mount Vernon	6	0	0	0	0	0	2	4
New Rochelle	9	0	0	1	1	0	0	7
Pelham	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pelham Manor	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Tuckahoe	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Unknown Municipality	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2

¹ Animals are confirmed rabid after brain tissue samples have been tested by the Wadsworth Laboratory of the New York State Department of Health. The first case of the raccoon strain of rabies was reported in March 1991, confirmed in April 1991, and the raccoon strain has since become endemic in Westchester County. This table also includes bats infected with the bat strain of rabies, which has occurred in Westchester County for decades.

Source: Westchester County Department of Health, Divisions of Environmental Health (1991-1994, 2002-2003) and Disease Control (1995-2003).

Table 87. West Nile Virus - Dead Bird and Mosquito Surveillance, Westchester County, 2003

	Total	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Birds Submitted to the State for Viral Testing													
Submitted for Viral Testing	31	3	4	3	6	10	2	1	0	1	1	0	0
<i>Crows</i>	10	1	0	2	1	4	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
<i>Non-Crows</i>	21	2	4	1	5	6	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
WNV Tested	31	3	4	3	6	10	2	1	0	1	1	0	0
<i>Crows</i>	10	1	0	2	1	4	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
<i>Non-Crows</i>	21	2	4	1	5	6	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
With Positive Results	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
<i>Crows</i>	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
<i>Non-Crows</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<hr/>													
Mosquitoes Submitted to the State for Viral Testing ¹													
Mosquito Batches Submitted	721	0	0	0	0	18	163	190	243	103	4	0	0
With Positive Results	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	9	0	0	0	0
<i>Anopheles</i>	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Culex</i>	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	9	0	0	0	0
Mosquitoes Submitted	24,664	0	0	0	0	406	5,288	4,583	11,424	2,834	129	0	0
<i>Aedes</i>	5,895	0	0	0	0	0	1,392	759	2,872	872	0	0	0
<i>Anopheles</i>	608	0	0	0	0	0	0	60	510	38	0	0	0
<i>Coquillettidia</i>	714	0	0	0	0	0	11	471	232	0	0	0	0
<i>Culex</i>	2,944	0	0	0	0	86	527	1,786	541	4	0	0	0
<i>Ochlerotatus</i>	10,834	0	0	0	0	320	3,217	1,471	4,079	1,618	129	0	0
<i>Psorophora</i>	3,669	0	0	0	0	0	141	36	3,190	302	0	0	0

¹The New York State Department of Health required that each mosquito batch contain at least 10 mosquitoes of the same species but no more than 50. Mosquitoes trapped in a specific trap night were pooled and sent to the state if there are more than 10 of the same species. If there were less than 10 in the trap, the mosquitoes were stored locally. The stored mosquitoes might be pooled together with some mosquitoes of the same species trapped in the next consecutive week and sent to the state.

Source: Westchester County Department of Health, Divisions of Environmental Health and Disease Control.

Table 88. Public Health Protection and Environmental Quality: Number of Inspection Related Activities Conducted by Westchester County Department of Health, 2003

Program	Inspection Related Activities¹
Total	37,077
Air Quality	1,255
Air Quality Complaint Investigation / Enforcement	381
Industrial Facilities	620
Sampling	234
Fuel Burning Equipment, Motor Vehicles, etc.	20
Water	5,091
Water Supply	2,468
Community Water Supply	1,427
Non-Community Water Supply	1,033
Other ²	8
Water Quality	2,321
Investigation on Water Quality Complaints, Identification of Polluters, etc.	1,633
Waste Water Treatment Facilities, Sewage System	640
Water Quality Surveillance on Bathing Beaches	40
Other ³	8
Watershed	302
Food	13,732
Food Service Establishments with Indoor Seats	12,482
Food for the Aged and Day Care	317
Other Food Service Establishments ⁴	893
Foodborne Illness	40
Housing	5,161
Housing ⁵	122
Lead Poisoning Investigation and Lead Inspection ⁶	2,153
Healthy Neighborhoods Programs ⁶	2,459
Injury Control	427
Temporary Residences	894
Hotel, Motel, Rooming House	165
Children's Camps	702
Other Temporary Residences ⁷	27
Land Development	427
Additions, Pools and Decks	3
Individual Sewage Disposal Systems	396
Realty Subdivisions	28
Swimming Pools and Beaches	997
Swimming Pools, Spas, etc.	802
Beaches	195

(continued)

Table 88. Public Health Protection and Environmental Quality: Number of Inspection Related Activities Conducted by Westchester County Department of Health, 2003 *(continued)*

Program	Inspection Related Activities¹
Solid Waste	336
Hazardous Waste, Toxic Substance, and Petroleum Bulk Storage (PBS)	3,095
PBS General	471
PBS Facilities and Tanks	1,417
Hazardous Waste	87
Toxic Substance Assessment	1,120
Radiological	429
X-Ray Facilities	304
Other Radiological ⁸	125
Animal Control	2,274
Animal Bites and Rabies Exposure ⁹	737
Mosquito Control ¹⁰	1,371
Animal Facilities	161
Other ¹¹	5
Tobacco Control	2,846
Adolescent Tobacco Use Prevention (ATUPA)	2,229
Tobacco Control	432
Clean In-Door Air (In-Door Smoking Restriction)	185
Other	540
Nuisance and Service Request	523
Other ¹²	17

¹ Including regular and follow up inspections and investigations, sampling visits, and conferences with clients.

² Including individual water supply, bottled and bulk water.

³ Including water quality management plans and waste water treatment plant operator qualification.

⁴ Including caterer, commissary, mobile unit, vending machine, bakeries, frozen desserts, deli, etc.

⁵ Including heat, insect pest, rodent control, and housing structure.

⁶ Including field activities by Community Health Services' Lead Poisoning Prevention and Healthy Neighborhoods Programs.

⁷ Including mobile home, trailer home, migrant labor house, campgrounds, campsites.

⁸ Including nuclear facility, radiological emergency.

⁹ Including inspections and relevant field activities on animal bites, quarantine of animals, specimen pickups.

¹⁰ Including mosquito larvae and adult control and surveillance, larvicide application, other mosquito control related activities.

¹¹ Including Lyme disease investigation, and pesticides.

¹² Including asbestos, emergency sanitation, fetal alcohol syndrome, and inspections to institutions licensed by New York State.

Source: Westchester County Department of Health, Division of Environmental Health.

Table 89. Public Health Complaints Received and Investigated by Westchester County Department of Health, 2003

Program	Total	Resolved and Closed	Under Investigation	Referred to Other Agencies	Invalid
Total	6,772	5,970	429	367	6
Air Quality	113	81	32	0	0
Water	631	489	132	9	1
Water Quality	139	111	23	4	1
Sewage Systems	374	279	90	5	0
Streams, Ponds, Rivers, etc.	118	99	19	0	0
Food	693	432	122	138	1
Foodborne Illness	88	62	17	9	0
Other	605	370	105	129	1
Housing	391	219	43	127	2
Heat	207	140	23	44	0
Housing ¹	184	79	20	83	2
Temporary Residences	16	10	5	1	0
Land Development	0	0	0	0	0
Swimming Pools and Beaches	25	22	3	0	0
Solid Waste	23	20	3	0	0
Hazardous Waste, Toxic Substance, Petroleum Spills	2,139	2,125	8	6	0
Hazardous Waste	261	261	0	0	0
Toxic Hazardous Materials	240	233	2	5	0
Gasoline/Oil Spills	1,638	1,631	6	1	0
Animal Control	2,282	2,276	6	0	0
Animal Bites and Rabies Exposure	2,149	2,149	0	0	0
Mosquitoes	133	127	6	0	0
Other ²	564	299	96	167	2
Tobacco Control	166	120	36	9	1
Adolescent Tobacco Use Prevention (ATUPA)	6	4	1	1	0
Smoking	126	93	24	8	1
Clean In-Door Air	34	23	11	0	0
Other	293	176	39	77	1
Nuisance ³	194	87	31	75	1
Other ⁴	99	89	8	2	0

¹ Including lead investigation.

² Including rodents, insects, pesticides exposure, bat, animal problems other than bites, and unvaccinated cats and dogs.

³ Including litter, odor, garbage.

⁴ Including health concern and information request.

Source: Westchester County Department of Health, Health Information & Education.

Table 90. Public Health Protection: Facility Permits Issued by Westchester County Department of Health, 2003

Program	Number of Permits Issued
Total	5,933
Food Sanitation	4,792
Bakeries	97
Caterers	103
Commissaries	63
Delicatessens	210
Eating Places	2,901
Food Vending Machine Operations	17
Frozen Dessert Manufacturers	452
Ice Manufacturers	2
Meals on Wheels Programs	13
Mobile Food Units	246
Public Functions	10
Schools	322
Temporary Food Permits	356
General Environmental	975
Children's Summer Camps	256
Hotels/Motels/Rooming Houses	54
Migrant Labor Camps	1
Mobile Home Park	3
Bathing Beaches	46
Swimming Pools	615
Animal Facilities	166
Breeders	6
Grooming Parlors	53
Kennels	24
Pet Shops	27
Shelters	10
Stables	24
Temporary Animal Facilities	13
Trainers	3
Wholesalers	6

Source: Westchester County Department of Health, Division of Environmental Health.

Table 91. Services For Children With Special Needs: Number of Children Served, Westchester County Department of Health, 2003

Program	Time Frame
Physically Handicapped Children's Program (PHCP)	2003 Calendar Year
Total - All Services	400
Preschool Educational Advocacy Program, 3-5 Years	2003-2004 Program Year (July-June)
Total Served	3,790
Early Intervention Program, 0-2 Years	2003-2004 Program Year (July-June)
Total Served	6,023

Source: Westchester County Department of Health, Services for Children with Special Needs.

Table 92. Child Health Plus Enrollment and Family Health Plus/Medicaid Enrollment, Westchester County Department of Health, 2003

Program	Number of Enrollment
Total	2,936
Child Health Plus A ¹	1,191
Child Health Plus B	1,068
Family Health Plus	481
Medicaid (Adults)	196

¹ This program was formerly referred to as Medicaid. The data only represent enrollments through the Westchester County Department of Health's facilitated enrollment program.

Source: New York State Department of Health.

Appendices

Appendix 1. Data Sources and Definitions

A. 2000 Census and 2003 American Community Survey

Basic demographic and socio-economic information for the county in the Annual Data Book 2003 is based on data from the 2000 Census and the 2003 American Community Survey collected by the U.S. Census Bureau.

The 2000 Census data are extracted from the Census Summary File 1 (SF 1) and the Census Summary File 3 (SF 3). The Summary File 1 presents basic demographic information collected from all people and housing units (100% characteristics, short form). This information includes age, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino origin, household relationship, and whether the residence is owned or rented and vacancy characteristics.

The Summary File 3 (SF 3) includes information collected on a sample basis (long form), which covers 34 subjects with additional information on social, economic, and housing characteristics. The Summary File 3 presents information on marital status, place of birth, citizenship and year of entry into the U.S., school enrollment and educational attainment, ancestry, migration, language spoken at home and ability to speak English, veteran status, disability, grandparents as caregivers, labor force status, place of work and journey to work, occupation, industry, and class of worker, work status in 1999 and income in 1999. The Summary File 3 also includes information on housing and residence, vehicles, telephone, utilities, mortgage, taxes, insurance, and fuel, etc. The rate of sampling varied from 1 in 2 households in sparsely populated areas, to 1 in eight for more densely populated areas. The overall sampling rate is 1 in 6 households, or 17%. It is generally called the five percent sampling file.

The total population from the 2000 Census is used for calculation of relevant rates in this report.

The American Community Survey (ACS) is a nationwide survey designed to replace the ‘long form’ of the 10-year census and provide updated demographic, economic, social, and housing information of this country’s communities every year. The 2003 ACS was conducted from November 2002 to December 2003, and reflected sampling from the current Master Address File of the 2000 Census. The 2003 ACS sampling universe is limited to the household population and excludes the population living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters. Thirty-one (31) test sites around the country were selected, based on situations where differences in population were expected to be prominent. Data were also collected in 1,204 additional counties, including Westchester County. The combined data provide estimates of detailed subjects for the nation, all states, most areas with a population of 250,000 or more, and selected areas of 65,000 or more. Data definitions of demographic, housing, and socioeconomic information are identical to those used in the 2000 Census.

For detailed information on Census and ACS data, please consult the Census Bureau’s website at www.census.gov.

Race and Ethnicity

The concept of race, as is used by the U.S. Census Bureau, reflects self-identification by people according to the race or races with which they most closely identify. The categories of race are considered to be socio-political and should not be interpreted as scientific or anthropological in nature.

- *White*: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa. It includes people who indicate their race as “White” or report entries such as Irish, German, Italian, Lebanese, Near Easterner, Arab, or Polish.
- *Black or African American*: A person having origins in any of the Black racial groups of Africa. It includes people who indicate their race as “Black, African American, or Negro,” or provide written entries such as African American, Afro. American, Kenyan, Nigerian, or Haitian.
- *American Indian or Alaska Native*: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North or South America (including Central America) and who maintain tribal affiliation or community attachment.

- *Asian*: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent, for example Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.
- *Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander*: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands. It includes people who indicate their race as “Native Hawaiian,” “Guamanian or Chamorro,” “Samoan,” and “Other Pacific Islander.”
- *Other Race*: Includes all other responses not included in the “White,” “Black or African American,” “American Indian or Alaska Native,” “Asian,” and “Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander” race categories described above. Respondents providing write-in entries such as multiracial, mixed, interracial, or a Hispanic/Latino group (for example, Mexican, Puerto Rican, or Cuban) in the “Some other race” write-in space are included in this category.
- *Hispanic or Latino*: The data on the Hispanic or Latino population were derived from answers to a question on the 2000 census that was asked of all people. The terms “Spanish,” “Hispanic origin,” and “Latino” are used interchangeably. Some respondents identified with all three terms while others identify with only one of these three specific terms. Origin can be viewed as the heritage, nationality group, lineage, or country of birth of the person or the person’s parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. People who identify their origin as Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino may be of any race.
- *Two or More Races*: People may have chosen to provide two or more races either by checking two or more race response check boxes, by providing multiple write-in responses, or by some combination of check boxes and write-in responses. The race response categories shown on the questionnaire are collapsed into the five minimum race groups identified by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), and the Census Bureau “Some other race” category. For data product purposes, “Two or more races” refers to combinations of two or more of the following race categories:
 1. White
 2. Black or African American
 3. American Indian or Alaska Native
 4. Asian
 5. Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander
 6. Some other race

Educational Attainment

Refers to the highest level of education completed in terms of the highest degree or the highest level of schooling completed.

Labor Force Participation and Employment

- *Labor force*: The labor force includes all people classified in the civilian labor force, plus members of the U.S. Armed Forces (people on active duty with the United States Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard). The Civilian Labor Force consists of people classified as employed or unemployed.
- *Employed*: Employed includes all civilians 16 years old and over who were either (1) "at work" -- those who did any work at all during the reference week as paid employees, worked in their own business or profession, worked on their own farm, or worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a family farm or in a family business; or (2) were "with a job but not at work" -- those who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons. Excluded from the employed are people whose only activity consisted of work around the house or unpaid volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations; also excluded are people on active duty in the United States Armed Forces. The reference week is the calendar week preceding the date on which the respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed. This week may not be the same for all respondents.

Immigration and Language Spoken at Home

- *Immigrants:* Aliens admitted for legal permanent residence in the United States.
- *Foreign-born population:* People who are not U.S. citizens at birth.
- *Native population:* People born in either the United States, Puerto Rico, or a U.S. Island Area such as Guam or the U.S. Virgin Islands, or people born in a foreign country to a U.S. citizen parent(s).
- *Citizen:* People who indicate that they were born in the United States, Puerto Rico, a U.S. Island Area, or abroad of a U.S. citizen parent(s) are citizens. People who indicate that they are U.S. citizens through naturalization are also citizens. Naturalized citizens are foreign-born people who identify themselves as naturalized. Naturalization is the conferring, by any means, of citizenship upon a person after birth.
- *Language spoken at home:* The language currently used by respondents at home, either "English only" or a non-English language which is used in addition to English or in place of English.

Family Structure

- *Household:* A household consists of all the people who occupy a housing unit. A house, an apartment or other group of rooms, or a single room, is regarded as a housing unit when it is occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters; that is, when the occupants do not live and eat with any other persons in the structure and there is direct access from the outside or through a common hall.
- *Family Household:* A group of people living in a household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption.
- *Non-Family Household:* A nonfamily household consists of a householder living alone (a one-person household) or where the householder shares the home exclusively with people to whom he/she is not related.
- *Family:* A household whose members are related by birth, marriage or adoption. Family households may also include unrelated individuals.
- *Married-Couple Family:* A family consisting of two legally married people, with or without own children under 18.
- *Single Mother Family or Single Father Family:* A family household consisting of one parent, no spouse, and own children under 18. Other adults may share the household as well.
- *Related children:* Includes all people in a household under the age of 18, regardless of marital status, who are related to the householder. Does not include householder's spouse or foster children, regardless of age.

Income and Poverty

- *Total income:* The sum of the amounts reported separately for wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, or tips; self-employment income from own non-farm or farm businesses, including proprietorships and partnerships; interest, dividends, net rental income, royalty income, or income from estates and trusts; Social Security or Railroad Retirement income; Supplemental Security Income (SSI); any public assistance or welfare payments from the state or local welfare office; retirement, survivor, or disability pensions; and any other sources of income received regularly such as Veterans' (VA) payments, unemployment compensation, child support, or alimony.
- *Poverty:* Following the Office of Management and Budget's (OMB's) Directive 14, the Census Bureau uses a set of money income thresholds that vary by family size and composition to detect who is poor. If the total income for a family or unrelated individual falls below the relevant poverty threshold, then the family or unrelated individual is classified as being "below the poverty level."

B. Vital Statistics

The vital statistics presented in this report are based on the certificate records of live births, deaths, and fetal deaths of Westchester County residents in the United States or Canada. The source of this information is the New York State Department of Health (provisional data as of July 27, 2004).

- *Race*: Definitions for “White”, “Black” and “Hispanic” racial or ethnic categories are identical to the definitions of the US Census Bureau. The definition for “Other” race in our vital statistics includes the US Census Bureau racial categories of “American Indian”, “Asian”, “Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander”, “Other Race”, and “Two or More Races”.
- *Live Births*: A live birth is defined as "the complete expulsion or extraction from its mother of a product of conception, irrespective of duration of pregnancy, which, after such separation, breathes or shows any other evidence of life such as beating of the heart, pulsation of the umbilical cord or definite movement of voluntary muscles, whether or not the umbilical cord has been cut or the placenta is attached" (Vital Statistics of New York State 1999, New York State Department of Health).
- *Live Birth Rate*: Annual number of live births per 1,000 total population.
- *Infant Birthweight*: Infant Birthweight is grouped as very low birthweight (less than 1,500 grams), low birthweight (1,500 to 2,499 grams), and normal birthweight (2,500 grams or more).
- *Gestation Weeks*: Gestation Weeks are grouped as very premature birth (8 to 34 weeks gestational period), premature birth (35 to 37 weeks gestational period), normal length of gestation (38 weeks or more gestational period).
- *Time Starting Prenatal Care*: Time starting prenatal care is measured by the number of months of the pregnancy at the time prenatal care was initiated.
- *Maternal Exposure to Smoking During Pregnancy*: Mother used any tobacco products during pregnancy. This is self-reported.
- *Maternal Exposure to Drug Use During Pregnancy*: Mother used any of the following: cocaine, crack, heroin, methadone, marijuana, amphetamines, or un-prescribed sedatives during pregnancy. This is self-reported.
- *Fetal Deaths*: A fetal death is defined as "the death prior to the complete expulsion or extraction from its mother of a product of conception; the death is indicated by the fact that after such separation, the fetus does not breathe or show any other evidence of life such as beating of the heart, pulsation of the umbilical cord or definite movement of voluntary muscles" (*Vital Statistics of New York State 1999*, New York State Department of Health). New York State Public Health Law requires the registration of all fetal deaths regardless of the length of gestation of the fetus.
- *Induced Abortions*: Induced abortions include the operative procedures of “dilation and curettage (D&C), suction and curettage, dilation and evacuation (D&E), saline injection, prostaglandin injection, medical (non-surgical) and other which includes hysterectomy, hysterotomy and other procedures” (*Vital Statistics of New York State 2000*, New York State Department of Health).
- *Causes of Deaths*: In this report, the cause of death is the underlying cause classified according to the International Classification of Diseases (ICD), Tenth Revision.
- *Infant Mortality Rate*: Annual number of deaths under one year of age per 1,000 live births occurring during the year.
- *Death Rate*: Annual number of deaths per 1,000 total population.

C. The Statewide Planning and Research Cooperatives System (SPARCS)

Information on hospitalizations comes from the 2002 SPARCS data. SPARCS, the Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System, was implemented by the New York State Department of Health in 1979, with the cooperation and initial financial support of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. SPARCS receives, processes, stores, and analyzes inpatient hospitalization data from hospitals in New York State and ambulatory surgery data from hospital-based ambulatory surgery services and all other facilities providing ambulatory surgery services.

To protect patient privacy, patient names are omitted from the SPARCS data set. The focus of the system is the incidence of diseases or conditions requiring hospitalization rather than individual patients. Therefore, data reported from the SPARCS contain the number of hospitalizations, or incidents, rather than the number of patients, which have occurred during the year. SPARCS data only represent inpatients, i.e., a hospital stay where an individual was admitted to an acute-care facility. Data are also limited to hospitalizations occurring within New York State.

Due to the fact that the SPARCS data is continually being updated, the completeness of reporting by individual facilities varies over time. All SPARCS tables included in this databook reflect the information as of August 11, 2003.

Length of Stay

SPARCS calculates a length of stay for each discharge record by subtracting the date of admission from the date of discharge. If a patient is admitted and discharged the same day, the length of stay is one day.

Service Categories

The service categories are based on categories developed by the New York State Department of Health and are defined in terms of diagnosis and procedure codes from the International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM).

- *Nursery:* Including patients whose age equals to zero and have an ICD-9-CM code of V30.0, V30.1, V31.0, V31.1, V32.0, V32.1, V33.0, V33.1, V34.0, V34.1, V35.0, V35.1, V36.0, V36.1, V37.0, or V37.1. These codes refer only to live-born infants.
- *Obstetrical:* Including female patients of any age with an ICD-9-CM code within the range of 630 through 634.9 and 640 through 676.9.
- *Psychiatric:* Including patients of any age with an ICD-9-CM code within the range of 290 through 319.
- *Pediatric:* Including patients aged 14 years and younger whose primary diagnosis is neither included in the nursery, obstetrical, or psychiatric categories nor classified by ICD-9-CM codes 614 through 629.9 (gynecological) or 635 through 639.9 (abortion).
- *Medical:* Including patients aged 15 years or older with no reported procedure code or with reported procedure codes greater than 86.99. This category also includes gynecological patients (ICD-9-CM codes 614 through 629.9) of all ages with no reported procedure code or with reported procedure codes greater than 86.99. Newborn, obstetrical, psychiatric, and pediatric patients are excluded.
- *Surgical:* Including patients aged 15 years or older with at least one procedure code in the range 01 through 86.99. This category also include gynecological patients (ICD-9-CM codes 614 through 629.9) of all ages with at least one such procedure code and all patients whose principal diagnoses are codes 635 through 639.9 (abortion). Newborn, obstetrical, psychiatric, pediatric, and medical patients are excluded.

Principal Diagnosis and Other Diagnosis

The principal diagnosis is the condition chiefly responsible for causing the admission of the patient into the hospital for care. Because it represents the reason for the patient's stay and reflects clinical findings discovered

during the patient's stay, it may not necessarily have been the diagnosis which represented the greatest length of stay, the greatest consumption of hospital resources, or the most life-threatening condition. It may also differ from admitting diagnosis.

There are fourteen (14) additional diagnosis codes in the SPARCS discharge record. These additional codes describe the diagnoses that coexist at the time of admission or have developed subsequently, which affect the treatment received and/or length of stay. The diagnoses that are related to an earlier episode which have no bearing on the current hospital stay are not included.

Diagnosis-Related Groups

The Diagnosis-Related Group (DRG) is developed by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services to categorize patient records for reimbursement and research purposes for the calendar year of the date of discharge. It is based on ICD-9 data in the principal and secondary diagnoses, surgical procedures, age, sex, and discharge disposition within the patient medical record.

Classification of Neoplasms

According to the New York State Department of Health, neoplasm data is categorized by considering the principal diagnosis and other fourteen diagnoses in the SPARCS discharge record on the basis of metastatic nature of cancer. The intent of the logic was to develop a comprehensive categorization of all hospital discharges related to neoplasms. The procedure used to extract and categorize neoplasm-related records is as the following¹:

1. Extract all records with **any** diagnosis fields containing a three digit ICD-9 code prefix indicating a neoplasm (i.e. between 140 and 239) or Chemo/Radiation therapy encounter (V58).
2. If the principal diagnosis is associated with a primary site (140 through 194 or 200 through 208), the principal diagnosis identifies the primary site of cancer. If the principal diagnosis corresponds to a secondary or ill defined site (195 or 196 through 199), the other diagnosis fields are searched for a primary site. If one is found, that diagnosis identifies the primary site of cancer. If a primary site is not found, the principal diagnosis identifies the secondary site of cancer.
3. If the principal diagnosis does not correspond to a primary nor a secondary site of cancer, the primary or the secondary site of cancer is identified through searching the other 14 diagnoses based on the same logic stated at step 2.
4. If a primary or a secondary site of cancer is not identified by the above 3 steps, an other-than-malignant neoplasm (210 through 239) is identified by checking the principal diagnosis and the 14 other diagnoses.

Classification of HIV/AIDS

Cases of HIV/AIDS were classified by considering the principal diagnosis code and the fourteen other diagnosis codes (ICD-9: 042, 043, 044, 079.51, 079.53, 136.3, 279.10, 279.19, 279.3, 795.71, and V08), as well as the current, new, and prior New York DRG's (in the range of 700-716) and the current, new, and prior Federal DRG's (in the range of 488-490) in the NYS DOH SPARCS discharge record.²

Classification of Injury

Injury was classified by considering both the principal diagnosis code, the fourteen other diagnosis code, and a separate variable of the external cause of injury, using the E-code supplement of the International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision. The priorities for recording the E-code categories are: a) principal diagnosis of an injury or poisoning, b) other diagnosis of an injury, poisoning, or adverse effect directly related to the principal diagnosis, and c) other diagnosis with an external cause. Only the first E-Code is recorded.

¹ Archived on the New York State Department Of Health web page at <https://commerce.health.state.ny.us/hpn/ctrldocs/sparcs/deriveneo.html>

² Archived on the New York State Department Of Health web page at <https://commerce.health.state.ny.us/hpn/ctrldocs/sparcs/deriveaidsh.html>

Appendix 2. Data Analysis and Significance Test

Basic data analysis was conducted with SPSS 11.5 for Windows (by SPSS Inc., Chicago, Illinois), a comprehensive system for analyzing data. Significance tests for means and averages were performed using Student's t-test. Significance tests for proportions and percentages were performed using one-sample or two-sample one-sided z-test. Differences are indicated at the 0.05 significance level.

Appendix 3. The International Classification of Diseases (ICD-10): Codes for Selected Causes of Death

Disease Category	ICD-10
Accidents	V01-X59, Y85-Y86
AIDS	B20-B24
Certain Conditions Originating in the Perinatal Period	P00-P96
Congenital Anomalies	Q00-Q99
Chronic Liver Diseases including Cirrhosis	K70, K73-K74
Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease (CLRD)	J40-J47
Gastritis, Enteritis, Colitis, Diverticulitis	K29, K50-K52, K57
Diabetes Mellitus	E10-E14
Homicide and Legal Intervention	X85-Y09, Y35, Y87.1, Y89.0
Influenza	J10-J11
Major Cardiovascular Diseases	I00-I99
Diseases of the Heart	I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51
Acute Rheumatic Fever	I00-I02
Chronic Rheumatic Fever	I05-I09
Diseases of Pulmonary Circulation	I26-I28
Hypertension with Heart Disease	I11, I13
Ischemic Heart Diseases	I20-I25
<i>Acute Myocardial Infarction</i>	<i>I21-I22</i>
<i>Other Ischemic Heart Diseases</i>	<i>I20, I24-I25</i>
Other Diseases of the Heart	I30-I51
Atherosclerosis	I70
Cerebrovascular Disease	I60-I69
Hypertension with or without Renal Disease	I10, I12
Other Diseases of the Circulatory System	I71-I78, I80-I99
Neoplasms (Malignant)	C00-C97
Breast	C50
Buccal Cavity and Pharynx	C00-C14
Digestive Organs and Peritoneum	C15-C26
Genital Organs	C51-C63
Lymphatic and Hematopoietic Tissues	C81-C96
Respiratory System	C30-C39
Urinary Organs	C64-C68
Other and Unspecified Sites	C40-C49, C69-C80, C97
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome and Nephrosis	N00-N07, N17-N19, N25-N27
Pneumonia	J12-J18
Septicemia	A40-A41
Sudden Infant Death Syndrome	R95
Suicide and Self-Inflicted Injury	X60-X84, Y87.0
Tuberculosis	A16-A19

Appendix 4. The International Classification of Diseases (ICD-9): Codes for Selected Diseases for Hospitalizations

Disease Category	ICD-9
Infectious and Parasitic Diseases	001-139
AIDS	042
Neoplasms (including benign)	140-239
Breast	174
Buccal Cavity and Pharynx	140-149
Digestive Organs and Peritoneum	150-159
Genital Organs	179-187
Lymphatic and Hematopoietic Tissues	200-208
Respiratory System	160-165
Urinary Organs	188-189
Other and Unspecified Sites	170-173,175,190-199
Endocrine, Nutritional, Metabolic, and Immunologic Disorders	240-279
Diabetes Mellitus	250
Blood and Blood-Forming Organs	280-289
Mental Disorders	290-319
Psychoses	290-299
Alcoholic Psychoses	291
Drug-Induced Psychoses	292
Schizophrenia	295
Other	293-294, 296-299
Neurotic, Personality, & Other Non-Psychotic Mental Disorders	300-316
Alcohol Dependence Syndrome	303
Drug Dependence Syndrome	304
Non-Dependent Drug Abuse	305
Other	300-302, 306-316
Mental Retardation	317-319
Nervous System and Sensory Organs	320-389
Circulatory System	391-459
Diseases of the Heart	390-398,402,404-429
Acute Rheumatic Fever	390-392
Chronic Rheumatic Fever	393-398
Diseases of Pulmonary Circulation	415-417
Hypertension with Heart Disease	402,404
Ischemic Heart Diseases	410-414
<i>Acute Myocardial Infarction</i>	410
<i>Other Ischemic Heart Diseases</i>	411-414
Other Diseases of the Heart	420-429
Atherosclerosis	440
Cerebrovascular Disease	430-438
Hypertension with or without Renal Disease	401,403,405
Other Diseases of the Circulatory System	441-459
Respiratory System	460-519
Acute Respiratory Infections	460-466
Other Diseases of the Upper Respiratory Tract	470-478
Pneumonia	480-486
Influenza	487
Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease	490-496
Chronic Bronchitis	491
Asthma	493
Other Respiratory Diseases	496

(continued)

Appendix 4. The International Classification of Diseases (ICD-9): Codes for Selected Diseases for Hospitalizations (*cont'd*)

Disease Category	ICD-9
Digestive System	520-579
Diseases of Oral Cavity, Salivary Glands, and Jaws	520-529
Diseases of Esophagus, Stomach, and Duodenum	530-539
Appendicitis	540-543
Hernia of Abdominal Cavity	550-553
Noninfectious Enteritis and Colitis	555-558
Other Disease of Intestines and Peritoneum	560-569
Diverticula of Intestine	562
Other Diseases of Digestive System	570-579
Chronic Liver Diseases and Cirrhosis	571
Genitourinary System	580-629
Pregnancy, Childbirth, and Puerperium	630-679
Skin and Subcutaneous Tissue	680-709
Musculoskeletal System and Connective Tissue	710-739
Congenital Anomalies	740-759
Conditions Originating in the Perinatal Period	760-779
Symptoms, Signs, and Ill-Defined Conditions	780-799
Injury and Poisoning	800-999
Assault	E960-E968.9
Bicycle	E800.3, E801.3, E802.3, E803.3, E804.3, E805.3, E806.3, E807.3, E810.6, E811.6, E812.6, E813.6, E814.6, E815.6, E816.6, E817.6, E818.6, E819.6, E820.6, E821.6, E822.6, E823.6, E824.6, E825.6, E826.1
Cutting Instrument	E920.0-E929.9
Falls	E880.0-E886.9, E888.0-E888.9
Fire/Flame	E890.0-E899.9
Machinery	E919.0-E919.9
Motor Vehicle Crash	E810.0-E810.3, E810.8-E810.9, E811.0-E811.3, E811.8-E811.9, E812.0-E812.3, E812.8-E812.9, E813.0-E813.3, E813.8-E813.9, E814.0-E814.3, E814.8-E814.9, E815.0-E815.3, E815.8-E815.9, E816.0-E816.3, E816.8-E816.9, E819.0-E819.3, E819.8-E819.9, E822.0-E822.3, E822.8-E822.9, E823.0-E823.3, E823.8-E823.9, E825.0-E825.3, E825.8-E825.9
Overexertion	E927
Pedestrian	E810.7, E811.7, E812.7, E813.7, E814.7, E815.7, E816.7, E817.7, E818.7, E819.7, E820.7, E821.7, E822.7, E823.7, E824.7, E825.7
Poisonings	E850.0-E858.9, E860.0-E869.9
Respiratory Interference	E911-E913
Scalds	E924.0, E924.8-E924.9
Self-Inflicted	E950.0-E959.9
Struck by Object / Person	E916.0-E918.9
Submersion	E910.0-E919.9, E830, E832
Unintentional Firearms	E922
Other	
Railway	E800.0-E800.2, E800.8-E800.9, E801.0-E801.2, E801.8-E801.9, E802.0-E802.2, E802.8-E802.9, E803.0-E803.2, E803.8-E803.9, E804.0-E804.2, E804.8-E804.9, E805.0-E805.2, E805.8-E805.9, E806.0-E806.2, E806.8-E806.9, E807.0-E807.2, E807.8-E807.9
Motor Vehicle / Traffic	E810.4-E810.5, E811.4-E811.5, E812.4-E812.5, E813.4-E813.5, E814.4-E814.5, E816.4-E816.5, E817.0-E817.5, E817.8-E817.9, E818.0-E818.5, E818.8-E818.9, E819.4-E819.5
Motor Vehicle / Non-traffic	E820.0-E820.9, E821.0-E821.9, E822.4-E822.5, E823.4-E823.5, E824.0-E824.5, E824.8-E824.9, E825.4-E825.5

(continued)

Appendix 4. The International Classification of Diseases (ICD-9): Codes for Selected Diseases for Hospitalizations (*cont'd*)

Diseases	ICD-9
Injury and Poisoning (<i>cont'd</i>)	800-999
Other (<i>cont'd</i>)	
Water Transport	E831, E833.0-E838.9
Air and Space Transport	E840.0-E845.9
Vehicle, Not Elsewhere Classified	E846.0-E848.9
Falls (other)	E887
Natural and Environmental	E900.0-E909.9
Submersion, Suffocation, Foreign Body	E914.0-E915.9
Other Road Vehicle	E826.0, E826.2-826.9, E827.0-E829.9
Explosion of a Pressure Vessel	E921.0-E921.9
Explosive Material	E923
Caustic and Corrosive Substances	E924.1
Other Unintentional	E925.0-E926.9, E928
Legal Intervention	E970.0-E976.9, E978
Injury, Undetermined Whether Accidentally or Purposefully Inflicted	E980.0-E988.9
Medical Misadventures, Adverse Reactions, and Late Effects	800-999
Medical Misadventures	E870-E876
Abnormal Reactions to Medical Procedures	E878-E879
Adverse Effects of Therapeutic Substances	E930-E949
Late Effects of Injuries	E929, E959,E969,E977,E989,E999
War	E990-E998
Medical Misadventures (late effects)	905-909, 996-999
Reasons for Hospitalization that are not Disease or Injury	V01-V71.2, V71.7-V82.9
Certain Adverse Effects, Not Elsewhere Classified	995
Supplementary Classifications - Newborns	V30-V39
Supplementary Classifications - Other	V01-V29, V40-V83

Appendix 5. Westchester County Department of Health, Communicable Disease Requirements

Reporting of suspected or confirmed communicable diseases is mandated under the New York Sanitary Code (10NYCRR 2.10a) and Westchester County Sanitary Code Article IV, Section 873.402. The primary responsibility for reporting rests with the physician; moreover, laboratories (PHL 2102), school nurses (10NYCRR 2.12), day care center directors, nursing homes/hospitals (10NYCRR 405.3d) and state institutions (10NYCRR 2.10) or other locations providing health services (10NYCRR 2.12) are also required to report the diseases listed below.

Amebiasis	Listeriosis	Streptococcal infection (invasive disease) ⁴
(Animal bites for which rabies prophylaxis is given ¹	Lyme disease	Group A beta-hemolytic strep
(Anthrax ²	Lymphogranuloma venereum	Group B strep
Babesiosis	Malaria	Streptococcus pneumoniae
(Botulism ²	(Measles	(Syphilis, specify stage ⁶
(Brucellosis ²	(Melioidosis ²	Tetanus
Campylobacteriosis	Meningitis	Toxic shock syndrome
Chancroid	Aseptic or viral	Trichinosis
Chlamydia trachomatis infection	(Haemophilus	(Tuberculosis current disease (specify site)
(Cholera	(Meningococcal	(Tularemia ²
Cryptosporidiosis	other (specify type)	(Typhoid
Cyclosporiasis	(Meningococemia	Vibriosis ⁵
(Diphtheria	Mumps	(Viral hemorrhagic fever ²
E. coli 0157:H7 infection ³	Pertussis	Yellow Fever
Ehrlichiosis	(Plague ²	Yersiniosis
(Encephalitis	(Polio myelitis	
(Foodborne illness	Psittacosis	
Giardiasis	(Q Fever ²	
(Glanders ²	(Rabies	
Gonococcal infection	Rocky Mountain spotted fever	
Haemophilus influenzae ⁴	(Rubella (including congenital rubella syndrome)	
(invasive disease)	Salmonellosis	
Hantavirus Disease	Shigatoxin-producing infection ³	
Hemolytic uremic syndrome (HUS)	Shigellosis ³	
Hepatitis A, B, C	(Smallpox ²	
(Hepatitis A in a food handler	Staphylococcus aureus ⁵	
Pregnant Hepatitis B carrier	(due to stains showing reduced susceptibility or resistance to vancomycin)	
Hospital associated infections (as defined in section 2.2 10NYCRR)	(Staphylococcal enterotoxin B poisoning ²	
Listeriosis		

- Local health unit must be notified prior to initiating rabies prophylaxis.
- Diseases that are possible indicators of bioterrorism.
- Positive shigatoxin test results should be reported as presumptive evidence of disease.
- Only report cases with positive cultures from blood, CSF, joint, peritoneal or pleural fluids. Do not report cases with positive cultures from skin, saliva, sputum or throat.
- Proposed addition to list.
- Any non-treponemal test $\geq 1:16$ or any positive primary or secondary stage disease or prenatal or delivery test result regardless of titer should be reported by phone; all others may be reported by mail.

SPECIAL NOTES

- Diseases listed in **bold type (I)** warrant prompt action and should be reported **immediately** to local health units by phone followed by submission of the confidential case report form (DOH-389). In NYC use case report form 395V.
- In addition to the diseases listed above, any unusual disease (defined as a newly apparent or emerging disease or syndrome that could possibly be caused by a transmissible infectious agent or microbial toxin) is reportable.
- Outbreaks: while individual cases of some diseases (e.g., streptococcal sore throat, head lice, impetigo, scabies, and pneumonia) are not reportable, a cluster or outbreak of cases of any communicable disease is a reportable event.
- Cases of HIV infection, HIV-related illness and AIDS are reportable to:**
 Division of Epidemiology
 P.O. Box 2073, ESP Station
 Albany, New York 12220-2073
 (518) 474-4284
 In New York City: New York City Department of Health
 For HIV/AIDS reporting, call:
 (212) 442-3388

For more information on disease reporting, call Westchester County Department of Health Division of Disease Control at (914) 813-5159, or New York State Department of Health Bureau of Communicable Disease Control at (518) 473-4439. In New York City (866)NYC-DOH1. To obtain reporting forms (DOH-389), call (518) 474-0548

WHO SHOULD REPORT?

Physicians, nurses, laboratory directors, infection control practitioners, health care facilities, state institutions, schools.

WHERE SHOULD REPORT BE MADE?

Report to local health department where patient resides.

Name/Address **Westchester County**

Department of Health – DDC

145 Huguenot Street – 8th Floor

New Rochelle, New York 10801

Phone **(914) 813-5159**

Fax **(914) 813-5182**

WHEN SHOULD REPORT BE MADE?

Within 24 hours of diagnosis:

- phone or fax diseases in bold type,
- mail case report, DOH-389, for all other diseases,
- in New York City use form 395V.

Appendix 6. Westchester County Hospitals

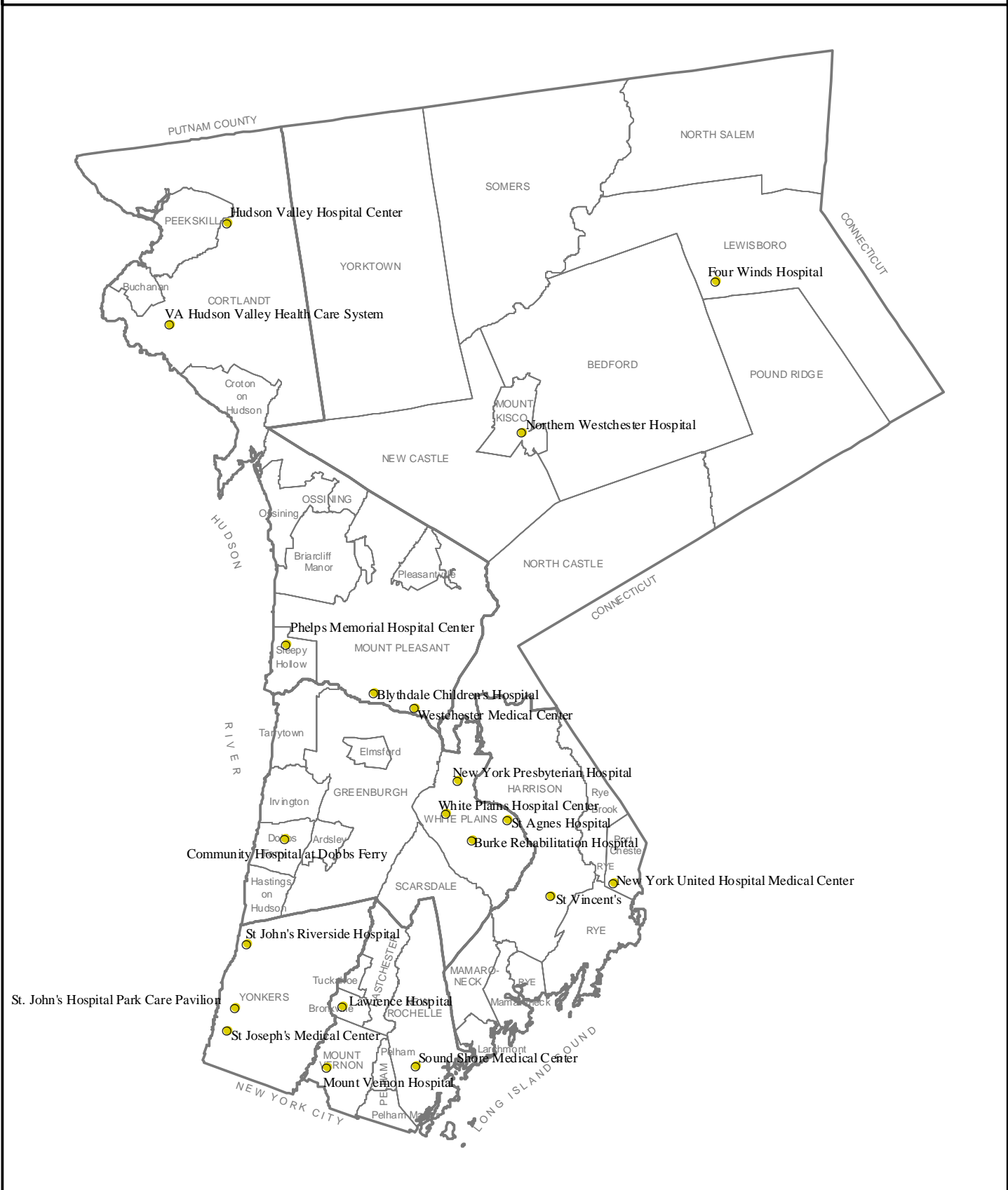
Name	Address	Telephone	Number of Beds in 2003
Acute Hospitals			
Community Hospital at Dobbs Ferry	128 Ashford Avenue, Dobbs Ferry, NY 10522	914-693-0700	50
Hudson Valley Hospital Center	1980 Crompond Road, Cortlandt Manor, NY 10567	914-737-9000	120
Lawrence Hospital Center	55 Palmer Avenue, Bronxville, NY 10708	914-787-1000	291
Mount Vernon Hospital	12 North Seventh Avenue, Mount Vernon, NY 10550	914-664-8000	228
New York United Hospital Medical Center	406 Boston Post Road, Port Chester, NY 10573	914-934-3100	224
Northern Westchester Hospital	400 Main Street, Mount Kisco, NY 10549	914-666-1303	233
Phelps Memorial Hospital Association	701 North Broadway, Sleepy Hollow, NY 10591	914-366-3000	235
Sound Shore Medical Center of Westchester	16 Guion Place, New Rochelle, NY 10802	914-632-5000	321
St. Agnes Hospital ¹	305 North Street, White Plains, NY 10605	914-681-4500	184
St. John's Riverside Hospital - St. John's Division ²	967 North Broadway, Yonkers, NY 10701	914-964-4200	407
St. Joseph's Hospital	127 South Broadway, Yonkers, NY 10701	914-378-7000	194
Westchester Medical Center	Grasslands Campus, Valhalla, NY 10595	914-493-7000	635
White Plains Hospital Center	14 East Post Road, White Plains, NY 10604	914-681-0600	313
Speciality Hospitals			
Blythedale Children's Hospital	Bradhurst Avenue, Valhalla, NY 10595	914-592-7555	92
W.M. Burke Rehabilitation Hospital	785 Mamaroneck Avenue, White Plains, NY 10605	914-597-2500	150
Four Winds Hospital	800 Cross River Road, Katonah, NY 10536	914-763-8151	175
New York Presbyterian Hospital - Westchester Division	21 Bloomingdale Road, White Plains, NY 10605	914-682-9100	276
St. Vincent's Westchester Catholic Medical Center - St. Vincent's Westchester	275 North Street, Harrison, NY 10528	914-967-6500	133
VA Hudson Valley Health Care System	Route 9A, P.O. Box 100, Montrose, NY 10548	914-737-4400	597

¹St. Agnes Hospital closed in October 2003.

²As of 11/01/2001, Yonkers General Hospital has been merged with St. John's Riverside Hospital. The original Yonkers General Hospital is currently urgent care center opening 24 hours a day and 7 days a week. The center is limited at seeing walk-in detoxification and rehabilitation patients only. Patients in need of hospital care are admitted to St. John's Riverside Hospital.

Source: New York State Department of Health.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY HOSPITALS, 2003



Appendix 7. Westchester County Nursing Homes

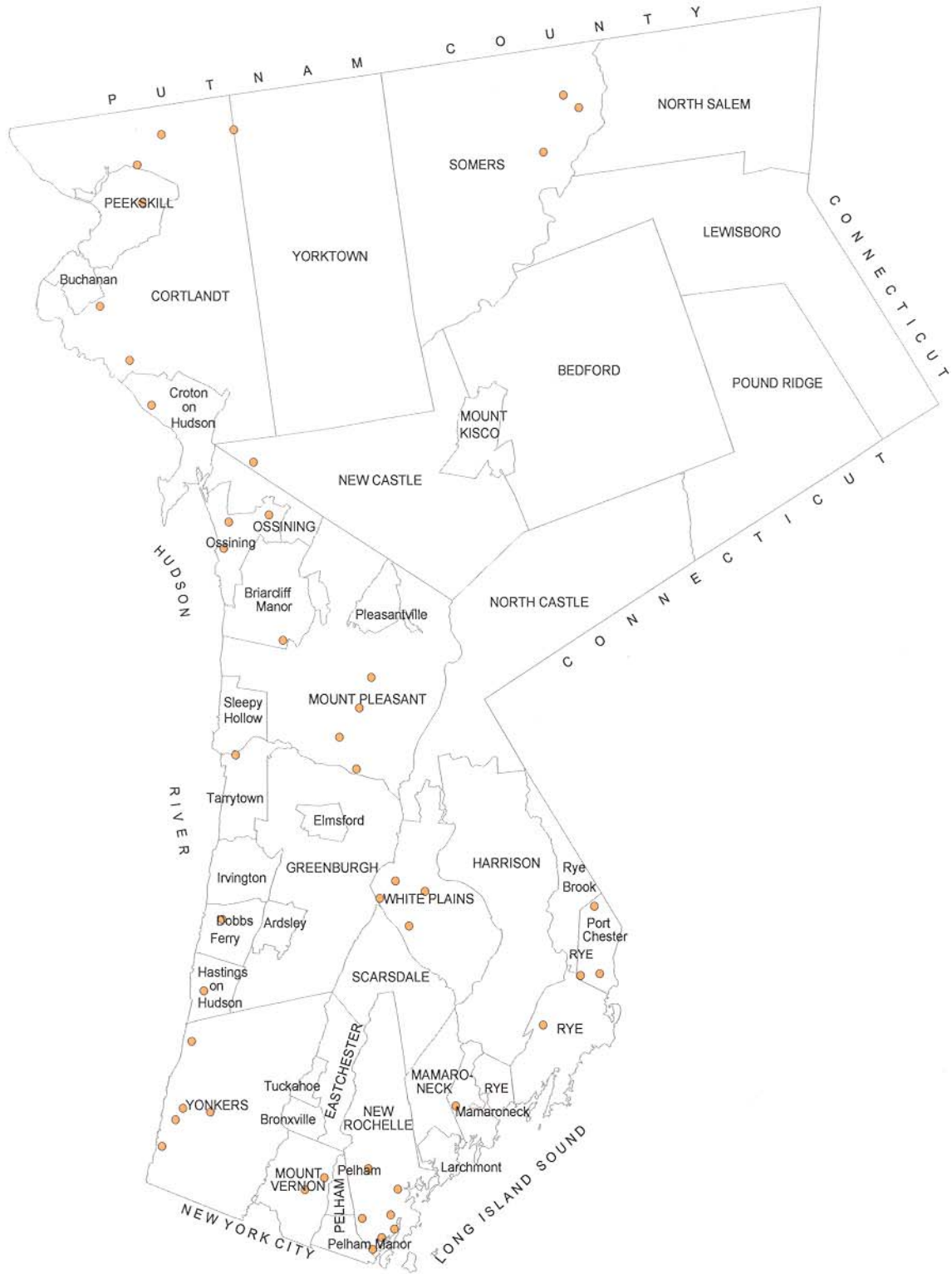
Name	Address	Telephone	Number of Beds in 2003
Andrus on Hudson	185 Old Broadway, Hastings-on-Hudson, NY 10706	914-478-3700	247
Bayberry Nursing Home	40 Keogh Lane, New Rochelle, NY 10805	914-636-3947	60
Bethel Nursing & Rehabilitation Center	67 Springvale Road, Croton-on-Hudson, NY 10520	914-739-6700	200
Bethel Nursing Home Company Inc.	17 Narragansett Avenue, Ossining, NY 10562	914-941-7300	78
Brandywine Nursing Home Inc.	620 Sleepy Hollow Road, Briarcliff Manor, NY 10510	914-941-5100	131
Cedar Manor Nursing Home	Cedar Lane, Ossining, NY 10562	914-762-1600	153
Cortlandt Healthcare LLC	110 Oregon Road, Peekskill, NY 10566	914-739-9150	120
Dumont Masonic Home	676 Pelham Road, New Rochelle, NY 10805	914-632-9600	196
Field Home-Holy Comforter	2300 Catherine Street, Cortlandt Manor, NY 10562	914-739-2244	200
Glen Island Care Center	490 Pelham Road, New Rochelle, NY 10805	914-636-2800	182
Hebrew Hospital Home of Westchester Inc.	61 Grasslands Road, Valhalla, NY 10595	914-681-8400	160
Helen and Michael Schaffer Extended Care Center	16 Guion Place, New Rochelle, NY 10802	914-632-5000	150
Home for Aged Blind	75 Stratton Street South, Yonkers, NY 10701	914-963-4661	219
King Street Home Inc.	787 King Street, Port Chester, NY 10573	914-937-5800	120
Michael Malotz Skilled Nursing Pavilion	120 Odell Avenue, Yonkers, NY 10701	914-964-3333	120
Nathan Miller Center For Nursing Care Inc.	37 Dekalb Avenue, White Plains, NY 10605	914-686-8239	65
Nathan Miller Center for Nursing @ Care Inc. White Plains Center Division	220 Westchester Post, White Plains, NY 10606	914-686-8880	88
New Sans Souci Nursing Home	115 Park Avenue, Yonkers, NY 10703	914-423-9800	120
New York State Veterans Home at Montrose	198 Albany Post Road, Montrose, NY 10548	914-788-6000	210
New York United Hospital Medical Center @ Skilled Nursing Pavilion	406 Boston Post Road, Port Chester, NY 10573	914-934-3265	70
Port Chester Nursing & Rehabilitation Centre	1000 High Street, Port Chester, NY 10573	914-937-1200	160
Regency Extended Care Center	65 Ashburton Avenue, Yonkers, NY 10701	914-963-4000	315
Rosary Hill Home	600 Linda Avenue, Hawthorne, NY 10532	914-769-0114	72
Salem Hills Health Care Center	539 Route 22, Purdys, NY 10578	914-277-3626	126
Sarah Neuman Center for Healthcare and Rehabilitation	845 Palmer Avenue, Mamaroneck, NY 10543	914-777-6110	300
Schnurmacher Nursing Home of Beth Israel Medical Center	12 Tibbits Avenue, White Plains, NY 10606	914-287-7202	245
Sky View Rehabilitation and Health Care Center, LLC	1280 Albany Post Road, Croton-on-Hudson, NY 10520	914-271-5151	192
Somers Manor Nursing Home Inc.	Route 100, Somers, NY 10589	914-232-5101	300
Sprain Brook Manor Nursing Home	77 Jackson Avenue, Scarsdale, NY 10583	914-472-3200	121
St. Cabrini Nursing Home Inc.	115 Broadway, Dobbs Ferry, NY 10522	914-693-6800	304
St. Josephs Hospital Nursing Home of Yonkers NY Inc.	127 South Broadway, Yonkers, NY 10701	914-378-7358	200
St. Mary's Rehabilitation Center for Children	15 Spring Valley Road, Ossining, NY 10562	914-762-2876	44

(continued)

Appendix 7. Westchester County Nursing Homes (cont'd)

Name	Address	Telephone	Number of Beds in 2003
Sutton Park Center for Nursing and Rehabilitation	31 Lockwood Avenue, New Rochelle, NY 10801	914-576-0600	160
Tarrytown Hall Care Center	Wood Court, Tarrytown, NY 10591	914-631-2600	120
Taylor Care Center at Westchester	25 Bradhurst Avenue, Hawthorne, NY 10532	914-285-7764	321
The Osborn	101 Theall Road, Rye, NY 10580	914-967-4100	84
Treetops at Mohegan Lake	3550 Lexington Avenue, Mohegan Lake, NY 10547	914-528-2000	120
United Hebrew Geriatric Center	60 Willow Drive, New Rochelle, NY 10805	914-632-2804	150
United Nursing Home for the Aged Inc.	391 Pelham Road, New Rochelle, NY 10805	914-632-2804	120
Victoria Home	25 North Malcolm Street, Ossining, NY 10562	914-941-2450	49
Wartburg Nursing Home	Bradley Avenue, Mount Vernon, NY 10552	914-699-0800	240
Waterview Hills Nursing Center Inc.	Box 257 Old Route 22, Purdys Station, NY 10578	914-277-3691	130
West Ledge Health Care Facility Inc.	2000 East Main Street, Peekskill, NY 10566	914-737-8400	100
Westchester Center for Rehabilitation and Nursing	10 Claremont Avenue, Mount Vernon, NY 10550	914-699-1600	240
Westchester Meadows	55 Grasslands Road, Valhalla, NY 10595	914-989-7800	20

Nursing Homes Located in Westchester County, 2004



Appendix 8. Westchester County Department of Health's District Offices

Mount Kisco District Office¹

118 North Bedford Suite, Suite 100
Mount Kisco, New York 10549

New Rochelle District Office

420 North Avenue
New Rochelle, New York 10801

Port Chester WIC Program

One Gateway Plaza, 1st Floor
South Main Street
Port Chester, New York 10573

White Plains District Office

134 Court Street
White Plains, New York 10601

White Plains WIC Program

112 East Post Road, 1st Floor
White Plains, New York 10601

Yonkers District Office

20 South Broadway
Yonkers, New York 10701

¹ Environmental Only

For current list of Westchester County Department of Health District Offices and telephone numbers please call 914-813-5000.

Westchester County Board of Health
as of January 1, 2003

Douglas G. Aspros, D.V.M., President

James E. Carnicelli, Vice President

Harold Adel, M.D.

Robert H. Baker, M.D.

Jeffrey M. Brensilver, M.D.

Stanley Brownstein, D.C.

William Davis

Peter Liebert, M.D.

Anthony M. Maddalena

Mary Ellen McGurty

Ruth Merkatz, M.D.

Honorable Suzanne R. Swanson

Harry Zourdos

Westchester County Department of Health
Administrative Staff
as of January 1, 2003

Joshua Lipsman, M.D., M.P.H.
Commissioner

Patsy Yang-Lewis, M.P.H.
First Deputy Commissioner

.....

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Lorraine Chun, B.S.	Director, Services for Children with Special Needs
Irwin Cohen, M.B.A.	Director, Fiscal Operations
Donna Dyke, R.N.	Assistant Commissioner, Nursing Services and Community Health Services
Roslynn Glicksman, M.D.	Chief of Section, Adult Health Services
Richard Gruffi, D.D.S.	Chief Section, Dental Health Services
Frank Guido, M.P.A., R.S.	Assistant Commissioner, Public Health Protection Services
Ada Huang, M.D.	Deputy Commissioner, Disease Control Services
Jean Hudson, M.D., M.P.H.	Deputy Commissioner, Community Health Services
Mary Landrigan, M.P.A.	Director, Health Education and Public Information
Joseph Marcogliese, P.E.	Deputy Commissioner, Environmental Health Services
Belinda Ostrowsky, M.D., M.P.H.	Chief of Section, Communicable Diseases
Alyse Portera, M.S.	Deputy Commissioner, Administration
Renee Recchia, M.P.H.	Assistant Commissioner, Planning and Evaluation
Michael Sakala, P.E.	Assistant Commissioner, Environmental Quality Services

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Mary Langford, M.B.A., N.C.C.	Senior Management Analyst
Rosemarie Linton, M.P.H.	Research Analyst
Segun Okunoye, M.P.H.	Management Analyst